Sahat meets Iranian envoy

BAGHDAD (AFP) — Iranian Deputy Foreign Minister Mohammad Javad Zarif has held talks with Iraqi Foreign Minister Mohammad Said Al Sahaf on a visit aimed at resolving outstanding differences between the two countries following their 1980-1988 war. The Iraqi daily Al Thawra, organ of the ruling Baath Party, said Iraq stressed "confidence-building measures, above all, the release of Iraqis held in Iran" during Tuesday's talks. Earlier Mr. Zarif, who arrived in Baghdad Sunday, held five rounds of talks, during Ministry Under-secretary Saad Abdul Majid Al Faisal, during which both sides presented new proposals which could help resolve the prisoner-of-war (PoW) issue, Iraqi officials said. Mr. Zarif, whose visit ends Thursday, is heading the first high-level Iranian delegation to visit Iraq since the 1991 Gulf war. Iraq says that it has released all Iranian PoWs but that 20,000 Iraqi soldiers are still held in Iran. Tehran says that 5,000 Iranian Pows are still imprisoned in Iraq. Mr. Zarif said on arrival that Tehran was seeking the "full implementation" of U.N. Security Council resolution 598 that ended the war with Iraq in 1988. It provides among other things for the release and the repatriation of

Volume 17

Number 5441

AMMAN THURSDAY-FRIDAY, OCTOBER 21-22, 1993, RABIE' JUMADA AL AWAL 5-6, 1414

Price: 150 Fils

Israeli jeep crushes Palestinian to death

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GAZA CITY, Occupied Gaza Strip (AFP) — An Israeli border police jeep ran over and killed a Palestinian woman after coming under a hail of stones in a Gaza Strip market on-Wednesday. Palestinian witnesses said. Three policemen aboard the vehicle tried to drive a path through the crowd and knocked down three people in Khan Yunis market. All three were seriously hurt and 50-year-old Mariam Al Ghalabani died of her injuries in the town's hospital. doctors said.

Two Palestinians jailed for life

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (AFP) — An Israeli military tribunal on Wednesday sentenced to life in jail three young Palestinians from the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine who allegedly stabbed to death two Israelis, Majdi Jawed, 21, and Mazen Abu Jarad, 20, were jailed for life plus 24 years for killing a settler on the Gaza Strip on March 28, Ismail Abu Mustapha, 21, was given two life terms for killing on March 12 a female settler.

2 injured in Baghdad bombing

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bomb exploded in central Baghdad Wednesday, injuring two people and causing property damage, an Iraqi govern-ment spokesman said. The spokesman, cited by the Iraqi News Agency, accused foreign-sponsored agents of being responsible for the blast which occurred before sunrise Wednesday. The explosion "shattered windows, damaged buildings and injured two people" who were passing by he said, Iraq said Iran was behind a car bomb blast outside a hospital which wounded five people heré on Aug. 4. Tehran children were killed and two others were injured in what the official press called an "accidental" explosion in Baghdad, caused by an old mortar shell which the children found in a scrap heap.

Aziz due to leave France at weekend

PARIS (AFP) --- Iraqi Deputy Prime Minister Taren Aziz is due to finish his medical treatment and leave France at the end of the week, government. officials said here Wednesday. Mr. Aziz arrived in France late last week, having been granted a visa for medical reasons despite the fact that Paris broke off relations with Iraq just before the Gulf war in 1991. French Foreign Minister Alain Juppe has defended the granting of the visa as a "humanitarian gesture." and stressed that Paris still expects Iraq to comply with all U.N. Security Council resolutions arising from the

Bhutto urges dialogue on Kashmir dispute

ISLAMABAD (AFP) -Prime Minister Benazir Bhutto called for Indo-Pakistani talks on Kashmir, in a letter to her Indian counterpart P.V. Narasimha Rao Wednesday. In her letter, replying to Mr. Rao's congratulatory message on her assumption of office. Ms. Bhutto described the Kashmir dispute as the "main obstacle" towards normalisation of relations between the two coun-

Mubarak visits Saudi Arabia

CAIRO (AP) - President Hosni Mubarak left for Saudi Arabia on Wednesday for talks. with King Fahd about Middle East peace and Egyptian-Saudi relations. Foreign Minister Amr Musa, who accompanied the president to Jeddah, said the two leaders would discuss developments in Arab-Israeli peace talks as well as other regional issues. Foreign Ministry said Mr. Muharak also was expected to talk with King Fahd about the Egyptian's visit to the United States, where he will meet President Clinton on

King warns rejectionists, restates support for Israel-PLO agreement

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Majesty King Hussein Wednesday urged rejectionists to support the Israeli-Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) peace deal and not spoil the hopes of those who supported it.

The King said he opposed "all-or-nothing" hardliners who had rejected the Sept. 13 deal because it only gave autonomy to the Gaza Strip and Jericho. saying they were trying to "wipe out" the hopes of Palestinians.

He also reaffirmed his support for the PLO as the "sole legitimate representative of the Palestinian people."

"We were always deprived of any kind of understanding of our concerns and interests interests which were never anything but the interests of the nation — and a lack of understanding of the reality of our national concern regarding our nation's interest, which we

have always sought to serve, at the expense of this steadfast people. This led to some of us here, those ingrates who deny us our achievements, including the Constitution that we have given the people, freedom, democracy, respect for human rights, and all that distinguishes this land from others, to ask us - with stupidity and constant misunderstanding of our noble motives in the service of our nation - to be the last to act when it comes to executing our duties towards our people, its future and fate," the King said. "If all the Arabs were to sign declarations of principles or working agendas with Israel towards the achievement of peace be-

had become involved in peacemaking to begin with — a process to which there is no alternative — and we only did so after our insistence that progress is first made on the Palestinian-Israeli track, and our signing came in support of that progress.
"To all of this, I have to say

finally that we are for a just and comprehensive peace. Whether we proceed or not, or whether we refrain from taking steps in this process to which everyone is committed in the first place, it is a purely Jordanian national matter, a Jordanian national decision. It is time for everybody. Arabs as well as non-Arabs, to realise that we only act on our convictions that emanate from our concern for the interest of our country and nation equally. Following is the full text of

the King's speech: It gives me pleasure to be

of elections (Nov. 8).

The governor's rejection of

the candidacy of Mr. E moush:

a member of the Islamic Ac-

tion Front (LAF) running on its

ticket in the Zarqa Constituen-

cy prompted charges from the front that it was being target-

Ishaq Farhan, the front's

secretary general. Tuesday

cited the rejection of Mr.

E'moush's candidacy and the

government transfer of 11

Education Ministry employees

who are IAF supporters from

Tafileh to other regions of the

Kingdom as part of a campaign

aimed at weakening the front's

chances in the coming elec-

"In the past few days, some

ministries and institutions have

'negatively' interfered in the

elections process in a manner

violating the law and depriving

candidates of thier constitu-

tional and legal rights," Dr.

Farhan told a press conference

On Wednesday, the Jordan

News Agency. Petra, quoted

Minister of Interior Salameh

Hammad as saying that the

(Continued on page 5)

Tuesday.

amongst you today, to congratulate the graduates of the sixth class of the Royal War College on their success, in the name of Jordan and its citizens, members of the one Jordanian family of different origins, the proud citizens whose heads never bow except before Almighty God. The Royal War College is the preeminent military academy; its ranks are joined only by outstanding members of the Arab Army who have proved their qualifications in all the available military courses, through loyal service and disinistrative and field capabilities, ever since they joined the Arab Jordanian Armed Forces both in Jordan and abroad.

The participants in this advanced class are introduced to military and strategic research in various political and economic fields, pertaining directly to the Arab Army and its responsibilities, the country and the nation, the region and the world at large, thus enriching our march with new and beneficial studies and proposals. These studies and proposals are discussed and taken into consideration by the General Command, which then outlines our present and future course in the best possible way. In addition, the research conducted by members of this class, provides the state with useful studies and suggested solutions for several important matters and issues. This class also qualifies its graduates to later shoulder their higher responsibilities in

the ranks of the Armed Forces. This, then, is the Royal War College, and this is its chartered course and its contribution. This academy will open its doors in the future to a limited number of qualified



personnel from the armies of brotherly and friendly countries. So, to all of you, to the General Command, to the

Ross: U.S. is studying means to

Staff and Command of the College, I extend, as your colleague, my appreciation and (Continued on page 5)

Courts overturn rejection of 2 candidacy nominations may veto

fore we do, they would have

hailed and commended them.

But when we sign and prepare

ourselves to start working on

matters of concern to us, it is a

Interior minister rejects IAF charges

By Suhair Obeidat Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - Courts in Amman and Zarqa Wednesday overturned governor's deci-sions barring Hämadah Fara'neh and Bassam E'moush from running for Parliament and said that their nominations were legal.

Court ruled that Mr. Fara neh's membership in the Palestine National Council (PNC) did not violate the law. In the case of Mr. E'moush, he was able to prove that he had resigned his post at the University of Jordan within the time limit set by the law.

Amman Governor Tal'at Nawayseh Saturday rejected Mr. Fara'neh's application on grounds that he is a member of an international organisation. the PNC of the State of Palestine, enjoying the protection of that state, and thus cannot run for a seat in Jordan's Parlia-

The court ruling, a copy of which was made available to the Jordan Times, said that the PNC "is not an international organisation but a legal entity and (Fara'neh) thus is not considered a membr of an international organisation." The court

also ruled that Mr. Fara'neh "has_been_a Jordanian citizen for the last 10 years and there is nothing to prove otherwise."

The Election Law stipulates

that a person running for Par-liament be at the time of the candidacy a Jordanian citizen for the last 10 years and that he/she did not hold foreign citizenship or claim foreign The governor of Amman

had based his rejection of Mr. Fara'neh's application on his (the governor) interpretation of the Election Law in that the PNC is "the legislative body of the State of Palestine, and (Fara'neh) is a member of an organisation in a state other than the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan, and enjoys the protection of another state recognised by the Jordanian government with an embassy accredited at the Royal Hashemite

In the case of Mr. E'moush. the Zarga court ruled that the candidate had "produced documents proving that he resigned his post at the University of Jordan on Sept. 29," and not Oct. 12 as the governor

The Election Law states that government employees are not

Russia Libya sanctions allowed to run for Parliament unless they resign their posts at least one month before the day

UNITED NATIONS (Agencies) - Russia is threatening to veto proposed new sanctions against Libya, a longtime ally of the former Soviet Union under fire for sheltering two men suspected in the bombing of Pan Am Flight 103.

Russian Foreign Minister Andrei Kozyrev made the threat in a letter delivered Friday to US. Secretary of State Warren Christopher, according to diplomatic sources who spoke on condition of anonymity.

If Russia vetoes the new

sanctions, it would be its first veto on a major issue since Moscow vetoed a resolution

on financing of the U.N. peackeeping force in Cyprus in May but supported a later ver-The United States, Britain

and France are anxious for the Security Council to slap new sanctions on Libya for refusing to turn over the suspects in the Flight 103 case. The plane blew up over Lockerbie. Scotland. in December 1988, killing 270 people. The suspects have refused to surrender for trial in Britain or the United States.

The new sanctions would freeze Libya's assets abroad but exclude its source of biggest foreign currency earnings. future sales of oil and petroleum products. Some Libyan oil equipment purchases would be banned. Current sanctions bar the

sale of arms, as well as air links and diplomatic embargo from Libya. They were approved in April 1992.

Russia objects to the assets provision of the proposed sanc-

Moscow says Libya owes it \$3.9 billion for weapons and other goods sold in the past, as well as \$4.6 billion in compensation for cancelled contracts, according to the (Continued on page 5)

address Jordan economic woes the economic difficulties Jor-By Ayman Al Safadi dan's position on "the grave

Jordan Times Staff Reporter AMMAN — U.S. coordinator for the Middle East Dennis Ross said Wednesday that the United States would "do all (it) can" to help Jordan get relief from It's \$6.5 billion fore-

ign debt. He said, however, that "we are still in a position where we have to sort out what is possible" in coordination with other

Jordan hopes the U.S. will ign debt to Washington, which includes \$350 million in milit-

ary debt. President Bill Clinton said after talks with His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan in Washington on Oct. 1 that Washington would back Jordan's efforts to alleviate its foreign debt burden.

Speaking to reporters at the end of a one-day visit to the country, Mr. Ross also said the

dan is facing as a result of the enforcement of economic sanctions against Iraq. "It is very important to en-

sure the sanctions regime (against Iraq) ... (but we) take account of Jordan's needs," Mr. Ross said during a press conference held after talks with Jordanian officials on the peace process.

Mr. Ross had earlier delivered a message to His Majesty King Hussein from Presi-

Agency, Petra, reported. Petra said King Hussein and Mr. Ross held talks on the latest developments in the peace process and means of achieving a just and comprehensive peace in the area. Mr. Ross held similar talks

with Prince Hassan, Prime Minister Abdul Salam Al Majali and Minister for Prime Ministry Affairs Jawad Anani. Petra said Prince Hassan

events through which the area has passed ... and the commitments that the conflict in the region entailed. Mr. Ross said his talks in

Jordan focused on the implementation of the Palestinian-Israeli accord and the Jordanian-Israeli agenda. He said Jordan and the Un-

ited States agree "that it is important to move ahead quickly" in the peace process so as to achieve tangible vironment of peacemaking.

Responding to a question. Mr. Ross said the U.S. sees a Jordanian-Israeli-American economic committee, formed during Prince Hassan's talks in Washington in October, as an important mechanism for developing and coordinating joint projects.

He said the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO)-Israei

(Continued on page 5)

Palestinians dismayed by Israeli security plan

TABA. Egypt (R) — Taiks to thrash out details of the Israeli-Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) peace deal suffered their first big setback on Wednesday with Palestinians dismayed by Israeli security

"It is very hard to be happy every time the Israelis talk about security. PLO nego-tiator Nabil Shaath told reporters after a lengthy Israeli presentation on security arrangements for Palestinian self-rule in Gaza and the West Bank town of Jericho.

Israel, which earlier announced it expected to make an announcement on a release of Palestinian prisoners soon. confirmed Palestinians were not pleased with the security'

"The Palestinians listened to our conception on security arrangements in Gaza and Jericho and I cannot say that they have a smile on their lips." Israeli delegate Jacques Neriah, an adviser to Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rahin. told reporters.

Palestinian negotiator Saleh Raafat was blunter.

"We do not accept the Israeli proposal on security." he said, adding that the PLO would respond officially on

Thursday. The Israelis are still using the same old approach and discussing with the same men-tality as before the Oslo negotiations." he added, referring to secret negotiations which led to the Sept. 13 signing of the peace deal.

Mr. Raafat refused to give details of security arrangements but Israeli sources said Israel wants to keep large numbers of Israeli soldiers in Gaza to maintain security around Jewish settlements and control crossings between Gaza and Jericho, Gaza and Egypt and Jericho and Jordan.

They said the Jewish state is determined to ensure attacks on Israeli soldiers as they withdraw are not unpunished.

If necessary, this might mean hot pursuit, or the "right" of Israeli troops to cross into areas already given to Palestinian police to hunt down those suspected of

The negotiations in a luxury

hotel were the second round of detailed talks on arrangements for an Israeli withdrawal from the Gaza Strip and Jericho.

The first meeting of the Gaza-Jericho committee, also at Taba bordering the southern Israeli resort of Eilat, was only procedural.

Israeli spokesman Ami Gluska said he expected an announcement on the release of Palestinian prisoners later Wednesday. The PLO are pressing hard for releases to build up palestinian confidence in the self-rule deal.

"I suppose there will be an announcement today on the liberation of prisoners but its realisation could take place in the coming days," Gluska said. Palestinians seemed deter-

mined to win the release of at least some of the 12,000 prisoners and detainees held by

"First things first. The prisoners are a priority. We would like to see some results on the ground as fast as possible," Dr. Shaath told Reuters before he and Israeli delegation head General Ammon Shahak convened their teams.

United States would consider presented Mr. Ross with Jor-**U.S.** troubleshooter reports 'progress' after Rabin talks

Combined agency dispatches

TEL AVIV - U.S. envoy Dennis Ross reported "progress" after talks Wednesday with Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin on the Middle East peace process, officials said. "We made progress." the

State Department's peace coordinator told reporters after spending two-and-a-half hours with Mr. Rabin, 90 minutes longer than scheduled. "We had a very good discus-sion. We talked very much

about how we can help the implementation of the declaration of principles," he said referring to the Israel-Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) autonomy agreement.

Mr. Rabin had "focussed on" the implementation of autonomy, Mr. Ross said. as Israel resumed autonomy negotiations with the PLO at the Egyptian Red Sea resort of

Taba. "We also discussed what can be done to try to make prog-ress on the other track," he added, alluding to the bilateral talks with Syria which have got nowhere in two years.

In Amman earlier Wednesday Mr. Ross said after meeting His Majesty King Hussein: We are convinced that both in Israel and in Syria there is a commitment to working on this process."

He did not rule out U.S. support for secret talks between the two sides. Our approach is to favour

whatever is going to work to make progress ... the approach, the format and mechanism for each's bilateral negotiations might have to be tailored," he said.

Israeli officials said the envoy was trying to broker a breakthrough with Syria and agree on a date for a 12th round of bilateral peace negotiations in Washington. Mr. Rabin has called for direct talks with Syrian leaders to try

The discussion had also covered "what can be done to promote an environment for greater peace and make a reconciliation in all the areas," Mr. Ross said. He travels to Damascus on

to get out of the impasse."

Thursday and could return to Israel the following day, the officials said.

"There are complicated issues that will have to be sorted out," he said, of the Syrian-Israeli track of negotiations. "It may take time to do that, but we are willing to do

(Continued on page 5)



Mark on your calendar FALL EXHIBITION

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thru

Friday, Nov. 25 10 a.m - 9 p.m. Tel. 658696



nians autonomy during a five-

year "interim stage," it does

not explicitly rule out eventual

Palestinian statehood as part of

Despite Mr. Rabin's con-

tinued public opposition to a

Palestinian state, most obser-

vers expect that a Labour-led

government would ultimately

relinquish Israeli sovereignty

over most of the occupied ter-

ritories as part of the final

omy should be limited to sever-

al disconnected districts in heavily populated Arab areas,

encircled and cut off from each

other by east-west" security cor-

ridors" linking Israel's coastal

plain to the Jordan Valley.

autonomy would eventually

encompass all of Gaza and the

West Bank except occupied

Ex-Defence Minister Ariel

Sharon, who was widely ex-

pected to challenge Mr.

Netanyahu at Tuesday's meet-

ing, instead proposed a plan

nearly identical to the party

Both Mr. Netanyahu and Mr. Sharon appeared to moderate their tone somewhat, reflecting a possibly coordinated

effort to reach a political mid-dle ground: "Mr. Sharon, for

example, did not repeat past

threats to abrogate the accord

altogether if Likud regained

But their proposals did not contain the substantial depar-

ture from past hardline Likud

positions on the peace talks

that many in the party's rank-

Likud legislator who defied

Mr. Netanyahu during parlia-

ment's vote on the peace plan

by abstaining, was greeted with

loud, sustained jeers and cries

Mr. Shitreet argued that

opposition to the accord was

politically unwise since even

many Likud voters are willing

Israelis want to be rid of Gaza

and about as many support the

One recent survey, by polls-

ter Hanoch Smith, showed the

governing Labour Party leading Likud by 37 to 26 per cent.

versus a near-tie before the

Polls show two out of three

Meir Shitreet, a moderate

and-file had hoped for.

for his resignation.

to give it a chance.

accord.

The government has said

Mr. Netanyahu said auton-

the final settlement.

settlement.

Fast Jerusalem

leader's.

Netanyahu and Sharon present own peace plans

TEL AVIV (AP) — Opposition leader Benjamin Netanyahu, stung by criticism of his uncompromising opposition to the peace accord with the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), on Tuesday presented an alternative plan ruling out Palestinian sovereignty in lands now occupied by Israel.

It is not enough to merely oppose, Mr. Netanyahu told a special Likud Party convention in Tel Aviv. "we must present · a clear alternative to the government's policies.

Likud has been in disarray since it lost the government to Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin's Labour Party in 1992 elections.

Mr. Netanyahu is trying to rally the party into a strong opposition that could curtail Mr. Rabin's manoeuvring room in peace talks, especially with Syria.

On Tuesday, many expected a confrontation between Mr. Netanyahu and his rivals for party leadership, but this was apparently avoided with a lastminute decision to defer any vote on new proposals and a decision by bitter opponent David Levy not to attend.

But the absence of a vote also weakened attendance, with only a quarter of the 3,500 central committee members showing up. The atmosphere
normally raucous — was somber.

Mr. Netanyahu won cheers when he said a Likud government would recognise Jews' right to all of "Eretz Yisrael" - including the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip — while "allowing minorities to live honourably, but under our sovereignty

Although the accord Israel signed with the PLO last month only promises Palesti-



accord was signed Sept. 13. by 53 per cent, well ahead of Benjamin Netanyahu Israel plans 13,000

units in occupied land OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (Agencies) — Israel plans to build 13.000 new housing units in the occupied territories.

Housing Minister Binyamin Ben-Eliezer said Wednesday. Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin stopped most new settlement building in the occupied territories when he came to power in July 1992 but excluded the "greater Jeru-salem" area which he has vowed to keep.

"I certainly intend in the near future to create the conditions to build about 13,000 apartment units in the Jerusalem area." Mr. Ben-Eliezer told Isarel Radio.

A housing ministry spokesman said nearly all the units would be built on land Israel seized in the 1967 Middle East war and 2,000 to 3,000 were already under construction.

The announcement was likely to anger Palestinians who have demanded a halt to all settlement building.

JORDAN TELEVISION

Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation signed a peace agreement last month giving Palestinians limited selfrule in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip.

A U.S. official said earlier

this month Washington would penalise Israel for building in occupied territories, deducting about \$500 million fom \$2 billion in U.S.-promised loan guarantees for 1994. The United States last year

pledged \$10 billion in loan guarantees over five years in return for Mr. Rabin's settlement freeze. It was not clear if Washing-

ton deducted for construction in Arab East Jerusalem. Mr. Rabin had also allowed building to be completed elsewhere in the occupied territories to honour contracts signed by previous governments.

Some new housing will be built in Maale Adumim near Jerusalem — the largest settle-



Somali youths hurt rocks at Egyptian U.N. peacekeepers in Mogadishu Wednesday in a protest against the checkpoint the soldiers estab-

lished on the road to the airport to stop the arms traffic (AFP photo)

Howe hopes for the best, is wary of the worst in Somalia

By Paul Alexander The Associated Press

MOGADISHU — A year from now, Somalia could be conducting a census, putting the final touches on a new police and court system and preparing for national elec-tions, says U.N. special envoy Jonathan Howe.

But Mr. Howe also sees the very real possibility that chaos, civil war and starvation could return to plague the country-

Today the retired American admiral finds himself walking a tightrope in the midst of a raging storm. buffeted by political crosswinds and accusations that the United Nations has bungled the multi-national operation in Somalia since it assumed control from the United States in May.

Still, he remains upbeat, accenting U.N. accomplishments in other parts of the country even as southern Mogadishu remains tense, warlord Mohammad Farah Aideed continues to churn out anti-U.N. rhetoric, and the United Nations searches for a way out of the East African quagmire.

"The vast majority of the country does support the United Nations and does want to recover from all of the heartache and pain they've gone through," Mr. Howe said in an interview Tuesday.

"Compared with a year ago. there has been amazing prog-ress," he said. "But it's fragile and it could easily go back to where it was."

When foreign troops arrive last December, their mission was to get food past warring clans to the starving. That they did. But when 24 Pakistani peacekeepers were ambushed and killed June 5, the focus of the mission changed to capturing Gen. Aideed and disarm-

ing his militia.

The shift in priorities and resulting civilian and troop casualties created an international uproar, leading some countries to question their participation in the operation and distance themselves from the

new U.N. policy. Still. Mr. Howe is adamant that one key to the future is making sure those responsible for the deaths of U.N. forces face justice. Since June 5. 76 peacekeepers have died, and the United Nations blames Gen. Aideed's forces.

"If there's not a responsible accounting for these attacks against the United Nations, then there is increased potential that his whole country will degenerate back into major clan warfare." Mr. Howe said. 'And there are implications for the world and how the U.N. conducts its business." Mr. Howe said he hopes

advantage of "a window of opportunity" for peace. "It takes two to have a dialogue and it takes two to have an interest in peace," he said. "Peace does not necessarily serve the interests of those who have attacked us, apparently. I

Gen. Aideed's faction takes

hope it does now. Mr. Howe refused to admit the United Nations made mistakes. "It's too soon" to make that assessment, he said. Aid workers and military

officials privately say Mr. Howe's biggest mistake was putting out "wanted" posters for Gen. Aideed and offering a \$25,000 reward for his capture. Gen. Aideed used that to

subvert the U.N. operation. gathering support by portraying the conflict as a personal buttle between himself and Mr. Howe.

Nigerian soldier Umar Shantali, a prisoner of war released Thursday by Gen. Aideed's men along with U.S. helicopter pilot Michael Durant, told reporters that his captors hated Mr. Howe.

"They said they would like to dig out Howe's eye, then take out another eye and make a dinner." Mr. Shantali said. Last week, a spokesman for the U.N. mission said

peacekeepers were no longer actively searching for Gen. Aideed. But despite efforts to tone down the emphasis on hunting Gen. Aideed. Mr. Howe said he remains a wanted man with the bounty still in effect.

There seems to be an effort to make Mr. Howe the scapegoat for Somalia's current problems. Many officials they admire his attitude and effort, and that it is not fair to dump all the blame on him. But like the coach of a struggling sports team, he could find

himself out of a job. Even that option is compli-cated, however. If Mr. Howe resigns, Gen. Aideed could paint it as the departure of a defeated foe.

There has been speculation that Gen. Aideed released the prisoners and called a unilateral truce to buy time until U.S. forces pull out by March 31, at which point he will push to become president of Somalia. "I think it's doubtful that he

try in a fair and equitable process," Mr. Howe said. "But that Somali people will make, ultimately, so it is not for us to cast judgment on people they choose to elect," he said. "Our focus should be on the process and ensuring it is fair and equitable.

would be elected in this coun-

3 foreigners kidnapped in Algiers

ALGIERS (R) — Armed men have kidnapped three foreigners working for an Italian company building a gas pipeline in Algeria, diplomatic sources said on Wednesday.

"They were kidnapped yesterday in Tiaret — two Latin Americans and a Filipino," one source said, adding that security forces were hunting for them and their abduc-

There was no word on the identity of the kidnappers but last month two Frenchmen were kidnapped and killed in western Algeria.

The Frenchmen were the first foreigners to be murdered in violence generally blamed on Muslim fundamentalists in which more than 1,500 people have died in under two years. The three kidnapped on Tuesday work for the Milanbased engineering firm, Abb. Sae. Sadelmi.

One source named them as Eliseo Castillo of Peru, Colombian Alvaro Rueda, and Filipino CEsar Guarin and said they were technicians working on gas pipeline along with Algeria's state oil and gas company Sonatrach.

They were seized at Tiaret, 220 kilometres southwest of Algiers, on the day the Russian embassy confirmed that two military officers on attachment from Moscow had been shot dead at the weekend. A third Russian was wounded.

"At 5.30 a.m. yesterday, three armed individuals burst into the firm's canteen and took the three foreigners there, leaving two Algerians. They took the three with them in a Toyota vehicle belonging to the firm," another source

The gunmen were armed with shotguns and Kalashnikov

Algerian daily newspapers suspended publication on Wednesday in protest at the latest murder of a journalist. Knifed several times and then shot outside his home, Smail Yefsah, who worked with state television, was the second television newsm n to be killed in five days and the seventh journalist to die since

May.
Thousands of people attended his burial in hishometown, Thala Amara, east of Algiers.

Algeria, battered by foreign debt which swallows about 75income of some \$11 to \$12 billion, has been seeking foreign investors to help its economy.

A new, liberal investment code is expected to be published shortly.

NEWS IN BRIEF

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PLO cancels Jerusalem conference

AMMAN (R) — The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) has cancelled a business conference in Jerusalem because it was a premature step towards normalisation with Israel, an official said Tuesday. "The Jerusalem conference was cancelled because we felt it was too early to hold a conference in Jerusalem under Israeli administration... because-it could be misunderstood now as speedy normalisation," PLO strategist Nabil Shaath told Reuters. The first-ever Palestinian business conference in Jerusalem, organised by a top PLO official in the territories, Faisal Husseini, was to have been held from Oct. 30 and Nov. 1. The conference, planned before the PLO-Israeli accord, was aimed at enlisting the support of expatriate Palestinian investors in rebuilding the ailing infrastructure of the territories.

Mitterrand stops over in Cairo for dinner

CAIRO (AP) - French President Francois Mitterrand stopped over Tuesday evening on his way home from Yemen for a business dinner with President Hosni Mubarak. The two leaders went into private talks at Cairo international airport and Mr. Mitterrand left for Paris after dinner. Mr. Mitterrand flew in from the Yemeni capital Sanaa, where he ended Tuesday a two-day visit focused on threats to French oil interests because of Yemen's border problems with Saudi

Afghan president urges reconstruction aid

ABU DHABI (R) - Afghan President Burhanuddin Rabbani said Tuesday his country needed \$4 billion for reconstruction following more than a decade of war. Mr. Rabbani said he asked Gulf Arab states to contribute aid to help Afghanistan repatriate about five million refugees who fled to Pakistan and Iran to escape civil war. The Emirates News Agency said Mr. Rabbani, who also visited Kuwait and Saudi Arabia, held talks with UAE President Sheikh Zayed Ben Sultan Al Nahayan. Mr. Rabbani said he will visit Egypt soon and then Russia, where he will repeat a request for war reparations. Thousands of people have been killed in rocket attacks and factional fighting in and around Kabul since the Mujahedeen took power from the former communist government in April 1992. The United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees said last month that out of more than three million refugees who fled to Pakistan during the 14-year Afghan civil war, nearly 1.3 million had gone home in 1992. The refugee return slowed this year in the absence of a stable administration while rival groups continued to fight each other.

Turkish Cypriots detain German, Austrian

NICOSIA (R) — Turkish Cypriot officials have detained a German and an Austrian after they demonstrated to back a Turkish Cypriot conscientious objector, a support committee member said Tuesday. German Martin Hantke, 30, and Andreas Rabl, 32, of Austria were remanded in custody by a military court in the Turkish sector of Nicosia on Monday, Hurrem Tolga told Reuters. The two had distributed leaflets and held a march in Nicosia to support Salih Askeroglu who was living with a Greek Cypriot woman until he was detained for refusing to serve. Officials said the court would either charge or release Mr. Hantke and Mr. Rabl when they appeared again on Friday. Cyprus had been divided since 1974 when Turkish troops occupied the northern third of the island after a coup in Nicosia engineered by the military junta then ruling Greece. Mr. Tolga, a member of the conscientious objectors support committee in Nicosia, said Mr. Hantke and Mr. Rabl belonged to the Vienna-based Conscientious Objectors Group. "Many more foreigners are coming to demonstrate their support for Salih," he said but gave no details. The same court which is trying Mr. Askeroglu adjourned his trial to Oct. 25. Yiota Nikolau, Ms. Askeroglu's 19-year-old companion, was deported to the Greel: Cypriot side on Sept. 29 after Mr. Askeroglu was arrested.

Turkish papers bow to Kurdish threat

ANKARA (R) — The offices of five big national dailies in southeastern Turkey were shut on Tuesday after journalists heeded a Kurdish rebel threat to stop reporting. Calls to regional offices of Millivet, Sabah, Hurrivet, Cumhurivet and Gunaydin determined they had closed after the rebel Kurdish Labour Party (PKK) ordered them to shut as of Tuesday for biased reporting. The government urged people in the region to thwart pressure from the Kurds, whose fight for an independent Kurdish threat has killed more than 7,500 people since 1984. "The PKK is a terror organisation," Interior Minister Mehmet Gaziogiu told a news conference. "They want to create panic, fear and terror. If we cow before their threats they will demand bigger concessions." The newspapers and televisions have great power. If they take a step backwards, it will mean helping the PKK to reach its goals. More than a dozen journalists, mostly from the Kurdish press have been killed in the region in the past two years. Kurdish nationalists accuse government-backed death squads.

Saudi Arabia, Syria seek to boost trade

RIYADH (R) — Saudi Arabia and Syria aim to boost bilateral trade by harmonising border rules and setting up two joint transport companies, the Saudi finance and economy minister said. "Overland transport, which carries the main portion of the two countries' trade, needs to be made easier," Sheikh Mohammad Ali Abal Khail said in a statement quoted on Wednesday by the official Saudi news agency SPA. The minister was speaking after a meeting with his Syrian counterpart Mohammad Imadi, a Syrian delegation led by Foreign Minister Farouk Al Sharaa is currently in the Saudi capital for economic and political coopereation talks. Sheikh Mohammad said a team of Saudi experts would be sent to Syria to study land border arrangements on both sides with a view to harmonising them to make the passage of trucks easier. Syrian and Saudi businesses were studying setting up two jointly-owned transport companies, one for land and one for sea traffic, he said.

Hurd meets Clerides and Denktash; no new ideas perseverance" with the U.N.now a barraks for U.N. to a settlement."

NICOSIA (AP) — British Foreign Minister Douglas Hurd conferred with Greek and Turkish Cypriot leaders on Wednesday and denied he had brought any British plan to solve the Cyprus problem.

Mr. Hurd met for an hour and 45 minutes with Cyprus President Glafcos Clerides and Rauf Denktash, the preser of the breakaway Turkish Cypriot

Before the meeting there had been speculation Mr. Hurd either had a proposal to break the deadlock in U.N.sponsored peace talks, or planned to admonish Mr. Denktash, who has been blamed by U.N. Secretary General Boutros Ghali for blocking progress.

"I am not bringing any British plan for solving the Cyprus problem." Mr. Hurd told reporters at the end of the meetng at the Ledra Palace Hotel, peacekeeping forces in the buzzer zone dividing the is-Cyprus has been unofficially

partitioned into the Turkish occupied north and the Greek. Cypriot controlled south since Turkey invaded and occupied the northern third of the island in the wake of a coup by supporters of union with Greece.

Mr. Hurd said he asked to meet the two leaders over lunch while he is in Cyprus for the Commonwealth summit that opens Thursday. He said the meeting allowed

him to hear the views of the two leaders expressed in "a friendly and candid exchange.

"I came away enlightened ... but I cannot say that a settlement is any closer after the last

two hours," he added.
"I am going away absolutely convinced on the need for

sponsored initiative to find a settlement, Mr. Hurd said. A planned separate meeting

between Mr. Hurd and Denktash was apparently called off after Mr. Clerides complained this would be considered an unfriendly act by Britain, tantamount to recognition of the breakaway Turkish Cypriot state which is only recognised by Ankara.

Mr. Hurd refused to answer

when asked whether he did have separate talks with Mr. Denktash, who arrived at the meeting after the British official and 10 minutes before Mr. Clerides.

"You saw what happened today," he said without further elaboration. Mr. Clerides who spoke to reporters after returning to his presidential palace said the purpose of the meeting "was to determine if there is a prospect for opening the road He added the impression

created by Mr. Denktash during the meeting was that "he is not only showing distrust towards the Security Council, but also toward the United Nations and the secretarygeneral." There was no immediate

comment from Mr. Denktash who drove off into the Turkishoccupied north immediately after the meeting. A Greek Cypriot escaped

police detention and attacked Queen Elizabeth's parked Rol-lis Royce on Wednesday, cracking its windows, police Haris Aristoudou, in police

custody for threatening to kill himself in protest at the British monarch's visit, broke free and threw himself handcuffs-first at the empty car while it was parked in this port city, police

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDER

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PRAYER TIMES

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Anglican Church Tel. 630851, Tel. Armenian Catholic Church Tel. 771331 Armenian Orthodox Church Tel. 7752nl. St. Ephraim Church Tel. 77 [75]. Amman International Church Tel. Evangelical Lutheran Church Tel: 824328. R243.28.
German-speaking Evangelical Congregation Tel. 084195
The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints Tel. 654932
Church of Nazarene Tel.675691.

WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of

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Aqaba 23-34
Descript 19-32 Deserts 18 /32 Jordan Valley 24 / 36 Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 30.4, Aqaba 33, Humidity readings: Amman 26 per cent. Aqaba 23

USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS **NIGHT DUTY**

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Price Complaints 60176
Water and Sewerage Complaints Amman Municipality (directory assistance) Overseas Calls 010230 Central Amman Telephone . 623101 Radio Jordan Jordan Electricity Authority ... 815615

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Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32 Khalidi Maternity. J. Amn ... 644281/6 Akilch Maternity, J. Amn.... 642441/2 ., 642362 Maihas, J. Amman . Palestine, Shmeisani 636140 664171/4 Shmeisani Hospital . 669131 University Hospital 845845 Al-Muasher Hospital The Islamic, Abdali 667227/9 Al-Ahli, Abdali Italian, Al-Muhajreen . 6641646 Al-Bushir, J. Ashrafich 775111/26 Amal Hospital ZARQA: . (091983323 Zaroa Govt. Hospital Zarqa National Hospital ... (19)900561 Ibn Sina Hospital (19)906732 Al Hikma Modern Hospital (09)90090

Princess Basma Hospital .. (02)275555

Greek Catholic Hospital (02)272275 Ibn Al Nafees Hospital.... (02)247100 rincess Haya Hospital (03)314111 FOR THE TRAVELLER

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INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

APRIVALS Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights

......., Abu Dhabi (RJ) Bangkok, Calcuta (RJ) London, Berlin (RJ) 18:15 18:30 Casa Blanca, Tunis (RJ) ... Rome (RJ) Other Flights (Terminal 2) Rivadh (SU **DEPARTURES** Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1)

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Clementine Cucumbers (large) ... Cucumbers (small) 130 / 90 Grapes Grape Fruit ----- 240V180 Marrow (large) Marrow (small) 130 / 94 Mulukhia .

HUAZ RAILWAY TRAIN

Arr. Damascus 5:00 p.m. every Monda Dep. Damascus 7:30 a.m. every Sunday

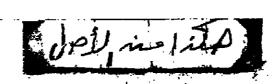
Art. American 5:00 p.m. every Sunday

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Sanana (Mukammar)

Amman 8:00 a.m. every Monda





Prime Minister Abdul Salam Al Majali Wednesday receives Sheikh Mohammad Ben Hamad Al Thani of Qatar (Petra photo)

Majali pays tribute to Jordanian-Qatari relations

Qatari emir's brother begins visit

AMMAN (Petra) — Prime Minister Abdul Salam Al Majali Wednesday praised the strong ties between Jordan and Qatar expressing hope that they will deepen to serve the interests of the Jordanian and Qatari people.

Speaking at a meeting in his office with visiting Sheikh Mohammad Ben Hamad Al Thani, brother of Qatari Emir Sheikh Khalifah Ben Hamad Al Thani, the prime minister said that the basis of strong relations between the two countries was laid by His

ii. Austra

DOES! ME

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ET PRICE

Majesty King Hussein and the Qatar's emir.

He voiced hope that Sheikh Mohammad's visit to Jordan would further bolster bilateral ties in all fields.

Dr. Majali and the Qatari guest reviewed Middle East affairs and Jordanian-Qatari

Voicing his appreciation of the invitation accorded to him by Dr. Majali, Sheikh Mohammad said the visit serves as an opportunity for him to see progress achieved in Jordan.

Upon arriving here earlier Wednesday, Sheikh Mohammad said he was carrying greet-ings to King Hussein and His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan from the emir of Qatar and Oatar's crown prince.

Present at the meeting with the prime minister was Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Talal Sataan Al Hassan, members of the Qatari delegation accompanying Sheikh Mohammad and Qatar's Ambassador to Jordan Nasser Ben Abdul Aziz Al Naser.



Prime Minister Abdul Salam Al Majali (right) and Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Talal Al Hassan (left) Wednesday receive Sheikh

Mohammad Ben Hamad Al Thani upon his arrival (Petra photo)

Germany, Jordan review technical, capital aid

tion from the German Ministry for Economic Cooperation and Development, the Ministry for Economics and Foreign Office opened talks here Wednesday with Minister of Planning Ziad Fariz on economic and technical cooperation between Jordan and Germany.

The Jordan News Agency. Petra, said that the two sides reviewed technical and capital aid that has already been provided to Jordan to finance development, especially in water and agriculture, and also further cooperation and assistance to the Kingdom. Petra said the German side, which is led by Winfried Fuschs, director general of their ministry for economic cooperation, reviewed with Dr. Fariz progress in projects being implemented and loans offered to the Kingdom.

A Planning Ministry source was quoted by Petra as saying that following the two days of talks Thursday the two sides are expected to conclude several agreements and sign memoranda as well as minutes of their deliberations covering technical and capital aid from Germany to Jordan in the cur-

Germany and Jordan hold annual negotiations alternately in Bonn and Amman to chart

plans for German-financed development projects in the Kingdom.

The German embassy here said at present Bonn is implementing more than 10 projects, mostly in the fields of water, sewerage, agriculture and irrigation.

Germany has seconded several experts to supervise the implementation of these projects, according to the embas-

Present at the talks with Dr. Fariz was ministry Secretary General Safwan Touqan and several officials from the German embassy and the Ministry of Planning.

WHAT'S GOING ON

EXHIBITIONS

- portraits by Ahmad Ismail at the Gallery Hotel Jordan Inter-Continental (8:00 a.m. -7 p.m. daily except Friday).
- ☆ Art exhibition by Iraqi artist Mukhallad Al Mukhtar entitled "Colours on Black Paper" at La Case Exhibition Hall (5th
- Exhibition of equipment and aides for the disabled at the Jordanian Sports Centre for
- ★ Photo and painting exhibition on environment at the University of Jordan Exhibition
- Exhibition of Chinese products at the Inter-
- national Exhibition Centre. Art exhibition by artist Sabah Hadidi at the
- Orfali Art Gallery (Tel. 826932). * Art exhibition entitled "The Spirit of the
- Youth" by artist Muhammad Al Lahham at the Baladna Art Gallery. * The Jordan International Exhibition displaying electric equipment and appliances, furniture, carpets, food items, chemicals,
- cosmetics, flowers, marble, and tiles at the Amman International Fair. The 4th Amman International Computer Exhibition at the Amman International Car
- ☆ Art exhibition by artist Farouq Lambaz at

أناء المتحاصون والجاراتها بالمجاهومين

- the Alia Art Gallery.
- * The Petra Exhibition a presentation of the activities of Jordanian and international institutions involved in archaeological, ethnographic and environmental research in the Petra region at the Royal Cultural
- ☆ Caricature drawings exhibition by late cartoonist Naji Al Ali at the Pakistani Universities Alumni Club in Jabal Amman.
- A Exhibition of handicrafts at Abu Jaber estate, Yadoudeh (next to Kan Zaman).
- Art exhibition by artists Abir Al Bawab. Michael 'Ujailat, Mohammad Abu Afifeh, Amani Masha'al, and Mohammad Abu Aziz at Abu Nseir Club.
- Art exhibition by artists Mahmoud Taha
- and Salman Abbas at Ab'aad Art Gallery. ☆ Art exhibition by artist Ali Talib at the Balka'a Art Gallery In Al Fuheis.
- Art exhibition by artist Mahmoud Al-Ubedi at the French Cultural Centre.
- ★ Exhibition of etchings by Mohammad Omar Khalil at Darat Al Funun of the Abdul Hamid Shoman Foundation in Jabal Luweibdeh. Also showing the permanent

exhibition. Telephone 643251/2. FILMS.

Film entitled "Them" at the American Center at 5:00 p.m. (95 min.)

Princess Basma praises work of panel preparing for women's conference in Peking

AMMAN (Petra) - A Jordanian committee preparing for the Fourth International Conference on Women to be held in China in 1995 met Wednesday under the chairmanship of Her Royal Highness Princess Basma who praised the cooperation of the committee mem-

The members, who include representatives of the private and public sectors, reviewed a general report on women's activities in Jordan that will be submitted to the conference.

Princess Basma, who will lead the Jordanian delegation to Peking, paid tribute to the close cooperation among the committee members saying that their work will result in an integrated and comprehensive report that would reflect the status and activities of Jordanian women as well as their achievements and gains.

The committee listened to Thoraya Obaid, deputy executive secretary of the U.N. Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia (ESCWA), who reviewed a report designed to serve as a guideline

for the participating delegation at the Peking conference. ESCWA will organise a con-

ference in November 1994 with the participation of all Arab countries to prepare a joint Arab working paper for the meeting in China, Ms. Obaid added. The committee appointed

and Haifaa Al Bashir as rapporteur to the committee. Earlier Princess Basma opened a workshop on communications and training skills organised by the Jordanian Society for Family Planning in

cooperation with the Queen Alia Jordan Social Welfare

Munther Al Masri as chairman

Fund (QAF). The Princess said in a brief statement that the secret of success in public service lies in communication with the local communities and a direct approach to the households which have different require-

ments and needs. Princess Basma urged continued training that can earn those involved in public work more flexibility to adapt to various situations.



working on reports and plans for the Interna

A fish farm in the northern Jordan valley (File photo)



tional Conference on Women to be held in Peking in 1995 (Petra photo)

Thunderous showers predicted for tonight

AMMAN (J.T.) — Thunderous showers are expected in the Kingdom this evening, particularly in the southern and eastern regions, according to the Department of Meteorolo-gy Wednesday evening. A Department official told

the Jordan Times that the weather conditions will remain unstable beginning Thursday evening with partly cloudy to clear skies and scattered showers, mainly in the south.

He said that Aqaba will likereceive scattered showers Thursday, winds will be souther-easterly and moderate and the sea choppy.

Unstable weather conditions in Jordan have continued for the last three days with reports of torrential rains in and around Ma'an city in the south and in Aqaba further south. Reports from Aqaba pub-

lished in the local press

AMMAN (Petra) — Jordan hopes to conclude an agree-

ment with Tunisia on organis-

ing direct maritime transport in

order to promote trade coop-

eration between the two coun-

tries, according to Minister of Industry and Trade Bassam Al

Dr. Saket, who is in Tunis

co-chairing the meetings of the

Joint Jordanian-Tunisian Eco-

nomic Committee with his

Tunisian counterpart, said that

the two sides expect to initial

such an agreement in the next

two days, thus opening the way

for direct transportation of

goods via Agaba and the Tuni-

Also in the offing, is an

agreement to promote cultural

relations between the two

countries, said the minister fol-

lowing a second round of talks

which covered economic and

sian ports.

trade relations.

Tunis, Amman to sign

transport agreement

cedented storms and heavy rains that brought life in the business sector of the city to a standstill and cleared the streets of traffic.

city had witnessed unpre-

Posters hung by candidates running in the coming parliamentary elections were torn away by the high winds. and the Civil Defence Department (CDD) announced that it was ready to deal with any emergency.

Earlier, reports said torrential rains had swept the city of Ma'an causing heavy damage to property.

According to the department, a total of 36.8 millimetres (mms) of rain fell in the past few days in Ma'an, 20 mms in Shobak, 10.5 mms in

Jafer and 8.5 mms in Aqaba. Rainfall in Rweished, in the east of the country, was estimated to be 26.5 mms and 7.3 Wednesday said that the port . mms in Irbid in the north.

News Agency, Petra, that the two sides have so far revised

previous agreements on econo-

mic and trade matters and are

preparing minutes of their deli-

berations to be signed in the

He said that besides co-

chairing the meeting, he was

holding separate talks with the

Tunisian minister of finance

and the governor of the Tuni-

sian central bank, as well as

with representatives of the pri-

vate sector, aimed at bolstering

trade and economic links with

In the talks, said the minis-

ter, he sought to raise the

current level of trade ex-

changes between the two coun-

tries noting that Tunisia and

Jordan annually exchange

goods worth \$4 million through direct trade deals and \$10 mil-

lion through the trade centres

in Amman and Tunis.

next two days.

Fisheries need marketing push to succeed — ministry official AMMAN (Petra) — The cause of marketing problems. and restaurants shun Jordanian Dr. Abbadi said that Jordafish, although it is far less

Ministry of Agriculture De-partment of Fisheries has been encouraging the private sector to start fisheries by offering technical advice and providing requirements for such projects at nominal cost, according to department Director Mohammad Al Abbadi.

Commenting on a report by the Supply Ministry that Jordan was importing JD 6.5 mil-Abbadi said that the department had initiated two pilot projects in Wadi Al Yabis in 1967 and at Azraq in 1972.

According to Dr. Abbadi, the Wadi Al Yabis project failed and the Azraq project is facing difficulties mainly be-

nians generally consume limited amounts of fish — esti-mates are 3.8 kilos per person annually, compared to nine kilos per person in other developing countries.
In 1990, Jordan imported

8,923 tonnes in 1991 and 14,139 tonnes in 1992, and estimates for this year are 20 to The director of the fisheries project, Mazen Jalai, said the

project set up on 3.4 dunums is facing insufficient water sup-But there are also problems

expensive than imported Noting that the Azraq fish range between JD 2.5 and JD 3.5 a kilo compared with JD 5

per kilo for the imported kinds, Mr. Jalal said that this 6.030 tonnes of fish rising to project now has 10 tonnes available for the Jordanian markets.

could produce up to 40 tonnes of fish annually if there was a market to absorb such produc-Mr. Ialal added that if the

marketing problem was not solved the project would colin marketing the fish since most fish merchants, hotels lapse.

NEWS IN BRIEF

King, Queen meet teenage ambassador

AMMAN (J.T.) — Her Majesty Queen Noor Wednesday met with the young American ambassador of peace. Brad Correa. at Nadwa Palace. Mr. Correa is a 14-year-old peace activist who has travelled extensively in the Arab World. He is currently visiting Jordan on a mission to promote peace, friendship and cooperation. In the meeting, Queen Noor commended his mission and encouraged him to continue his worthy efforts. Mr. Correa also met with His Majesty King Hussein during his visit to Jordan.

Restoration of Umayyad palace begins

AMMAN (J.T.) — A Spanish team of architects Wednesday started work on restoring and consolidating the ancient Umayyad palace in Amman. Working in cooperation with the Department of Antiquities, the eight-member team, led by Antonio Almagro will complete its work by the end of the year. according to department Director Safwan

Dr. Saket told the Jordan 'Future Horizons' meeting ends urging for new Arab cooperation AMMAN (Petra) — Partici-

pants at the "Future Horizons in a Changing World" confer-ence Wednesday called for the formation of a new Arab sys-

tem of cooperation to confront current challenges and rapid developments in the international arena. In the recommendations submitted at the end of the two-day conference started Tuesday, participants deman-

ded the immediate formation of an official committee to include experts in different fields from Jordan and Palestine who will draw up guidelines for economic, technological and administrative cooperation strategies. Such plans would be designed to promote ways of developing human resources.

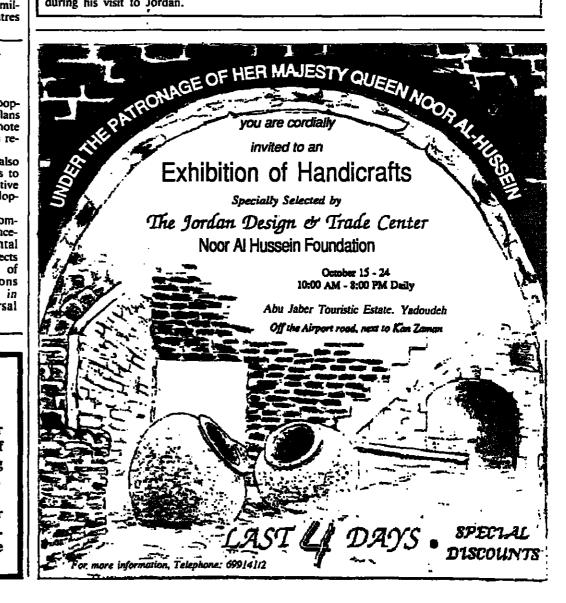
The recommendations also called for increased efforts to promote Arab women's active involvement in the development process.

Also on the list of recommendations was the announcement of an environmental charter that includes all aspects related to the unification of environmental legislations among Arab countries, in accordance with universal

OBITUARY ELSA KALWEIT

Beloved wife of Abdurrahman Bushnaq mother of Inea and Renata Bushnaq grandmother of Cirene and Nadya, passed away in peace during the night, Oct. 19, 1993, after a short illness. She was eighty years old.

Condolences at the Bushnaq house, Wadi Seer road, beyond the Bayader, Oct. 21 and 22. Ladies in the morning and gentlemen in the



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Politics away from work

THERE IS no doubt that in the eyes of the law and in terms of sound policy, public officials, especially teachers, may not exploit their positions and status to advance the cause of any political party that they belong to or sympathise with during an election period. In this context, the government is right to take administrative action against those who violate this code of conduct that is reflected so clearly in the relevant laws of the country. What is wrong in the government's recent punitive measures against certain teachers in the Tafilah district, however, is that the action took the form of transferring the teachers in question to other schools in faraway places. This will not solve the problem. While the Ministry of Education's decision to reprimand the concerned teachers can be justifiable, there is nevertheless no justice in disrupting their family lives by summarily transferring them to other areas in order to drive home the message that public servants may not use their positions to disseminate information on political parties or for candidates running for the next general elections. Removing one from his home or arbitrarily moving him to another post geographically removed from his place of residence strikes us as unfair and not commensurate with the problem and would not necessarily mean a proper solution.

What makes this issue especially sensitive and complex is the fact that people even when employed by the state cannot be politically neutralised particularly during an election campaign. Even government officials are entitled to their own political views and to their respective political allegiances as long as these do not interfere with their principal functions.

It will be recalled that in established democracies, even members of the armed forces allowed to vote and take part in the election process. Admittedly we in Jordan have our own peculiar circumstances, both domestic and regional, that would require new rules to govern the role of public officials in the democratic process. We have a history of military coups in the Middle East which makes us weary of plunging the military in political work. As for public civilian officials, we need to be extra careful as to where to draw the line on what is permissible and what is not. Certainly public servants cannot use their offices and public premises to campaign for seekers of parliament seats. They may, however, do this in their own time and outside public places. There is no doubt that many of them would take part in the November elections. Still, the conduct of people who choose to work for the government and therefore for all the people irrespective of their political colour, cannot dish out favours one way or another or use state time to promote the political fortunes of one side or another. After all they are supposed to serve the people no matter what their creed, colour, religion or faith may be. This is the law and this is what Jordan obligated itself to do under the various international treaties that it had

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIEŞ

AL DUSTOUR daily Wednesday welcomed a visit to Jordan by the emir of Qatar's brother as a constructive step, signifying a return of solidarity among Arab states. Sheikh Mohammad Ben Hamad Al Thani's visit to Jordan could open the way for the reestablishment of stronger relations among Arab states, following a period of strained ties among them due to the developments in the Arab World, said the daily. The visit is a practical move on the part of Qatar to end inter-Arab differences and to breathe life once again in pan-Arab solidarity that can help the nation deal with the common challenges, it added. Jordan deeply appreciates the move and supports the efforts taken by Qatar and its leaders towards a new era in the Arab region and a fresh move towards building a strong Arab stand, the paper continued. Referring to other signs of improvements in inter-Arab ties, the daily said that a visit to the United Arab Emirates made lately by PLO official Mahmoud Abbas serves as another constructive step towards enhancing the aspired solidarity. While welcoming Sheikh Mohammad's visit to the Kingdom, the Jordanians, said the paper, welcome all other moves by other Arab leaders aimed at a new era of closer cooperation among Arab brothers. especially as the region is approaching peace with new hopes

A COLUMNIST in Al Ra'i daily Wednesday said that the PLO leadership ought to adhere strongly to its demand for the release of all the Palestinian detainees from Israeli jails. Mahmoud Rimawi said that without the release of prisoners there can be no peace in the region. In no way should the Palestinians agree to a symbolic release of prisoners or a delay in their freedom: the future of Palestinian prisoners can by no means be subject to compromise, demanded the writer. Under the new era of peace, no Palestinian should remain prisoner of Israel and the suffering must end, he continued. The writer said the PLO ought to give the prisoners' question priority in its talks with the Israeli government and must demand that no repressive measures against the Palestinian people as a whole are allowed to continue. The writer said that as the Palestinian leadership is taking control of matters in Palestine, it alone must be entrusted with security matters and should ensure the release of all Palestinian detainees during the first few months of the self-government rule era, he added. The writer stressed that the Palestinians are now expected by everyone to adhere to all their rights wh. is are prerequisites for a lasting peace.

The Gaza-Jericho agreement — first things first

By Dr. Ahmad Y. Majdoubeh

The word "first" in "Gaza-Jericho first," the declaration of principles signed recently by the PLO and Israel, has from the start attracted a great deal of attention and evoked much pondering. controversy and even deri-

There is already a joke about it: Two old men are discussing the agreement. One tells the other: "I don't understand one thing. What?" the other asks. "I know where Gaza is and where Jericho is, but where is

Admittedly, the joke is neither particularly funny nor subtle. However, it is indicative not only of a certain degree of cynicism regarding the whole deal but also of some serious scepticism and reservation.

The cynicism we can easily deal with. In any society in the world, there are those whose sole job is to ridicule, to discourage and to trivialise. They offer neither constructive advice nor practical alternatives. To all who hold such an attitude (and their number is luckily decreasing) we say what Henry David Thoreau says so eloquently in "Walden": "The fault finder will find faults even in heaven.

By contrast, the scepticism and reservation, which I believe to be healthy, are harder to overlook. Till this very day many people, a comfortable majority among the persons I have talked to, still have mixed feelings about the accord, though they definitely lean more towards it than against it. They are hopeful but cautious, supportive but hesitant. This is of course understandable, taking into account the abruptness of the event on the one hand and the long history of distrust and conflict on the other.

The reasons they give to justify their caution, hesitation and fear vary noticeably. though those pertaining to the text of the accord itself are significantly fewer and much less persuasive than those pertaining to the overall political/historical context.

"A great deal of the controversy surrounding the accord and of the resistance to it. stems more from the style and manner in which it tackles the Palestinian issue than from the content and substance."

Among many other reasons, one may cite: the elusiveness of the language of the accord; the ambiguity of the references to Jerusalem, to the settlements, to the refugees and to the final status of the occupied territories; Israeli practices in the West Bank and Gaza, which do not harmonise with the spirit of the accord (i.e. the decision by the Israeli Supreme Court vis-a-vis Jerusalem); the disagreement the agreement has caused among Palestinians themselves and among the Arabs more generally; the somewhat dubious conditions under which the PLO decided to make its move when

it held the secret talks, etc. Undeniably, such concerns are legitimate. My purpose here, however, is not to assess their viability. Rather, I intend to focus on what I consider a major cause lurking behind, informing and enveloping the concerns listed above - one which takes us back to the word "first." It is my firm belief that a lucid explanation of this major cause will dispel much of our lukewarmness and doubt.

A great deal of the controversy surrounding the accord and of the resistance to it, it seems to me, stems more from the style and manner in which it tackles the Palestinian issue than from the content and substance. Interestingly, only few of those I have discussed the agreement with have actually

A careful reading of the text itself reveals that it promises to fulfill essentially all of what the Arabs and Palestinians have been demanding for years from the United Nations, namely a) the implementation of U.N. resolutions 242 and 338 and b) the establishment of comprehensive and lasting peace. The declaration, whose terminology echoes almost identically the terminology of the various U.N. resolutions we so fondly cherish, spells out such demands in the clearest

The opening paragraph, for example calls on both parties to "strive to live in peaceful coexistence and mutual dignity and security, and achieve a just, lasting and comprehensive peace settlement." Furthermore, Article 1 contains two crucial assertions. It begins: "The aim of the Israeli-Palestinian negotiations" is "to establish a Palestinian self-government authority... for a transitional period not exceeding five

years, leading to a permanent settlement based on Security Council resolutions 242 and 338." It adds, more importantly, that "the interim agreements are an integral part of the whole peace process and that the negotiations on the permanent status will lead to the implementation of Security Council resolutions 242 and 338." If one wants to be fussy,

one can certainly find many loopholes in the text. On the whole, however, the language of the accord is as precise and acceptable as one can hope for.

Whence is the problem

then? In my opinion, it springs primarily from both the philosophy of im-plementing the agreement and from our own expectations. The accord is based on the premise that the resolution of the Palestine question is to be carried out not all at once but gradually, step by step. This concept is stressed in the famous/infamous word "first," in the term "process" in the opening paragraph, and in item 3/Article III which stipulates that the agreement is a "preparatory step towards the realisation of the legitimate rights of the

Palestinian people..."

Such an approach is in sharp contrast with what until recently we have been accustomed to expect. Throughout our quest for a solution to the Middle East questions we have either taken it entirely for granted or tacitly assumed that as soon as negotiations begin we shall agree on everything and apply all resolutions the second day. Many of us, it seems to me, think of the solution the way we think of an Arabian lunch, say a

"Negotiations are by nature lengthy and laborious, and one must therefore unavoidably divide issues, schedule and reschedule, delay, arrange and rearrange priorities. In other words, one must address first things first."

"mansaf": you sit down and in 10-15 minutes you devour the whole meal including the

Recent experience, however, has taught us the opposite. Negotiations are by nature lengthy and laborious, and one must therefore unavoidably divide issues, schedule and reschedule, delay, arrange and rearrange priori-

ties. In other words, one must address first things first, the easier and the lighter then the more difficult and heavier. This is the lesson which our Arab delegates have learned, accepted, and (I am proud to say) mastered since Madrid. Since Madrid they have done nothing but work on agendas and timetables, i.e. planning the steps. Personally, I see nothing wrong with this. On the contrary it is perhaps the wisest, most workable method. In a new world order

orchestrated and managed almost solely by Western powers we may have to change not only our negotiating strategies but even our eating habits. The solution is most likely to resemble a western dinner, say a Thanksgiving turkey: you sit down for light cocktails, you move to the table and slowly starton the soup, you then eat the salad, after that you help yourself to the main course using the knife and fork noiselessly, you then help remove the plates and dishes and sit on the couch to have dessert, and finally you sip your coffee or tea. The process may take up to four bours. Obviously, many of us

mansaf lovers may neither relish nor tolerate the ritual. Whether we like it or not, however, the Gaza/Jericho agreement is the first course in the banquet, the cocktails or the soup.

The writer is an associate professor of American literature in the English Department at Yarmouk University, Irbid. He contributed this article to the Jordan Times.

Tourism, main Palestinian asset, awaits development

By Jack Redden Reuter

SEBASTIYA, West Bank -By early afternoon one car of visitors had parked near the Roman pillars marking the ruins of ancient Sebastiva. By the standards of the past six years, ticket seller Nur El Din Mukhaimar was having a good

While world attention focuses on grandiose dreams of oil refineries and airports. Palestinians greatest resource — a history replete with names that resonate around the world

— lies waiting to be exploited. "Before the intifada we had 10 or 15 buses a day," said Mr. Mukhaimar. With the eruption of that revolt against Israeli rule of the West Bank and Gaza Strip in 1987, tourists disappeared.

The legacy of that violence remains — residents point to the spot on the Acropolis where an Israeli soldier killed a local youth and the cracks of army fire drifting up from a shooting range in the valley helow.

But the signing of the accord between Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) in September promises change: tourism is to be transferred to Palestinian control.

Although terms for the transfer remain to be negotiated and officials on both sides are unsure what it means, it has spurred optimism among Palestinians

Adel Ghazal gave up his licence to deal in antiques during the revolt to avoid Israeli demands for tax on non-existent income. A year ago the 61-year-old Arab converted his simple restaurant by the ruins of Sebastiya into a shampoo

Now he talks of getting back his antique dealers licence by the end of the year and has plans to move the shampoo business to make way for a new restaurant.

In nearby Nablus, second largest Palestinian centre after East Jerusalem, the biblical site known as "Jacob's well" has seen a steady trickle of individual and group visits since the accord was signed. The Greek Orthodox guide at the site said it previously had been months between visitors.

Above Nablus on Mount Gerezim, a spokesman for the 572 remaining Samaritans. members of an ancient offshoot of Judaism, toresees a flow of tourists.

As Arabic speakers with centuries of co-existence with the Muslim majority and historic links to Jews, they could attract the curious on all sides. However, there is a vast difference between potential and reality. The tourism infrastructure — hotels, guides, restaurants — is poorly developed. During the Palestinian revolt

the few hotels in towns like Ramallah closed. According to Palestinian figures, during the 23-year occupation the number of hotel beds in Arab East Jeru-

salem fell from 2.400 to 1.970 while rising from a meagre 800 to 4.000 in Jewish West Jerusalem. "It will take us time and it will not be easy," said Abul Walid Dajani, director of the

Institute of Hotel Management and Tourism at Bethlehem University. Mr. Dajani, who headed the committee advising Palestinian

peace negotiators about tourism, is urging careful planning before throwing funds from the growing aid coffers into illconceived schemes. "We don't want to make the

mistakes others did." he said in Bethlehem, a town whose stone houses and Byzantine church over the traditional birthplace of Christ can still meet expectations of pilgrims reared on Bible stories.
"For the last 40 years we

have been excellent at putting things on paper but now we have to implement them. Tourism is vital for the fu-

ture of the West Bank, promising income and employment in areas with few other prospects. The first step will be a simple inventory in coming weeks of what Palestinian areas have.

What information exists has been largely gathered, and held, by Israel, Although Israel did little to develop tourist sites in occupied areas most archaeological finds date from British mandate or Jordanian rule — Mr. Dajani said it took 3 million in entry fees at three sites around Jericho last

Underlining the vagueness of the PLO-Israeli accord, Palestinians do not know if the boundaries of Jericho, which is to have full autonomy by next April 13, include the archaeological sites.

The dispute - with Palestinians claiming 16 times the area Israel wants to hand over surfaced this month on the first day of negotiations over details of the Israeli withdrawal from Jericho.

The transfer of power will likely mean an early end to Israel's monopoly on licens ing guides. That could produce a reciprocal agreement allowing guides from both sides to take tour groups anywhere. ushering in a new era of coopcration.

Both Israelis and Palestinians realise tourism can be boosted for everyone by increasing the number of attrac-

Somalia and Haiti — two of many issues that test Clinton's statesmanship

By Dr. James Zogby

During the past two weeks, the Clinton administration has been hit hard by crises in Somalia and Haiti — namely. increased U.S. casualties in Somalia and accelerated violence and a breakdown of the agreement to restore democracy to Haiti. Though these were crises in and of themselves, these events also were of concern to the administration because of their timing.

The White House had already laid out an agenda for October. Elected to focus on the domestic issues Mr. Bush had ignored, Mr. Clinton had planned this fall to begin a major campaign to pass legislation on health care, the North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA), and an anticrime bill that would address a problem of increasing concern

to all Americans. The Israel-PLO signing in Washington, an upheaval in Russia, a breakdown in the peace process in Bosnia and now Somalia and Haiti have dominated the press for more than a month — making it virtually impossible for the president to focus attention on his domestic initiatives.

As a result, the president's speeches and planned events that have been staged around the U.S. to build momentum and support for his programmes have been lost in the media. They have appeared as separate events and have gathered no momentum, while the coverage of foreign crises has gathered momentum in the media and the lion's share of

the coverage. The White House design was for Mr. Clinton's entire package of domestic initiatives to be called a "domestic security programme. In what was to have been a major address to define domestic issues, the president was forced, out of sensitivity to foreign policy concerns, to delete a key pas-

sage from his speech. The address was meant to refocus the political debate on "domestic security" instead of "national security," and the passage was to read:

"The challenge of our time is to give people the security they need to build lives of responsibility and achievement, the foundation of economic security, health security and personal security.

However, in light of the U.S. servicemen killed and captured in Somalia, the White House felt it would be welladvised to drop the passage from the speech.

An additional reason behind the administration's discomfort is that these crises have all hit at a time when the White House is attempting to shape new foreign policy principles. during which time the adminis-

tration has been hit from all sides for a lack of specificity. In fairness, it is difficult for the Clinton team to shape a new theory of foreign policy that fits the post-cold war world, while that "new" world is vir-tually unravelling in your face. And so, the administration is being pressed to provide details while simultaneously learn how to respond to diverse crises, knowing that each new action de facto establishes

While all the crises of the past few weeks have to some degree or another been inherited by the Clinton administration, this president is being held accountable for them and his public standing is being hurt by them. Again, the timing is of concern to the administration.

Although off to a rocky start during its first seven months. by September Mr. Clinton had rebounded in the polls. A Sept. 26 CNN/Gallup poll gave the president a 56 per cent positive rating and a 36 per cent negative rating — a dramatic shift in public confi-dence. But by Oct. 10 the numbers had shifted to 50 per cent positive and 42 per cent negative. And this negative shift is being driven almost completely by displeasure over foreign policy. The president is getting high marks for his health care proposal, but not for his handling of Somalia and

Again, in September the public gave Mr. Clinton high grades for foreign policy (primarily in response to his hand-ling of the crisis in Russia and the Middle East peace talks). Mr. Clinton's September foreign policy ratings were 55 per cent positive and 32 per cent negative. The numbers now stand at 40/8 positive and 52/8

Ratings and public confidence levels are important because they determine both the ability of the president to press Congress to support his more controversial initiatives and his ability to keep the press with him on issues of public import-

The press, operating in their usual mode (like "sharks smelling blood in the water") have taken an aggressive and hostile attitude towards Mr.

The president had not been doing well with the national television media anyway, but the elite network reporters have been extremely harsh during the past few weeks. Calling Somalia a "quagmire" (an unmistakable reference to Vietnam) and a barrage of negatives to describe the Clinton foreign policy team has not helped them shape public attitudes in favour of the president

or his policies. In fact, having inherited all

these crises from the failure of U.S. policy in the past, one must appreciate the difficulties Mr. Clinton is facing in addressing each of them.

Somalia was a gift from George Bush From the beginning it was a compassionate but ill-defined venture. As Mr. Clinton responded to the dual pressures to withdraw the U.S. and enforce the U.N.'s role, the direction of the mission changed. All that Mr. Clinton has done in the past two weeks is an attempt to restore the original purpose of the U.S. involvement in Somalia and to press for a definite date for full

U.S. withdrawal. In Haiti, the Clinton approach has been to press for a restoration of democracy in a country that has long been a victim of either negative U.S. meddling or, more recently, U.S. neglect.

In both cases, Mr. Clinton is burdened by a perennial factor limiting U.S. options, since there does not appear to be any public tolerance for any loss of U.S. lives. Polls show that U.S. public opinion strongly opposed the presence of U.S. troops in both countries by a margin of 2-1.

Interestingly, the only cir-cumstances in which the public would agree to accept U.S. troops in either country would be in response to what one might term a U.S.-centric concern. This view says "Yes" to sending troops to Haiti if it will stop the flow of illegal immig-rants from Haiti to the U.S. and "Yes" to troops in Somalia to protect U.S. lives that are in danger in that country. The difficulty in shaping U.S. poucy in the face of such a public attitude came through this week in the most interesting of comments by one of Haiti's strongest supporters in the U.S. Congress.

Congressman Charles Rangel (Democrat from New York) has long supported U.S. involvement to restore exiled President Bertrand Aristide and democracy to Haiti. He was critical of President Bush's failure to deal with the issue and he pushed hard to force Mr. Clinton's hand. In response to recent violence in Haiti, and aware of the lack of public support for direct U.S. militáry involvement, Mr. Rangel made a proposal that the U.N. send troops to Haiti to restore democracy and oust the military and police junta now ruling the country. But he added the bizarre caveat that the U.N. troops should include no American forces!

Faced by Republic critics who conveniently forget that Mr. Bush first committed the U.S. to Somalia, by Democratic critics who want no part of U.S. military involvement in Haiti and by a media that acts as if it had been elected to make foreign policy, Mr. Clinton is struggling both to shape an adequate U.S. response which protects U.S. leadership and to protect his domestic - which, he knows. was the reason he was elected for in the first place.

In a way, it all seems somehow appropriate. Candidate Clinton was full of boundless energy and detailed answers on every policy question, he sketched a huge agenda for what he would do if elected and he handled the press corps with mastery. Now, entering the tenth month of his term, he has his hands as full of important foreign policy as a president could handle, a number of large-scale domestic programmes which need shepherding if they are to survive and a press corps that is out of his control. President Clinton is facing what appears to be a true test of his abilities.

The writer is president of the Washington-based Arab American Institute. He contributed this article to the Jordan

LETTERS

To the Editor:

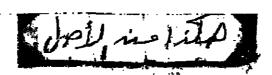
This has reference to the letter to the editor "Misplaced help" (Jordan Times, Oct. 20, 1993) in which it is alleged that Royal Jordanian" is helping others instead of our (racing)

Allow me first to emphasise that maybe it was understood erroneously that RJ is sponsoring the Paul Stewart Team. In fact the team is actually promoting Royal Jordanian because it had extra sponsorship space. This space was given free to RJ because Paul Stewart and his father Jackie have deep love for Jordan and they take pride in Royal Jordanian.

From the aforementioned we should agree that Royal Jordanian should seize every international opportunity to present itself and the great country to which it belongs.

> Munib Toukan, RJ / Public Relations.

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Neekender

Children get cultural implants

The state of the s

By Mohammad Masharga SONGS FOR CHILDREN

Under the patronage of the Ministry of Culture. Amman this week will witness the opening of a: workshop dealing with writing and composing songs for: children.

Four working papers on the subject, to be presented by a number of professors of music at Yarmoul University and a number of poets, will be reviewed by the participants on Oct. 25 and 26. One of the papers will deal with the experiments of

other Arab and foreign nations in composing songs or

According to Wafa' Qusous, who is in charge of he. department overseeing the works of music and theere for children at the Ministry of Culture, the worksop will' serve as a substitute for the Children's Sags. Festival that was due to have taken place in Ammariast

She told the Jordan Times that the children song must be simple and should focus on one theme - not many - so that children can absorb it.

AWARDS

A Syrian-born Jordanian literary critic Dr. Ihsan Abbas was among a group of international writes and intellectuals who were honoured on Oct. 20 by Uiversity of Chicago in the United States. Abbas was avarded the honorary doctorate degree in recognition of his works in culture, focusing mainly on humnitarian

Dr. Abbas has contributed a great deal to he Arab culture over the past 50 years and has produced numerous books and other works that have Ecome an

integral part of contemporary Arab culture Dr. Abbas is well-known for his driv towards

renovation in Arab literature and his leaning towards modern poetry and the poets of the early 1950s like Nazek Al Malikah and Bader Shaker. Dr. Abbas has conducted in-depth studies of Arab heritage and rewrote a number of well-known and valuable writings and works of other writers.

He is rightfully considered one of the most remarkable critics of Arab literature of our age.

Dr. Abbas has worked as a teacher in a number of universities in the Arab World, including the University of Jordan and the American University of Beirut.

MUSIC AND THEATRE

The first Jordanian music week was concluded with a joint Jordanian-Palestinian folk performance presented by the Royal Jordanian Troupe for Popular Arts and the

Amman Cultural Pulse

Al Hannouneh dance and popular singing troupe. The two troupes thrilled their audience with tastes of old and traditional dancing and singing — depicting harvest time, the work of hunters, wedding celebrations and tilling the land to the accompaniment of well-known songs and popular dabkeh.

Commenting on this traditional form of singing and dancing Samih Al Husari from Royal Jordanian (RJ) Troupe said preserving this tradition is one of the aims of his group. Dabkeh, for instance, signifies rejoicings but the performance gains added glamour by the colour of traditional dresses and the physical movements of

For his part, the director of Al Hannouneh troupe said he presented the performance with two ideas. The first, specialising in dabkeh, traditional

Palestinian music and songs because they are an integral part of the national Palestinian identity.

— The second idea lies in a performance resembling a wedding celebration which requires certain movements

But he admitted that the dancers capabilities and skills remaind limited because not many artists can perform, what he called, "expressionist dancing,"

The heads of the two troupes agreed that the members of their troupes are not professionals and their development requires major financial support and artistic training.

PLASTIC ART

Amman art galleries are active these days, displaying works of several plastic artists. On display are a variety of Arab and foreign works in addition to works by Jordanian artists.

Among the latest exhibitions was one entitled "Light And Colour" in which a group of Arab and European artists presented paintings they prepared during their stay in Jordan.

Perhaps the most striking exhibition this season was that of Syrian artist Fateh Al Mudarres who presented a number of water colour works on landscapes. An exhibition by Ali Taleb of Iraq who displayed his works in Fuheis won very little attention and support from the public despite the uniqueness of his paintings.

Jordanian artist Mahmoud Taha and Iraqi artist

Salman Abbas presented a joint exhibition of ceramics and paintings at Alia Art Gallery. The exhibition runs until the end of October.

Jordanian artist Salam Kanaan had presented the latests of his fine works at Alia Art Gallery, while three artists: Lucy Marto of Jordan, Janine Saaf of the Netherlands and Tete Wegelius of Finland presented their first joint exhibition at the Royal Cultural Centre

The state of the s Kashmir played host to Hallaj the mystic martyr of Baghdad

By Mohammad Amin Padit of Nishat - Kashmir

Ten years ago, in 1983 get photcopy of relevant A.D., a piece written by me .pages fom these books, ... literary section of the Iraqi English daily Baghdad of the nature of elementary step-first exploration and was to serve as an invitation to researchers and orientalists to undertake further, detailed researches into the subject. For me, the initial initiative had been provided . by a short, casual reference : Holy Prophet, Mohammad. to Al Hallaj's travels to Kashmir, Banaras and China etc. in an U.S. domicilec British author Rober Payne's book, The Ho? Sword, which I had an occsion to read a decade es-

After the publication of my article in the Engish daily, Baghdad Observe of Iraq, I was able to edect and consolidate a bunh of folklore poems writte by mystic Kashmiri pets which is replete with eferences to Mansur, th Passionate, in venertion, which I proposed 5 edit and publish in the fcm of a book, alongwith a letailed study and survey & Mansur's travel to Indiand his subsequent visit to Kashmir in 283 Hijri — *25 A.D.* The matter restecthere till the renewal of iterest in the subject very reently. In the first week of spril 1993, I got an encotaging response from thecounsellor for cultural, sentific and technical coperation. Embassy of Frace in India. New Delhi (Ms Pierre Barroux) who segested the names of thre libraries in India, namey Maulana Azad Librar of Aligarh Muslim University, Khuda Bhaksh Orietal Public Library, Bantipur, Patna, Bihar and Tidyajoti Institute of Regious Studies, Delhi whick could help in the procurement of books

sophie Ilamique, Paris, 1964 pp: 275-76. Fortunaely, I was able to

THE STATE OF THE S

on Al Halli especially the

most authoritative work on

the subject Louis Massig-

non, la pasion d'Al-Hallaj,

Paris, 192. There is also

some scant information in

Louis Manignon's Opera

Minora and in Henry Cor-

bin's Histoire de la Philo-

on the travels of the great thanks ue to Mr. G. Gisple of Mansur Hallaj. The mystic and martyr Al Hallage thanks ue to Mr. G. Gisple of Mansur Hallaj. The mystic and martyr Al Hallage thanks ue to Mr. G. Gisple of Mansur Hallaj. The mystic and martyr Al Hallage than the conlaj's travel to India, entitled the ght of learning) and quering Muslim elite, the institute religious studies in Indian dialects of Dakhni mir" was published in the old Jelhi, capital of India. Porons of these books and wois on Mansur-Al-Hallai and his travels to Kashmir begun by Al Hallaj. vi: Sind, Gujarat, Multan, Mosura (Maushra in It is not within the sub-

> a this subject. Islam in India and Pakisan is as old as the first decade of Hijri calendar, when an emissary of the (Peace be up on Him) arrived by Arabian Sea and settled near Calicut (locally known as Kozhikode) in Kerala, South India. This author had the occasion of visiting this city twice first in 1955 and later in 1975. Mansur Al Hallaj visited Sind and Gujarat by the same sea-route in the eighties of second century of Hiiri calendar.

Ekistan) throw new lights

Al Hallai continued to exercise influence, name and fame in the process of Islamisation in India. Nearly seven centuries later. subsequent to Mansur's visit to India, Feizi, one of the two brothers - the other being Abul Fadi principal advisors of Emperor Akhbar, concerned with his attempt at an Islamo-Hindu religious syncretism, in explaining his plan in Persian verse.

I am wine which intoxicates the mind, — it is not my fault if I

there are hundred melodies that the drunken nightingale creates.

- just so the rose of Iraq may flower in the soil of

The "rose of Iraq" seems to be an allusion to the teaching, and even to the person, of Hallaj, who had been defended by the great Hanafite jurisconsult, Mujjadid Alf-i-Saani, Sheikh Ahmad Sirhindi (d. 1031), a shuhudi in metaphysics like Semnani and Jili. A little. later, Prince Dara Shikuh, whose syncretism is even more pronounced and who founded an observatory and Darsgah at Chesmashahi in Srinagar, Kashmir, praised Hallaj by name and when his friend, the poet and philosopher. Sheikh

Sermed Qashani, was executed in Delhi for blasphemy, in 1071 H. - 1660 A.D., he went to his martyrdom as an avowed disciin Kashmiri continues to be associated with the movement of mystical syncretism

ject-matter of the present write-up to go into the merits or otherwise of the famous utterance of Anal-Haqq by Mansur, the great mystic of Baghdad. In such an exercise, it is necessary to be guided by the exposition attempted by the great poet of the East, Igbal whose collection of lectures at Madras entitled "Reconstruction of Philosophical Thought in Islam," shall serve to be a forerunner in the rebuilding of thought and philosophy in the emerging Muslim World in Asia, Africa and Europe.

The main purpose of this article, however, is restricted to the subject of Mansur Hallaj's travel accounts in India as outlined in the French author - Massignon's works on

According to Louis Massignon's The Passion of Al Hallaj - mystic and martyr of Islam, translated from the French with a biographical foreword by Herbert Mason (Bollingen Series XC VIII - Princeton University Press — Vol. I. the Life of Al Hallaj):-

"The capital of Qashmir (Kashmir) is the only sure point on Hallaj's itinerary, around 283 H. in the northwest of India, which we know he reached by way of the sea, either via Daybul (near present-day Karachi), or via the Balad-Al Shirk, to the east of Gujarat, between Bhiruj and Qanbaya via Daybul, he went directly up to the valley of the Indus via Mansura, Multan, Muslim towns. The detour through Gujarat (Bahmi) brought Hallaj into contact with polytheists who were aiready accustomed to receiving Muslim merchants, who were permitted to set up little autonomous colonies in their midst, notably at Seymur; which perhaps attracted Hallaj to come

there to preach. Under the sub-heading

"Mansura, Multan and Qashmir," the chapter "Travels and Apostolate," Massignon writes that: "To go from Samarra (Iraq) to Sindh in this era, one counted on more than five, months. To go from the ports of Sindh, up towards Qashmir, one had to pass through Mansura and Multan. Mansura, the capital of Sindh, was founded under Abbasid Mansur by Ummar Bin Hafs Muhallabi. According to the great

traveller, Biruni, author of Al Hind, the Ummavyad Khalifa held the suzerainty of Multan, until the time of Jalam-Bin-Shayban (Qarmathian chief). The account of Hallaj's travels to Sindh, Mansura, Multan and Kashmir con-

taining following references should make the historians and researchers stand up and to undertake in-depth studies in the points made therein, which in brief are as follows:-1. The method of cultural

penetration at that particular point of time was Qasida, then Tafsir.

2. AA-b-Umar-Bin-Abdul Aziz, in 270 H., sent to the King of Ra, between the two Qashmirs, a Muslim missionary who stayed there for three years and wrote Tafsir in Hindi, an account of which was collected by Hussain Bin Amar Najrani of Basra in 288 H. He spent seventy days going from Mansura to Kashmir Asfal. (Ref. Ajaib Al Hind.)

3. That from 225 H. there was a King of Usayfan: between Multan and Qashmir. a convert (Baladin).

4. That Hallaj returned from Qashmir (via Kabul-Balkh) when he was received at Tus in or around 284 H. — 896 A.D.

5. Qashmir, under the Karkutaka dynasty, had become an important intellectual centre, where Hindus and Turkish Buddhists of the neighbouring and allied state of Gandhara (Kandahar, Wayhind the capital)

mingled with foreign scholars. There was an observatory there. At the court (under the Awantiwarman kings 857-886, Shankarvarma 886-904), there were religious debates held on the Thura (Torah), the Injil (Gospels), and the Zabur (Psalms), in the same period as the visits by Hallaj.

6. Hallaj's visit to Qashmir proves that he made inquiries of a doctrinal nature in India, and did not only look for more or less miraculous techniques.

... 7. Hallaj also tried to go to Ma Sin (China) via Tashuryan-Yarkand. He had to wind around Khurasan, for he had left for the Balad-Al-Turk. 8. Calendars for all of

India were made there (Qashmir). Refer Biruni: Tathim. The "Rope Trick" and the white magic was reportedly the reason of Husayan-Bin-Mansur Al Hallaj to have paid a visit to India, as recounted by Abu-Al-Hasan Al Muzayan (d. 328 H. — 940 A.D.) who had recorded:-

"I saw Husayan-Bin-Mansur during one of his travels, and said to him: "Where are you going?" "To India," he said, "to learn about white magic (sihr): in order to draw men to God, may He be praised and exalted by this means."

The footnotes in Herbert Mason translation contain one such note with particular reference to Kashmir. It reads as under:-

86. Around 320/932. according to the traveller Abu Dulaf Misar-Bin Muhalhil Khazraji (Yagut IV, 454). Barmak, of Balkh, had been raised at Qashmir, where he had been able to study medicine, astronomy and philosophy (Yagut IV, 819). Another reference to

Kashmir is contained in the account of Turughbadhi which reads as follows:-"One day, Sheikh Abdul-

lah Turughbadhi of the city of Tus, had spread his tablecloth and was breaking bread with his disciples, when Mansur Hallaj artived from the city of Qashmir, dressed in a black qaba. holding two black dogs on a leash. The sheikh said to his disciples: a young man arrayed in this way is going to come, get up all of you, and go out to him, for he does great things...

The sheikh yielded his place to him (Hallaj) who brought his dogs to the table close to him... he ate the bread and gave some to his dogs, which shocked the disciples, who remarked to the sheikh: "Why did you let such a man, who eats with his dogs, sit in your place, a passerby whose presence here renders our entire meal impure"?

These dogs, responded the sheikh, were his self-(nafs), they stayed outside him while our dogs remain inside ourselves, and we follow behind them... "

This is the difference between the one who follows his dogs, and the one whom his dogs follow. His dogs are outside, and you can see them; yours are hidden. His state is a thousand times superior to yours. He desires to be in the creative will of his God, whether there be a dog there or not, he wants to direct his act towards God.

The narrative concludes with an account of Hallai's travels to Turkistan via Qashghar and to Ma Sin (or Ma Chin — western edge of China).

This narrative of Mansur Hallaj's travels in Indian cities would be incomplete without concluding the same with the localisation of tradition, as manifested by the following quotation from Vol. II part VI — The Survival of Hallaj in India:-

"The existence of the madfan of Hallaj at Porto-Novo (Muhammad Bunder) in a centre of Tamil-speaking Marakkayar Shafiite Muslim sailors (mixed with Tamil Labbai Muslims in Nagore) must certainly be connected with the apostolate of Nathan Shah Mazhar-Al Din (d. 411 Trichinapally) one of whose disciples, Baba Fakhr-Al-Din Sijistani, buried in Penukondah (in the district of Anantapur, the presentday Sufi centre of the presidency of Madras), is the patron-saint of "cotton carders" (pinjaras).

This piece on Hallaj needs to be concluded with the following quotation from the English translation of the most authoritative work on Hallaj by Mas-"Two important villages

of Gujrat, Dhahulkal and Mandal (in Jainist land). the lowly Doodwr (dairymen) caste still in the the surname 'Mai. ur' in memory of Hallaj. Two other present-day localisations of a Hallajian survival in India, the cult of Satyapur in East Bengal and the cenotaph of Hallaj at Muhammad Bunder (Madras) appeared only much later.

The author is a member of Kashmir Forum for Human

Diaru

These are tidbits from Election Campaign '93. Not exactly your regular Diary items, but the humour is hopefully present in all of them.



IT'S A NICE SHOT: Whether purposely or by coincidence, one of Amman's Third District candidates, Faris Nabulsi, managed to hang the right banner at exactly the right time. The photo above, taken by Jordan Times photographer Aynsly Floyd, shows just how appropriate the banner is. It says: "The future of our children is in our deputies' hands." It should have read "...in our policemen's..."

* * * * * * *

SCHIZOPHRENIA WINS: The Islamic Action Front (IAF) felt it was necessary to pre-empt criticism before it became banner headlines. In a press release telefaxed to newspapers Sunday, a spokesman for the IAF refuted reports by some "foreign correspondents' in Amman that claimed the front's traditional slogan "Islam is the solution" was being overlooked by many Islamist candidates, contrary to what happened in the 1989 campaign. "If this slogan was absent from the banners and literature of some candidates for technical reasons this does not mean that we have dropped it," the spokesman said. "We reiterate again that the general slogan of our national campaign is "yes...Islam is the solution." Someone who does not intend to vote for this slogan on Nov. 8 commented that the addition of the word "Yes" may be aimed at "assuring the government that the Islamists will abide by their sworn policy of saying "yes" when they actually mean "no."

FROM WAR TO PEACE: Nimr Al Haj Salman Assaf, an IAF candidate for the Fifth District, has interesting credentials. Not only does he have a Bachelor's Degree in industrial physics from City University in London, and had served as member of the Islamic Student Union while studying in England; he also has had the "honour of participating in Islamic Jihad in Afghanistan," as his campaign ad says. "Over and above that" his newspaper ad adds, Assaf "was arrested and charged with membership and funding of the Islamic Resistance Movement (Hamas) for nine months until he was released as part of the general amnesty." If anyone wonders how the candidate could afford everything on his long list (education at City University, fighting in Afghanistan and spending nine months in jail), his ad offers the answer to all. He now "works in trade and real estate investments/private sector.

* * * * *

USEFUL NUMBERS: If anyone wants to sound smart about the elections, here are a few numbers to throw about nonchalantly with guaranteed results. The government has made JD 279.500 from registration fees. An aggressive advertisement campaign in newspapers would cost a candidate about JD 60,000 (that is if they advertise in the three local Arabic newspapers and a couple of the weeklies). The lowest number of candidates vying for parliamentary seats (for Muslims) is in Maan Governorate where 19 candidates are contesting five seats. For Christians it is in the Balga Governorate where there are only four candidates for the two Christian seats. The highest number of candidates fighting for the same seat (Muslims) is in the Zarqa Governorate where 54 candidates are scrambling for six

* * * * *

APPEALING POWER: Akhbar Al Usbou, owned and operated by Issa Rimouni, a former parliamentarian representing Jerash, makes no secret of its interest in seeing the boss reelected. This week's issue dedicated the first and last pages of its free copy to world news but dedicated the inside pages to the achievements of its owner. The fact that it decided to distribute the paper free of charge is to its credit fo readers cannot be expected to pay for election propaganda serving only one person. Anyway, the Islamic Action Front, which announced its support for a candidate also from the Reimouni family for the Jerash district (in the hope that he would pull the rug from under the media tycoon's feet) had another field day when Issa took his campaign a step further and placed an ad in one of the local Arabic dailies. "He was pleading for votes, we think he feels the pinch," an IAF insider commented. The ad said: "I plead with you to remember who stood by you honestly over the past fifteen years and was never thrifty with his money spending it on installing electricity in your towns and building clubs and unions." "I promise you to continue giving and to help everyone because becoming a parliamentarian is not my aim but I strive to serve you bonourable people." And as if to underline his message he concludes: "During the last parliamentary session I met 86.000 citizens of Jerash and I swear by God that I served those I could... I felt sorrow and pain when my attempts at serving one of you did not succeed."

Nermeen Murad

Assembling PCs

By Jean-Claude Filas

Personal computers (PCs), like most modern electronic equipment have a modular design. They are made of several, discrete units, each with a well defined function contributing to form the whole system. These units, or modules, make it easier for the technical people to Perform repairs and maintenance, since testing, fixing or eventually replacing a single module is obviously simpler, quicker and cheaper than a complete machine.

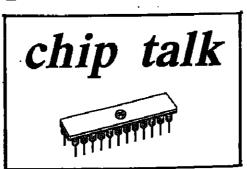
Modularity also contributes to making more flexible systems. It allows you to choose the type of monitor that is most adapted to your needs, taste and budget and connect it to your PC, whatever the brand or specifications. You can, for instance, purchase a powerful 486 computer and still prefer to use a simple monochrome, nine-inch screen if it is all you need and you do not want to jam your desk with a oversized, heavy colour model.

PC modularity goes well beyond the fact that the monitor is a separate unit. A standard computer can be broken down into a list that would include the floppy disk drive, the hard disk drive, the keyboard, the display controller card, the mother board, the mouse and the memory to name only a few.

The widespread availability of the above mentioned modules has created two markets. One that offers PC owners an appealing array of add-on items that can greatly enhance their existing systems and another that makes assembling a PC from scratch a very tempting but deceptively simple task.

The first case presents less problems for it actually adds a significant value to existing and satisfactorily working machine. If some add-on modules are sometimes mere gadgets, others can really increase the power, flexibility and functionality of a PC. The infrared corress mouse is an item one could easily live without while the CD-ROM (Compact Disc Read Only Memory) is slowly but surely becoming an essential part of a modern PC.

The second case, that of PCs assembly, has created a more complicated situation. Initially it presents two important advantages. Firstly you can practically "build" your computer by selecting yourself, and from different manufacturing sources, the discrete modules that would be assembled to make the final product, the computer. Secondly a tailor-made, assembled PC is generally less expensive than a branded. finished



Before reputable PC manufacturers release a product from factory, extensive quality control and burn-in tests are done, on both the modules and the finished, assembled product. The tests are to make sure that all the items work well together and that the machine can withstand a certain level of stress: Working temperature, humidity, shock levels, power fluctuations, etc...

Purchasing a locally or home assembled PC automatically means that an essential part of the testing has not been done. Moreover, most manufacturers of modules do not apply serious testing to their products, knowing these will be integrated in one cabinet with other modules. If anything wrong occurs, the user can always put the blame on "other" modules.

Does this mean that an assembled PC is less reliable than a branded, finished machine? The answer is yes. However, the price factor largely contributes to stimulate the local assembly market. In Jordan, this operation has steadily grown during the past two years. With the highly competitive situation most PC distributors are facing in the country, offering low cost machines has

In spite of weaknesses like cases of incompatibility, excessive noise level, electrical interferences and general failures, locally assembled PCs are doing well in Jordan. Vendors of such equipment argue that the risk factor is minimal and that the purchase is worth every

Currently at the Amman Computer Expo, organised by the Jordan Computer Society and running till Friday Oct. 22 at the Cars Exhibition Hall, airport road, one has the opportunity to see originally branded PCs as well as locally assembled machines. The rent is a matter of personal choice.

ON THE LIGHTER SIDE

By Mohammad A. Shuqair

BELIEVE IT OR NOT

- ☆ An Italian architect made full use of a metal prospecting device to discover a treasure comprising 6,000 gold and silver pieces that dated back to the Roman Age. The fortune was estimated at \$15,000.
- ★ On July 4, 1953 masses of snow fell down on one of California cities. Each mass weighed nearly 22
- ☆ In Rotterdam (Holland) there is a museum that shows all the ceremonial functions already made in the history of taxes.
- ★ India used "the monstrous crocodile" to clean up the waters of the Ganges River from wastes.
- ☆ A Japanese last year invented shoes for cats fitted with special soles that would enable them to remove dusts from the floors.
- ★ A German company has produced "a train toy" sold at \$194,130. It is made of 18 carat gold and decked with precious stones.

LET'S LEARN ARABIC SOME POLITE REMARKS

* * *

- Please remember me to your family. Min fadlak balligh salami lil'osra.
- Thanks, I will. Shukran, sawfa ahmil lahom at tahiya.
- Have a good time/nice time. Arjoo laka waktan momti'an.
- Thanks.
- Mashkoor. - Have a good holiday. Atamanna laka ijaza sa'eeda.
- Shukran jazeelan. — Thanks a lot.
- I hope you have a good time. Atamanna laka waktan tayyeban.
- Ashkorak. — Thank you.
- Hazzan sa'eedan. - Good luck.
- Congratulations. Tahaneena al kalbiya.
- Best wishes for a speedy recovery. Tamaniyati el kalbiya bish shifaa al aajil.

* * *

BANK OF KNOWLEDGE

HICCUPS

Everyone must be familiar with this condition, which can sometimes be most distressing if it refuses to stop. It is usually due to an irritation of the stomach (hence the association with alcoholic drink). which causes a spasmodic violent contraction of the breathing muscles resulting in the familiar 'hic' . There are many popular dodges for curing hiccups and one of these will usually work. If an attack develops when the stomach is empty, especially after a drink - such as a "cocktail" - one, or better two, glasses of water will often cut it short, and so sometimes will a little food. Holding the breath for as long as possible with reasonable comfort is also quite effective. Two lumps of sugar soaked in vinegare will often bring about a cure, or half a wineglass of vinegar with an equal quantity of water may be taken as an alternative. In some cases pulling on the tongue, or pressing on the eyeballs through the 'sed lids will bring relief.

TIME FOR FUN

- When Tiger Kelsey lost his temper, he resembled a typhoon.
 - "Tiger," murmured his girlfriend Lil. "Tiger, honey, may I give you some advice?" "Sure, Lil, sure."
 - "When you lose your temper, count to ten." Fifteen minutes later the sounds of fighting and screaming, moans and groans drifted into the house. Lil ran outside to see what had happened. To her horror an unconscious man lay on the sidewalk and standing over him with clenched fists was Tiger.
 - Lil stared angrily at Tiger.
 - "He called me stupid and I was red," sputtered
 - "Didn't you count to ten as I said?" admonished
 - "Yeah, I counted to ten, said Tiger defensively." But he never got up."
- Doctor: How is your wife getting along with her reducing diet? Husband: Just fine — she disappeared last week!
- Mandy: Did your father promise you something if
- you raked leaves? Andy: No, but he promised me something if I didn't!

YOUR DREAMS INTERPRETED

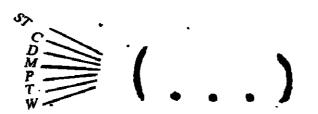
BANK: A rather straightforward dream. An empty bank signifies losses. Tellers paying out money is a warning against carelessness in business matters, unless you were yourself receiving or depositing funds, in which case you can expect some form of money luck.

COLLISION: This dream is telling you that you'd better take positive action in regard to making a decision. If you don't trust your own judgment, seek friendly (or professional) advice but stop dithering.

PUZZLES

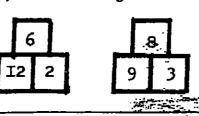
A) Insert the next letter in the series: ADAEAGAIAMA-

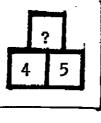
by any of the letters on the left.



B) Insert the word in the brackets that can be prefixed

C) Insert the missing number:





The infamous secretary

By E. Yaghi

Myrtle the turtle worked for an executive as his secretary. She took her job quite seriously and could be seen promptly arrive each morning for work one hour late. Well, of course, she slept half an hour more than her alarm (beauty sleep) and then pasted a new face on and teased her hair into a mop of disarray in the hopes that some unlucky creature would become spellbound by her hypnotic beauty and marry her at once. She never polished her nails before leaving for work because there was always time for this consuming chore in the office. After all, she had to do something to earn her wages! She simply adored the other female employees in the same building and could often be seen "entertaining" them in her own office whenever the boss made his

frequent trips outside the blue glass facaded building. One fine autumn day a potential client approached Myrtle's desk which was cluttered with various pieces of work her mean employer always seemed to bother her with and said: "Good morning, Miss. Is Mr Bon in?"

Myrtle sneered at him under her caked mascara, raised a cup of black tea to her lips to which she was highly addicted, took a long noisy sip and said: "May I ask who wishes to see him?"

My name is Marwan and just tell him an old friend of his, who is also a prospective client, wants to see him!" She tried her best to let her annoyance shine through like a streak of lightening in a raging storm and replied in the nastiest voice she managed to find: "Well, I'm afraid that my boss isn't in at the moment. Come back in

Naturally, she had summed up the client in a second's time, before he uttered the first word and immediately decided that he definitely did not fit the prescription of husband material, thus the cold shoulder and hasty brush off. His clothes were old fashioned, his shoes not shined and his (worst of all) grey hair cropped too close

Half an hour later, the client returned to Myrtle's office only to hear the disdainful reply to his query about his friend. "No, he did not come yet. He rushed off to another meeting and won't be back for another

She said this to the interruption of some tasty gossip from one of her female colleagues who sat next to her immersed in the latest saga of a fallen comrade. Highly perturbed that anyone dare invade her tete-a-tete she did her best to keep from screaming and when noting the disappointed look on the stranger's face as he turned to go, she sighed with disgust: "These people who have nothing to do but bother others are so pathetic! Why doesn't he just get lost?"

Two hours later, the client-friend sauntered in the office and once more asked. "Well, did Mr. Bon come

This time, Myrtle had herself deeply immersed in reading the want ads and obituaries, (the only sections of the paper she ever bothered to read) and replied in the iciest voice she could muster: "No. as a matter of fact, he's not in right now. He had a luncheon date with the minister of commerce and won't be back for several

She just hated persistent nobodies. They ruined her whole busy day. Why couldn't everyone who entered her office take note of her hectic and overworked situation and have a little mercy? She yawned and forgot to cover her mouth with her hand (portraying a row of sharp crooked teeth). She was so sleepy because she had ake since 7 this morning. It would be so n she could take a little snooze before that pest of a boss returned. She laid her bushy streaked hair down on her desk and before long, snored to her hearts content until she heard the footsteps of her employer coming down the hall. She grabbed a pen, some papers, and put on her glasses, just in time to look extremely busy.

"Good afternoon, Myrtle," he said with a cheery voice. Did you finish the last assignment I gave you? It's due by tomorrow. We can't afford to be late!"

"No sir. I've had so many interruptions today and so much work to catch up on that I didn't get to it yet, but don't you worry, sir. I'll have it ready before tomor"That's my girl! Did I have any phone calls or visitors

while I was gone today?"
"No, sir. Everything has been unusually quiet." She neglected to tell him of his client-friend who made numerous attempts to see him or the fact that she had so wittingly unplugged the telephone so as not to be plagued by those inconsiderate pests who kept calling. And while her boss walked with a brisk step into his office to busy himself with his own personal paperwork, she quickly re-connected the phone and decided to do one most urgent chore before tackling the requested

work of her employer. She puffed as displeased shot of wind and complained: "Men! They think women never tire and have absolutely no mercy for us secretaries. Does he think it's easy to sit at a desk all day long and answer the phone and take messages and receive clients plus do all the secretarial work that there is to do? Why, I go home exhausted from all the errands I run." She pulled open ner desk drawer, gave another wide yawn and declared: Hmmm, what colour nail polish shall I use today? Oh, es, I think that a dark purple will do fine. But, oh, if aly I hadn't broken one of my nails when I opened the indow for some fresh air! What menial jobs I'm

eployed to do! What sacrifices I must make."
So she busily painted her very long fingernails which reembled the claws of a chicken and sat back in sasfaction. She had just finished when her boss opened the door enough to stick out his head and inquire; Mattle, have you started working on that important

busiess yet?"
Se blew daintily on her nails and then announced in a sloy drawl. "In a minute, sir. Don't worry. I'll be done

Aler her nails dried, she took out her compact mirro, checked the paint situation on her face, powderecter nose, frizzled her hair, and yawned again. She wears took the batch of papers which demanded her immedate attention and began to decipher it. Much, much her, her boss opened the door again and yelled: "Myrth you're snoring! Did you finish? It's getting

All the coffee and tea she consumed hadn't kept her awake. he endeavoured once more to complete her task befce her and at last, in complete exasperation retorted her heartless slave driver: "The work was more thal I expected! It's late and I must be heading home. Beback tomorrow to finish the rest.

The nex morning, one hour late as usual. Myrtle hustled in the executive office and settled herself down on he familiar chair when Mr. Bon's door again opened and in an evidently irritated voice ordered: "Myrtle, cole here at once!"

She hastered into his office. There, sitting on a chair next to the excutive's large oval desk was that pest that had insisted a seeing her boss the day before. She noted the red out of rage that covered Mr. Bon's face and a down tun of his mouth where a smile mostly lived and stammered "Yes, sir! Is there anything I can do for

He shouted: Le this man sitting here? Do you know who he is?"

"Yes, sir. No it, I have no idea who he is."
He's my father low many times did he try to see me yesterday and your mored him and never gave me any

"Your father, sir i'm terribly sorry! I had no idea! Please overlook my vistake!"

"Indeed I will. I's overlook it with your instant dismissal. Get your this even near my office agan! You are an imbecile and the

worst secretary I ever had and a disgrace to the name!" It took Myrtle nearlyan hour to clear out all her make-up and nail polishfrom her desk. It took even longer to say farewell to \I her favourite gossips. Did she ever find other emplyment after her disgraceful exit from Mr. Bon's office Indeed she did! For if you look not too carefully, you ill find one in almost every business office. She's not discult to spy. Just look for a frowning face, a haughty abtude of more importance than the boss himself, that elmal black cup of tea, and a visiting gossip and you wi have found a secretary

JTV CHANNEL 2 WEEKLY PREVIEW

Thursday, Oct. 21

8:30 Coach

Dirty Tricks

Julie the basketball coach and coach Heyden keep playing tricks on each other, but these tricks become annoying.

9:10 Reasonable Doubts

Kate, Dicky's friend, is shot by an armed burglar, and Dicky goes after him until he shoots him during an attempted burglary.

10:00 News In English 10:20 Movie Of The Week

The Taste For Killing Starring: Jason Batman

and Henry Thomas

Two rich boys get involved in a murder, and the police keep investigating until they find the real murderer.

Friday, Oct. 22

8:30 E.N.G Ways And Means

10:00 News In English

10:20 The House Of Cards

11:10 Yes Minister The Economy Drive

11:30 Final Round of Asian World Cup 1994

Saturday, Oct. 23

8:30 The Fanelli Boys 9:00 Da Beat's On

9:30 Faces and Places

10:00 News In English 10:20 Feature Film -

Strays Starring: Timothy Busfield

and Kathleen Quintan

A gang of roving cats, residing in the cellar of a beautiful rural house, defend their territory by mauling the in-truders to death. Their residence is once again threatened by newcomers:

A couple with their baby

daughter. The film requires

Sunday, Oct. 24

parental guidance.

8:30 Bill Cosby Show 9:10 Thirty something

10:00 News In English 10:20 Documentary

11:10 Golden Palace

Remember the Golden Girls: Sophie, Rose, Blanche and Dorothy? They are in business now in a new series. Their dreams of fortune and fame drive them to buy aid manage. The Golden Palace Hotel.

Monday, Oct. 25

8:30 Delta

First Time Again

Delta enjoys a new date. Well, he is not really new. Eugene was her boyfriend when they were kids. .

9:10 The House Of Eliott

On the business front, the Elliot sisters join the House of Jack Duroque, the famous fashion designer and dress-maker. On the private front, the two sisters still have to come to grips with the fact that they eventually have to meet their half-brother.

10:00 News In English 10:20 The Chancer

Prison and the separation 10:20 A Woman Named from his girltriend Jo have Jackie

ture Now, he is drawn into bath to save a bankrupt state home by converting it ino a gambling casino with little help from Anna and mmy Blake!

Tueslay, Oct. 26

8:30 Peole Next Door The Witers celebrate

Hallowen. The costume party's fig spills over and out to inlude the People Next Dod 9:10 Bran New Life

Holding a yedding sounds

very nice. But it proves difficult whe Barbara, with three children and Rogers

nitty-gritty drails. 10:00 News A English 10:20 Classic Ilm

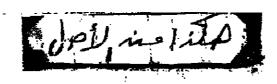
with two go down to the

Current

Wednesday, Oct. 27 8:30 Head Of the Class

9:10 View Pont 92 -Lemurs and hole in the sky

10:00 News In loglish



The Firm — a lawyer's dilemma

Tom Cruise — Mitch Jeanne Trippiehorn — Abby Gene Hackman — Avery Ed Harris — Wayne Holly Hunter — Tammy David Strathairn — Ray Producers: John Davis/Scott Rudin **Director: Sydney Pollack** Based on John Grisham's book The Firm Paramount Pictures 1993

Mitch, one of the top five students of Harvard Law School's graduating class, has every hot shot law firm in the U.S. coming after him. A small law firm in Memphis entices Mitch with an offer that pays 20 per cent more than his highest offer, a Mercedes car, a house, and repayment of his student loan bills. They also offer Mitch a sense of closeness... of family.

Mitch whose father was killed in a coal-mining accident, his mother living in a trailor and his brother in prison on a felony conviction is overwhelmed. His wife, Abby, less so. However, they decide to take the offer and move unknowingly to Memphis to a bugged home, car and phone.

A few weeks into the job, two of the firm's partners are killed in a boat explosion off the Grand Caymen Islands. FBI officers track Mitch and plant doubt in his head as to the several unexplained deaths in the firm. In a bid to recruit Mitch to give information on his colleagues and their clients, the FBI informs him that the firm's chief activity is doing business for the mafia.

Working with the FBI would get Mitch disbarred since he would violate the law profession oath which foremost emphasises client/lawyer confidentiality. And working for the firm would result ultimately in his arrest when the whole firm goes down. To add to Mitch's dilemma the FBI promises to release on parole his brother, Ray, but, the firm has taken their own precautions to keep their new rookie in line by setting him up with a prostitute during a business trip.

The firm revolves around Mitch McDeer played by Tom Cruise. Despite the movie's all star cast, the other roles are basically support roles to Mitch and his story.

Abby's role who Mitch admits has an enormous effect on him and who is truely the one who perceives Mitch's inner conflict remains undeveloped. Her presence bears no significant influence on Mitch's decisions. If we want to, we can believe Mitch's excuse of Abby's previous wealthy living, which she gave up when she married him, as his reason for his 24-hour work schedule. But, Abby herself does not buy it.

Of course her lack of development hinders any development of the relationship between Abby and Mitch. There are times then the conversation between the two seems stilted and awkward. Telling Abby about



Tom Cruise in the movie The Firm

his run-in with the nameless prostitute further destroys the relationship — a conversation Mitch had to have because the firm was using the incident as a blackmailing tool to keep Mitch in line.

Similarly Mitch only turns to his imprisoned brother whom he has not seen for years only when he discovers he is dealing with crooks. It is Ray who sends Mitch to an investigative detective, who is later killed... but FILM REVIEW

who's secretary, Tammy, helps Mitch.

Even Gene Hackman the most developed of all the "support" characters, who wonderfully portrays Avery. the dissipated lawyer, becomes a reflection of what Mitch would have become if he had stayed with the firm.

The characters Mitch deals with seem to be only pieces for moving the story forward without any special attention being given to the growth of their characters and their contribution to Mitch's growth. So when the two-and-a-half-hour movie comes to an end and there is a changed Mitch, whose inner conflict is resolved, questions arise on how.

If Ray was the catalyst which helped Mitch come to terms with his family and poverty, the movie did not fully explore this conflict. One can only assume that Mitch's dealing with crooks made the Harvard graduate aware that the world he aspired to become part of was no different than the world Ray lived in - and there

was nothing to be ashamed of in his previous world. If the movie's underlying theme is overlooked and attention is directed only at the story. The Firm succeeds in portraying a lawyer's dilemma and the means he uses to solve his dilemma while keeping his oath to himself and the law.

By Najwa Najjar-Kort

A startling perspective on the king who lost the colonies

By Michael Kuchwara The Associated Press STAMFORD, Conn. -George III was more than the king who lost the col-

Audiences will be startled to discover a gallant, almost heroic figure in Alan Bennett's intriguing The Mad-ness Of George III, now touring the United States courtesy of Great Britain's Royal National Theatre. And in Nigel Hawthorne, they will find an actor who gives a gallant, almost

heroic performance as the III is not a history lesson, monarch who struggles against a mental affliction that Bennett suggests was physiological and not psychological.

Yet this fascinating evening of theatre won't be seen on Broadway. The play's stop at the rich forum here, its American premiere, will be followed by engage-ments in Brooklyn, Baltimore and Boston before the production returns to London in November.

The Madness Of George

ு இரிந்திர் நிறிந்தில் நிறி தேரிவிரிக்கு நாளர் நிறியிருள்ளது. முறிந்திருக்கும் ஒன்ற திறி நாள்கு நாள்கு தெரியிருக்கு நாக்கு நாக்கு

but rather the portrait of a simple, stubborn man being dragged through pain by a cabal of politicians and physicians. Bennett portrays them as ambitious men, more intent of gaining power or money for themselves than in finding a cure

for their king. As staged by Nicholas Hytner and designed by Mark Thompson, the play has the look and feel of a historical pageant, huma-nised by the king's suffer-

ing. From his first appearance in his military finery to his unnerving descent into madness while dressed in a soiled nightshirt and dirty stocking cap. George Anchors the play.

His mental illness materialises in fits and starts as peculiarities that the playwright drops suddenly into George's conversation. Hawthorne carries off the man's increasing lunacies with the skill of a high-wire performer working without

And his horrific torture at the hands of doctors determined to bleed, burn and purge him of his sickness is unflinchingly portrayed by Hawthorne, who never lets the audience forget the man behind the crown. The actor invests the king with such a sympathetic spirit that it is impossible not to root for him during his tra-

"When you get to know somebody, you do form an attachment and I certainly did with George, " Hawthorne said in an interview. 'And not just knowing what he went through when he was ill, but also his loyalties. He had a great loyalty to his wife, Charlotte. "He was an honest man,

really honest, and with the

colonies he felt that they belonged to us and therefore, they must pay taxes." Hawthorne added. "He never came to America. and had he, maybe he would have seen things in a proper light. And he ly blundered, but I don't think he was a villain. He was foolish unto himself."

many mistakes. He certain-

George dominates the play so completely that the rest of the characters almost seem like props, theatrical devices to illuminate the king and Hawthorne's bravura performance.

Still, impressions are made by Julian Wadham as the icy, alcoholic Prime Minister Willim Pitt and Nick Sampson as the Prince wouldn't have made so of Wales, George's overea-

ger offspring ready to take over from his ailing father. Hytner, best known as the director of Miss Saigon, has staged The Madness Of George with a flourish. Designer Thompson has placed the action within two large gold picture frames, with many of the scenes looking like paintings that have come to life. He also utilises a wide staircase that fills the stage, a provocative effect that - with a minimum of fuss -- evokes the grandeur of court life.

Billy Idol just wants to have fun in hi-tech age

By Dean Goodman

Reuter NORTH HOLLYWOOD, California — Although Billy Idol's latest album is being slammed by the critics, the British rocker says he's enjoying himself and trying to rise "to a new

cessor, Charmed Life, which reached number 12 on the U.S. charts, his latest album, Cyberpunk (Chrysalis/EMI), has plummetted. It debuted at 48 and quickly slipped down the top 200.

Critics roasted Cyber-The same of the sa

Clockwork Orange picture of the future by mixing Ap-" ple Macintosh technology clad women. with Idol's curious opin-

dance version of the velvet underground's Heroin, while the follow-up was abriots, called Shock To The

Other songs deal with U.S. government oppression and the age of destruction. A few chants and soundbites are thrown in by

that is where Sherjan's

sights are set. "What we

want to do is set up a base in the U.K.," said Sherjan,

explaining the TV Asia

marketing concept. "Once

we've got a core market to

Although the subconti-

Britain, we can go global."

nent and Far East are a

natural market for TV Asia,

the company's cautious

approach makes sense-

Competition for what will

be one of the next century's

most lucrative TV markets

is already fierce. The

world's most powerful

media moguls have turned

their attention from the

U.S. and Europe to Asia

and are preparing to do

battle for a share of a mas-

sive viewing population that

stretches from the Gulf of

papers-to-satellite tycoon,

recently took a dominant

share of Star TV, the pan-

Asia satellite station based

in Hong Kong — with a

potential audience of 3 bil-

lion. Meanwhile, satellite

operators are in a cut-throat

fight to get their satellites

into the overcrowded sec-

tion of space that serves the

What makes the Asian

region.

Rupert Murdoch, news-

Arabia to Japan.

punk, which painted a raunchy hits like Rebel Yell and White Wedding and videos featuring scantily

Is he finally, at the age of 37, acting out Johnny Rot- was orginally going to be The first single was a ten's observation of him as ance version of the velvet "The Perry Como of punk" and taking a more urbane view of life as befits his age? No way, says Idol, referring to one of the videos he filmed for Heroin.

"One of them's definitely got me with three chicks in a hot tub, so don't worry. People criticise you for one thing, and then when you a man better known for move away from it they get upset you're not doing it. It's funny," he said in a recent interview with Reu-

Shock To The System about God's role in proving the fallibility of the Pope by way of Galileo's astronomical discoveries, but then the riots broke out on the first night of recording, and a new idea was born.

"From my house you could watch them," Idol said in between rehearsals for a European tour as the

support for Bon Jovi.
"It was like LA (Los

Angeles) replaying the Gulf War, it was weird, some weird karma, rent-a-thug. The government, the enemy of the people, is attacked by the people it really fears: Its own peo-ple," Idol said.

Emboldened by such technological and popular revolutions, Idol applied a do-it-vourself attitude to Cyberpunk. He halved its cost by making it at home with his band, which included living colour bassist Doug Wimbish, and by using software that turned his Macintosh into a recording

But the finished product is not, as one might imagine, some soulless array of synthesisers and sequencers. The computer was a means to an end, and the humans were firmly in charge. But Idol shies away from any pioneer tag.

"I'm just enjoying my-self, mate," he says. "I'm trying to take myself to a new level ...you've got to keep moving, you've got to keep doing things, you've got to keep yourself alive first before you can do anything for anybody else."

rockers are penning their memoirs or decaying at an artistic impasse, Idol has kept moving by catering to mainstream pop tastes while retaining his endearing cocky demeanor. He's even let his trademark spiky coiffure grow into an impressive set of dreadlocks.
"That's what punk rock's

While other 1970s' punk

all about," he says, explaining his enduring appeal. "It's taking whatever you had and using it, and not really worrying if it was better or worse than what somebody else did.

ised, was be Billy Idol. I'm not trying to be Mick Jagger, I'm not trying to be Jim Morrison, I'm not trying to be Johnny Rotten. I'm not into competition. I think that's really important." Idol often refers to the

"All I had to do, I real-

fun aspect and indicates he's just a simple lad after a good time.

"You've only got limited abilities really. I think (David) Bowie said he's always battling with his mediocrity. Christ, if he's battling with it, what do you think I'm doing?" he said.

TV Asia broadcasts to Europe, North America

By Max De Lotbinière

LONDON — Known and loved by millions worldwide for his wide range of film roles spanning comedy, musicals and melodrama, no star in the firmament of Asian films shines as brightly as that of Amitabh Bachchan. Now, the U.K.-based satellite TV station TV Asia, is literally taking Bachchan and his films to the heavens.

The satellite station, which started broadcasting to the U.K. and across Europe from its base in London in July 1992, has received Bachchan's blessing and, more importantly, access to the back catalogue of his films. Endorsement from someone of his stature is worth a great deal to the fledgling satellite station. In the short term, the station must persuade its potential European market of over 2 million people of South Asian origin to buy a satellite dish and the decoder and to purchase a £12 (\$18) annual subscription.

TV Asia offers a mix of talk shows, news, music and, above all, movies. So far, the company claims that 32,000 homes now receive TV Asia, 2,000 short of its launch target, but encouraging nevertheless.

The company is not limiting itself to Europe. This summer TV Asia started transmitting across North America: Chief executive Faisal Sherjan is confident that the disparate but welloff Asian community will . make enthusiastic viewers. The ultimate market, of

market a media analyst's dream is its potential. Satellite TV has had to compete with well-established terrestrial TV networks in the U.S. and Europe. The fight to gain a respectable market share has been a long, expensive one. In contrast, television across much of small percentage of homes sion. He points to the Asian

course, is Asia itself and have a TV.

More importantly, the national TV networks that are received are of poor quality and, for the most part, under tight govern-ment control. With such limited competition, all Mr. Murdoch and his colleagues need to do is set up their satellite stations and wait for economic growth in the region to do the rest. They predict that by the end of the century, cheap TVs and satellite dishes will outnumber radios.

Meanwhile, TV Asia admits it has a lot to learn. Transmitting space on the Astra satellite that serves Europe is scarce and. according to Sherjan, the channel had to go on the air only hours after it was allocated transmission times. "You don't wait around." he said. "That's how this business works." The rush meant the station's staff learned as they went along. After a year, most of the teething troubles have been ironed out. Nevertheless, Sherjan stresses that TV Asia has been committed to a carefully thought-out programming policy.

"What we do not want to do is foster a ghetto mentality among the Asian community," he explained. pointing out that current affairs programmes and talk shows examine issues that affect society as a whole, not just Asians. He also believes that TV Asia can strengthen a community that is aware of its own Asia is in its infancy. Only a language and ethnic divi-



Faisal Sherjan hopes, in the near future, to transmit his TV Asia programmes throughout Asia

press, which, although very strong in the U.K., is limited to the main language groups of Urdu, Hindi and Gujarati. T. A.a. includes . all these language speakers in its audience by mixing English, the lingua franca, with an equal share of each. Editorially, TV Asia is keenly aware of the reli-

gious and political tradi-

tions within the community.

Sherjan is confident that news reporting has struck the right balance. "The destruction of the Ayodhya mosque in northern India last year was a special test for us," he recalled. "We had to steer clear of any angle or bias. We certainly didn't broadcast "score sheets" of who had killed whom because that would have been inflammatory.

Our policy is to desensitise almost any incident."

Sherjan is equally proud of the example of unity set by TV Asia itself, "our chairman is Indian. I am Pakistani. We have East African Asians on staff. We are all working together in a visible field of business."

The figurehead of Amitabh Bachchan also bridges inter-community divisions. As Sherjan points out, Bachchan is an icon for Pakistanis as much as for Indians. The station has access to the star through his brother Ajitabh Bachchan, who is TV Asia's chairman. Ajitabh also has links with one of India's largest film distribution companies, Friends India, which is a major supplier of exclusive films to the station.

One of TV Asia's most attractive offers to subscribers is its World Premiers. Each month the station claims to premier a new Asian film at the same time as it is released in Indian cinemas and before it is released on video. In addition, the station says, it broadcasts seven and a half hours of movies every day in Hindi, Urdu, Punjabi, Gujarati, Tamil and Bengali, drawing on a library of over 600 films.

Next in popularity after cinema releases are TV soaps operas. While India is the home of the Asian film industry, the most popular soaps come from Pakistan. TV Asia promises its viewers at least four hours a day of the top dramas. Sherjan is quick to stress that the

station does not just relay films and soaps. It has made a commitment to producing its own programming, which, he claims, accounts for 30 per cent of output --more than any other satellite channel of its kind.

He admits that TV Asia has a way to go to bring in-house programmes --such as news and sports coverage and talk shows up to the high standards set by terrestrial TV stations. We are not there yet," he said, "but we are getting

there. Cost is the main hurdle. While the relaying of films and soaps is relatively cheap, news and current affairs coverage requires a major investment. The test TV Asia faces in its second year is whether it can generate vital advertising revenue from its audience. On pap-

er, the figures look good. It is estimated that Asians in the U.K. alone have a combined income of £5 billion (\$7.5 billion). TV Asia's demographic survey puts 54 per cent of the population in the top advertising spending bracket indicating high earning and spending potential. Homeowners account for 64 per cent of the population, and a further 21 per cent run their own business.

The challenge is to persuade advertisers who have never used the TV medium before to branch out. Sherian is confident that businesses within the community will want to advertise, but he has yet to persuade the major advertisers to target their products at the Asian community. The formula should

work, says Kate Buckley, a U.K.-based satellite TV analyst. "It is hardest for a satellite channel that has a wide-ranging audience. An identifiable niche market. like the Asian community, is ideal. The channel can show that it is going direct to the target homes and the advertiser gets a guaranteed audience."

TV Asia in the U.K. and Europe still has a major hurdle to overcome. It has not been allocated a prime time evening slot on the Astra satellite system. This means that the station has to go off the air between 6 p.m. and midnight, when most of its audience wants to watch. With fierce competition for satellite transmission space, it looks as though TV Asia will have to wait until a new Astra satellite goes into orbit later next year before it can air during the prime time slot. In the meantime, Sherjan and his team are looking to the North American and Caribbean market — an estimated 1.5 million homes could tune into the station from the Galaxy 3 satellite system. When the call comes

through that TV Asia has got the satellite space it needs. Sherjan won't hang around. The company has done its groundwork. It is ready to go anywhere. He is convinced that the day when Asians can switch to TV Asia in Asia is not far off - World News Link

'Organoids' to supplement failing organs formation of vessels and he

By Jean Chabrier

The idea of this area of research is not to create artificial organs, but to develop living structures, able, after implantation, to replace a failing organ in all of its functions. This work is being carried out by a team at the Pasteur Institute.

PARIS — First of all, there The numerous difficulties were "artificial" organs such as the "artificial kidney", complex, expensive machinery which is hard on the patient but makes it possible to compensate for the failure in the kidney's function of purifying the blood. Today, it is the only means of survival, apart from a transplant.

Considerable work has also been carried out to produce an "artificial heart," which is no less complex and even more risky and which can only be used temporarily until, in this case too, a hypothetical transplant can be performed.

In the last thirty years, it has been possible to master the operational and biological techniques of organ transplants "very" or "fairly" satisfactorily, depending on the organ in question.

have either been solved or circumvented. But, at the moment, either out of a lack of civic feelings or out of metaphysical fear, there is a dearth of organ donors. An attempt is being made to remedy this situation by using "xenografts."

This method consists in using animals to obtain tissues or organs, after genetic mutations, which could then be grafted onto human beings and accepted by their organisms. Pigs and monkeys are the animal species which give the most hope, but, so far, none of the attempts made has been

The idea of "organoids" came into being in the early 80s. Although the application on man appears close at hand, it should be pointed out that all research has been carried out on

cells that replace the failing or missing ones

The idea is simple, so to speak. Cells are taken from the patient. These are altered genetically so that they produce the missing or faulty coding protein, which is the cause of the disease. These cells are then left to grow in a favourable medium until a sufficient

to implant them back into the patient. It is thus an "autograft" of what is defined as being an "organoid" (mass of cells).

The initial research was carried out in the United States by Verma (Salk Institute) in 1985 and by Maciag in 1989 (Nat. Inst. Health). The techniques of the amount has been obtained period used firbroblasts,

voung skin cells which are easy to manipulate genetically and to grow. But the simple injection of these modified cells did not produce the hoped for results. They are unable to return to the place they come from alone and that is the only location where they can survive and be effective.

dles rapidly.

Spectacular results

Moreover, there is a risk of proliferation and, in that case how can they be removed? In order to get round this objection, Maciag used another procedure. He was fascinated by Hence, their activity dwinthe phenomena of the

implanted a piece of collagen (a protein of connective tissue), soaked in fibroblast growth factor. In a few weeks, a perfectly irrigated "ball" of fibroblasts was formed. He then attempted to graft on some liver cells. The assemblage was well tolerated, but, very quickly, the organoid became fibrous and inactive. It was a failure.

The team at the Pasteur Institute (P. Moullier, O. Danos and J.M. Heard) tried another method consisting of synthetic fibres camouflaged in collagen plus fibroblast growth factor taken from the future receiver. It is an autograft and so there is no immune reaction. Moreover, the genetically modified cells remain active for several months. As soon as the cells are infected by the coding virus, they are immediately plunged in the collagen camouflaging the synthetic fibres. The fibroblasts spontaneously find their bearings, a mesh forms and then retracts, producing a small "ball" of a few millimetres. The implantation is carried out in a single step in a fatty membrane covering the intestine where the implant is easily vascularised.

Using this method, sever- L'Actualite En France.

al tens of millions of modified cells are in place. They have no tendency to leave the organoid and the results obtained are spectacular. When the organoids are removed after a few months. they are still fully active.

Highly promising results have been obtained with dogs and research is continuing, particularly on replacing the fibroblasts by other kinds of cells such as myoblasts (young muscle. cells) and applying this technique to man is being considered, especially for diseases linked to an enzyme deficiency. Organoids give hopes for many even more elegant therapentic possibilities which would, above all, be more effective and less constraining for the patients.

However, hormone secreting organs pose quite 1 a problem as the secretion is not a continuous process but is performed "on demand." Insulin, for instance, is only secreted according to the level of blood sugar. The use of oligonucleotides is being considered, to block the transcription of a given gene for a determined timespan.

It is almost science fiction, but not quite yet --

Researchers announce first large-scale test of prostate cancer drug

By Cassandra Burrell The Associated Press

WASHINGTON - Researchers have announced the first large-scale test of a drug that holds promise for preventing prostate cancer a condition affecting one-third of American men over 50.

About 18,000 men 55 and older will take part in a seven-year study to find out whether the drug — Finas-teride — works, said the National Canter Institute and Merck and Co. Inc., the maker of the drug. The tests will be carried out at

Administration (FDA) approved Finasteride, also known by the trade name Proscar, in 1992 for the treatment of benign prostatic hyperplasia. a noncancerous enlargement of the prostate, a gland that secretes fluid discharged with sperm.

... Because this condition and prostate cancer are influenced by similar hormonal factors, researchers believe the drug may also prevent cancer.

try.
The Food and Drug

We believe Finasteride

222 sites around the coun- is a very promising agent that could prove to be of great value in heading off prostate cancer," said Dr. Charles A. Coltman, chairman of the Southwest Oncol-

> "But the theory is still untested, and only a largescale, controlled clinical trial of Finasteride can show whether the drug is truly effective for cancer prevention," Dr. Coltman said in a statement issued by the National Cancer Institute.

"In 1993, there will be about 165,000 new cases of

ogy Group, the organisa-

tion that will coordinate the

prostate cancer and about 35.000 deaths," said Dr. Samuel Broder, director of the Cancer Institute. "Prevention of cancer is our highest goal, and the need for effective prevention strategies is clear.

About 98 per cent of prostate cancers are diagnosed in men age 55 or older. The rate for American blacks is twice the rate for whites — a phenomenon the Cancer Institute said was of "particular con-

"For reasons not currently understood, African-American men have the highest prostate cancer mortality in the world," Dr. Broder said. One possible explanation is that blacks tend to be diagnosed with prostate cancer at later stages than whites are.

An estimated one-third of men over age 50 in the United States have early, undiagnosed prostate cancer, the Cancer Institute

"Most of these cancers are destined to remain

harmless, but some will progress to clinically significant disease," it said.

Half of the 18,000 men participating in the drug trials will take one 5milligram tablet of Finasteride every day for seven years and half will take an inactive pill, or placebo. having no medicinal value.

The two groups will then be compared to determine whether their prostate canparticipants nor the doctors conducting the study will know which men are getting which pill.

Finasteride controls benign prostatic hyperplasia by reducing levels of the hormone dihydrostestosterone in the prostate. Dihydrostestosterone promotes the growth of prostate cancer, doctors said.

the prostate, and its side said.

said Dr. Peter Greenwald.

cer risks differ. Neither the effects are rare and mild. doctors said.

> In tests performed by Merck, fewer than 5-percent of men complained of impotence or decreased sexual desire.

"In addition, a recent study suggests that these problems frequently diminish over time in men who continue to take the drug," Finasteride works only in the institute's statement

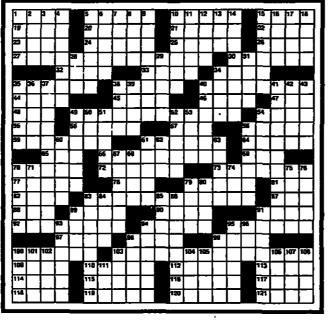
WEEKEND CROSSWORD

CREATION
By James and Phyllis Barrick

59 Light beer 61 Like celeb

92 Tie again 94 Result in 95 Black or rain end

Diagramiess 17 x 17, By Don Job



Last Week's Cryptograms

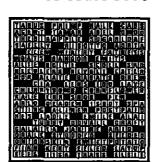
CRYPTOGRAMS

1. RENDYRAW LTI BXTAD GTJB YNB ETTG CJJG RTK DYJ GHI HB YJ JBXTKDB XADJ 2. PLACID TONES EKQNTRCK WCM QEKC-

NURBI OBRUCD PRAC. 3. BFC INBPC INCODE ANUDYN JBF XTNYZC HYD NUIR ANUDUPH DEVEY OTPPZYL

PLILMCK TWEST, EUK SEBRCK ONBCRID

4. WENUPN OLD WOWER BLE PAINTS LB AINTS YDRIE BYCG PWUG.





Cancer study shows benefit supple reduce the risk of cancer,"

By Paul Recer The Associated Press

WASHINGTON — Daily doses of beta carotene. Vitamin E and selenium reduced cancer deaths by 13 per cent in a study conducted in rural China by

U.S. researchers. The five-year study, involving 29.584 people in an area where cancer rates are among the highest in the. world, showed that some vitamins and minerals can be of benefit against cancer. according to the National Cancer Institute (NCI) researchers.

"The study is the first randomised trial to show a significant reduction in can-

CHICAGO (R) - A fast

and effective blood test has

been developed to detect

carriers and victims of "fra-

gile X syndrome," the most common form of inherited

The test employs a tech-

nique that rapidly amplifies

specific regions of chromo-

somal DNA, making an

analysis of a telltale portion

of the X chromosome

The test was described by

researchers from the New

York State Institute for

Basic Research in develop-

mental Disabilities in Staten Island, in the latest issue of

Journal of the American

"After DNA isolation and... amplification, the

analysis can be completed

Fragile X syndrome

causes mental retardation in

one in 1.250 males and one

in 2.000 females, the researchers estimated. It is the

most common form of men-

tal retardation in males af-

in less than eight hours,"

Mcdical Association.

the report said.

mental retardation.

easier.

Test can detect mental

retardation risk

cer in a population sup-plemented with vitamins and minerals," Dr. William J. Blot said.

Dr. Blot added, however, that the results "don't automatically translate to the situation in the United

Dr. Blot and other NCI experts also said the single study does not present conclusive proof that vitamin and mineral supplements. such as in vitamin pills, are protective against cancer.

"At this point in time, NCI recommends that Americans eat a well-balanced diet, low in fat, high in fiber, with plenty of fruits and vegetables, as a way to maintain good health and to

ter Down's syndrome.

Although males are

mainly affected, women are

able to carry the genetic

defect and pass it on to some of their sons — who

are affected - and some of

their daughters - who are

not — but who in turn

Affected males in addi-

tion to being mentally re-

tarded are, generally tall, physically strong, have a

prominent nose and jaw.

increased ear length, large

testicles and are prone to

as strongly but about a third

of female carriers showsome degree of intellectual

impairment, according to

the Encyclopaedia of Medi-

scribed as faster and cheap-

er than current detection

methods, could be used to

counsel women on child

bearing decisions, or to de-

tect presence of the syn-

drome before or after birth.

The test, which was de-

Women are not affected

become carriers.

epileptic seizures.

director of the division of cancer prevention and control at NCI. "We do not have recommendation now for vitamin and mineral supplements. The population studied.

in four communes in a farming area of northern China, gets less nutrition than most Americans, and has a much higher rate of cancer, Dr. Blot noted. As a result, he said, it is impossible to draw a scientifically accurate conclusion that the vitamins that lowered cancer incidence and overall death rates in China would have a

States. "We feel they do offer a hopeful sign," said Dr. Blot. "It strengthens our growing knowledge of the relationship between nutrition and cancer."

similar effect in the United

in an area of China called Linxian, about 300 miles south-southwest of Peking. the capital. The people in the area are mostly farmers with a diet dominated by com, wheat and pickled vegetables.

Epidemiologists have long been interested in the area because of its extraordinarily high rate of cancer, particularly cancer of the esophagus.

esophageal cancer among people aged 40 to 69 in the U.S. is 5 to 19 per 100,000.

The vitamin groups were:

two B vitamins. - Ascorbic acid, which is Vitamin C, and molybde-

tocopherol, a form of Vitamin E. and selenium. These are all considered anti-oxidants which are thought to help prevent damage to

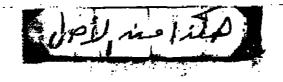
Some people received all of the vitamin groups, while others received different combinations of the groups.

SOLUTIONS

(A) O. (The number of letters between A and each successive letter in the series is always a prime, going up in order from 2 through 3, 5, 7, 11 to 13. There are thirteen letters between A and O.)

ART or ARE or ILL

(C) II. (Eleven). The number in each set of square add up to twenty.



in Linxian, the rate is 470 per 100,000 among people of the same age. In cooperation with the Chinese government, NCI researchers arranged for a study group of almost 30,000 adults, aged 40 to 69. They were divided into

groups that received different combinations of vitamin supplements or placebos. Dr. Blot said the vitamin and nutrient doses were up to two times the : U.S. recommended daily allowance.

Retinol, a form of vitamin A, and zinc, which helps metabolise Retinol. Riboflavin and Niacin,

num, a notrient. The study was conducted - Beta carotene, a form : of Vitamin A; alpha:

DNA in cells.

Ancer, particularly cancer In this way, the benefit of the esophagus.

The esophagus the specific vitamins could be at h rate from be analysed, Dr. Blot said.

del in lite

Courts overturn rejections

(Continued from page 1)

government was keen on holding free and fair elections in an atmosphere of absolute demo-

He said: "We are a state of law ... we apply the law to the letter and will not allow (anybody) to violate it or use it for the sake of one faction on the expense of another.'

He said that the transfer of the teachers was done in accordance to the law that bars civil servants from campaigning for any of the candidates. He said that those teachers had

violated the law. Dr. Farhan had also com-'plained during his press conference on Tuesday that the gov--ernment did not allow his party to hold public rallies. To that the minister countered that candidates could campaign in cinemas, hotels, and festival

halls but not in public places. "We bar the use of public places if we had information and proof that the safety of participants could be jeopar-

dised," he said. So far, only the applications of two candidates. Nimer Sarhan and Saleh Masandeh. were rejected. Their contestations were rejected by the Amman First Instance Court because Mr.Sirhan, who applied for candidacy in the First District, has not been a Jordanian citizen for 10 consecutive

Mr. Masandeh, who intended to run in the Sixth District, failed to prove that he completed 30 years of age as stipulated by the Election Law.

Shaher Rawashdeh, a candidate in Karak governorate. Wednesday, withdrew his nomination and the withdrawal was accepted by the governor of Karak, Petra said. No reason was given for the with-

Russia may veto vote

(Continued from page 1)

The Russians argue that the sale of oil was removed from the proposal to accommodate objections from other Eurog pean nations, which depend heavily on Libyan oil.

Troubleshooter reports 'progress'

(Continued from page 1)

all we can to make progress." Syria has said it would not oppose the PLO-Israeli agreement, but it has criticised PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat for going behind the backs of his Arab partners in the peace process to secretly negotiate the accord.

The trip by Mr. Ross comes as the Syrians are threatening to stay away from the next round of peace talks unless Israel was willing to take serious steps towards progress in talks with them.

Syria is demanding a complete Israeli withdrawal from the occupied Golan Heights, while the Jewish state is insisting that Damascus spell out its vision of peace before commit-

ting itself to any withdrawal. Mr. Ross, who is also preparing for a tour of the region by U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher next month, said in Tunis Tuesday that the time was not right for any U.S. shuttle diplomacy to try to bridge the gaps between

Israel and Syria. Mr. Ross went on to meet Foreign Minster Shimon Peres before seeing a Palestinian delegation including peace negotiations Saeb Erakat and Hanan Ashrawi Wednesday

The U.S. peace coordinator pays a courtesy call on President Ezer Weizman on Thursday morning.

He began his shuttle in Egypt on Monday and met Mr. Arafat in Tunis on Tuesday. In Damascus, the official daily Al Thawra said Syria

expected little from Mr. Ross's tour and accused Israel of putting obstacles in the way of the peace process.

Nobody expects a lot from

Ross's tour, which he began on Monday, and no one expects it to produce results that would reactivate the Middle East peace process and break the In Riyadh, Syrian Foreign Minister Farouk Al Sharaa

said his country was seeking a

"real peace" in the Middle

East and not one that would

quickly disintegrate.

Ross: U.S. is studying means

(Continued from page 1)

accord and the Palestinian-Israeli talks underway in Taba underscored the important role Jordan will play in the econo-

mic development of the area. "Stens are taken to change realities on the ground ... (and that) will have an effect on Jordan and Jordan will (have an effect on them)," Mr. Ross

"Expectations and needs" of a Jordanian role are indicated in the PLO-Israel declaration of principles, he said. .

Saying that the U.S. will pursue all avenues to help achieve Middle East peace. Mr. Ross said he sees a commitment to the peace process by both Israel and Syria.

Asked if he favoured secret Syrian-Israeli talks to push the peace process forward, Mr. Ross said the U.S. supports whatever approach that will lead to progress.

But each approach may have to be tailormade to suit the different tracks of the negotiapions, he said.

Mr. Ross said the U.S.

help achieve a comprehensive solution to the Arab-Israeli conflict

The U.S. envoy left Amman for Israel on the fourth leg of a Middle East shuttle that is also expected to take him to Syria. where he faces a Syrian threat to boycott the next round of Middle East peace talks unless Israel shows what Damascus calls signs of seriousness in the negotiations.

of U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher will depend on the recommendation Mr. Ross -makes at the end of his current tour of the region. No date has been set for the

A possible trip to the region

next round of talks, the first after the signing of the PLO-Israel accord and the Jordanian-Israeli agenda in

Mr. Ross is trying to achieve a breakthrough between Syria and Israel to clear the way for the next round of talks.

He arrived in Amman from Tunis where he met with PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat. Both said their talks on the implementation of the self-rule deal for the Palestinians were conwould pursue all avenues to structive.

King warns peace agreement rejectionists

(Continued from page 1)

respect. As for the graduates, I express my sincere congratulations on their achievements during their years of loyal and distinguished service and on the occasion of their graduation from this advanced class. I will continue to take great pride in you, as I watch you advance in the fields of science, planning and training, while you work diligently day and night - to keep our land safe, strong and wellprotected, with God's help.

As for our land and family, both our sons and daughters. this land of Jordan is a land that withstands challenges and that derives its strength from iustice and from the experiences it has lived through since its inception in the most dangerous location in the Arab World. This land — with the awareness and abilities of its people, with God's help and blessings — that is capable of differentiating between right and wrong, that is courageous in difficult and decisive situations, that is forever true to its responsibilities towards future generations, this land of Jordan was the subject I spoke of to you a few days ago. I spoke to you in detail, focusing on what confronts us. I spoke with the sincerity of a Hashemite who is honoured by his lineage and the obligations and responsibilities thereof which always rise above the mundane. the trivial and the material. and to whom you have given your trust for over forty years. one who has lived with you and for you, who has given you his full and absolute trust, of which you have always been and always will be worthy, a trust which obligates us to attain success in becoming a model for all, through participation in democracy or shura, call it what you will, and in political pluralism which is still in its early stages, a pluralism based on convincing and useful programmes that give people the opportunity to choose certain elements and advocates in the near promising future. This pluralism is Jordanian in origin and character, based on all that is good and worthy. With time and

experience, the various seg-

ments will come together in a number not exceeding five, to avoid congestion which hinders

movement. The members of these groups will achieve political maturity, shunning outdated political adolescence for a new and responsible mode that aims to unite and build rather than fragment and destroy, based on respecting and safeguarding the Constitution and the National Charter, upholding human rights without transcending the rights of others, and maintaining responsible freedom that respects the laws of the country and the rights of the citizens. ensuring — with God's help — that Jordan becomes a bright

beacon for the region and the world. I have spoken to you all on the eve of the commencement of the electoral campaign for the new Parliament, I meant every word that I said, and I see no need for reiteration. except to emphasise that we support Palestine, its people. d its leadership which the Palestinian people have accepted as their sole legitimate representative, in harmony with our fixed position that never undergoes seasonal changes. We committed ourselves to this position in the 1974 Rabat Summit, and to the aspirations of men, women. elderly people, and the children of Palestine, especially those who have clung firmly to their land and their rights on their national soil for twentysix years, without surrendering to despair, violence or suffering. Consequently, I say that we oppose anyone who attempts to impede them, or to extinguish the light of hope in their souls and hearts regarding the latest Palestinian-Israeli meeting, the mutual recognition. and the agreement on the formula for the declaration of principles. on the way to achieving peace based on Security Council Resolutions 242 and 338. We have never been and will never be - with God's help - pessimists who alter their positions overnight from one extreme to

As for Jerusalem, the sacred city, we have made our position on it clear, and we have clarified our Islamic Arab Hashemite responsibilities towards it and we have called for the formation of a distinguished non-political Islamic body that we would be honoured to cooperate with. a body that would rise above politics, and the ambitions and the three branches of governgreed of any individual or party, a body that would seek only God's blessing, and one that represents all Islamic sects. which today stand at seven. similar to the heptagonal star of the Arab Revolt flag that also characterises the Jordanian flag, seeking to unite the ranks of the Islamic Umma to be the best among nations, as God meant it to be. At the same time, we call upon the Christian world to unify its ranks, seeking to achieve a religions dialogue among the followers of the three monotheistic religions that would lead to a unanimous recognition among them that sovereignty over Jerusalem's holy places belongs solely to Almighty God. This would make the Holy City a site of prayer for all worshippers and

a meeting place for the worship of God, in compliance with Almighty God's will, as God has wished Jerusalem with its holy places to be dear to the hearts of all the children of Abraham (peace be upon him). This is a fact that no Muslim who has read the Holy Koran revealed to his faithful Arab Prophet can deny. because it is so clearly expressed. This is in addition to the fact

that we accept for the Palestinians what they accept for themselves, and that we support them wholeheartedly in all that strengthens them and strengthens us in our upcoming march, and we insist on our right to call upon all of them to meet and cooperate in compliance with God's order:

And obey Allah and His Messenger, and dispute not with one another, lest ye falter and your strength depart from you; but be steadfast! Lo! Allah is with the steadfast.

As for us here in Jordan, we should state that we fear no one, if we unify our ranks, and if this united people and large family should choose to elect those who represent them in their awareness, honesty, courage and sense of responsibility. I am confident — after relying on God - that each and every voter among you will neither let down himself/herself nor me, when you go within days to exercise your duties in a responsible manner. With God's help, this will pave the way for a future stable era, and a balance which we

cherish and uphold among

ment, as well as a continuation of progress and development and unity among us all. For it looks as though there are amongst us — may God guide us all - some who still seem to be engulfed by traditional negative attitudes, which, if allowed to continue - God forbidding — would force us all to reconsider the whole situation — each from his own position - regarding our responsibilities which we should houlder together. Let us shun from our ranks those who do not wish us well, those who would only find satisfaction in destruction in this country. which, God willing, will always remain strong and immune in the face of evil forces, whether these forces are acting deliberately or not. This may be the result of the fact that we were the last to know what went on between our brothers and others.

> established, we have passed through one catastrophe after the other, pointing out the dangers, but nobody listened. Once that which we warned of took place, we were the first to bear the consequences, and we were always the first to rectify the negative impact of each and every event. We were always deprived of any kind of understanding of our concerns and interests - interests which were never anything but the interests of the nation — and a lack of understanding of the reality of our national concern regarding our nation's interest. which we have always sought to serve, at the expense of this steadfast people. This led to some of us here, those ingrates who deny us our achievements. including the Constitution that we have given the people, freedom, democracy, respect for human rights, and all that distinguishes this land from others, to ask us - with stupidity and constant misunderstanding of our noble motives in the service of our nation to be the last to act when it comes to executing our duties towards our people, its future and fate. If all the Arabs were to sign declarations of principles or working agendas with Israel towards the achievements of peace before we do. they would have hailed and

commended them. But when

we sign and prepare ourselves

to start working on matters of

Ever since this Kingdom was

concern to us. it is a different matter. Everybody had become involved in peacemaking to begin with - a process to which there is no alternative - and we only did so after our insistence that progress is first made on the Palestinian-Israeli track, and our signing came in support of that progress.

To all of this, I have to say finally that we are for a just and comprehensive peace. Whether we proceed or not, or whether we refrain from taking steps in this process to which everyone is committed in the first place, it is a purely Jordanian national matter, a Jordanian national decision. It is time for everybody. Arabs as well as non-Arabs, to realise that we only act on our convictions that emanate from our concern for the interest of our country and nation equally.

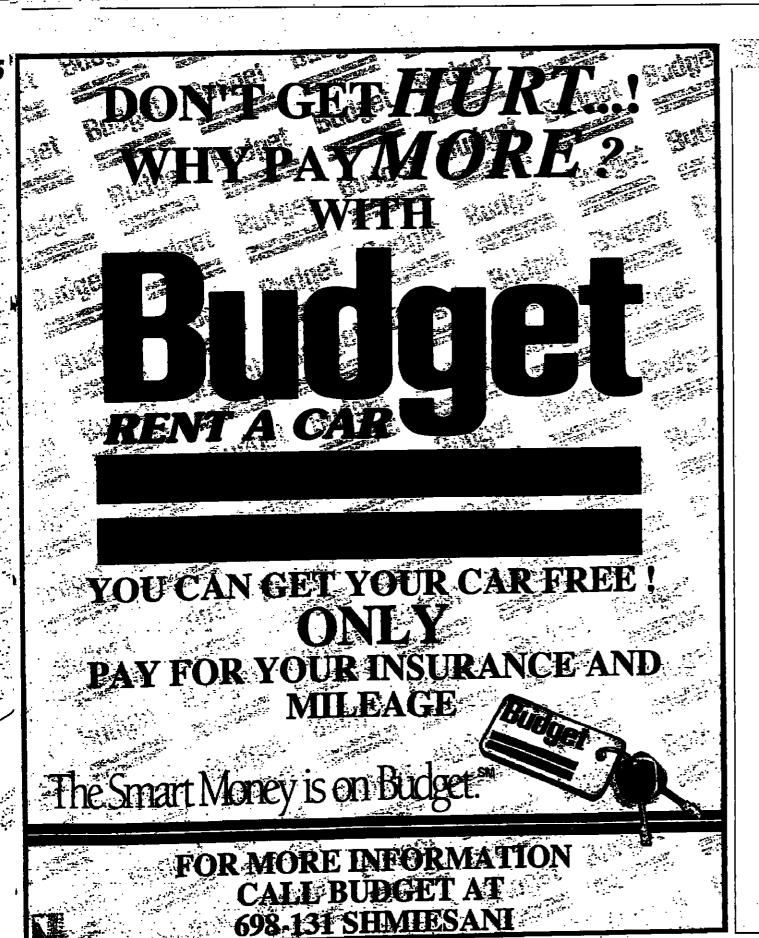
As for the Arab army, it has a major role here in protecting the homeland and its achievements, as well as a world role within international peacekeeping forces, and in the region, for the reinforcement of stability and security. At a time when the world around us is being reshaped after years of fragmentation, and at a time when the United Nations. which is preparing for its fiftieth anniversary, is on the threshhold of being reorganised in order to reflect the realities of the day — which differ from those realities prevalent when it was founded to formulate principles and to define human interaction in this universe by applying the same stands and measures to solve existing problems. It is then that all, ourselves included, will shoulder their responsibilities, partners on the basis of mutual respect, cooperation for the good of humanity, and a collective responsibility in a promising new world.

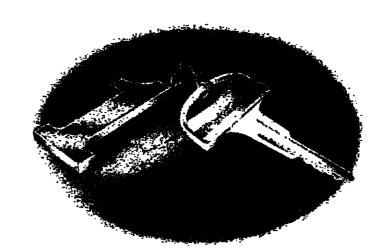
In conclusion, it is the qualified. able, honest, good, aware, courageous and loyal person who is the pillar of the country, with God's help and

blessings.

May God protect you all. and may He protect the noble. honest march, and unify our ranks in his service. on the path towards well-being and prosperity and to Him all suc-

cess is referred. Peace be with you, and God's Mercy and His Blessings.





The World's No.1 is here.

The rest are just car rentals.

IMF defends assistance to troubled countries

MANILA (R) - The International Monetary Fund (IMF) Wednesday defended its record in helping countries cope with economic problems and dismissed criticisms that its prescriptions were sometimes

Howard Handy, the new IMF representative in Manila, called a news conference to answer accusations by Malcolm Forbes, president and editor-in-chief of Forbes business magazine, who earlier urged Manila to beware of IMF prescriptions.

Mr. Forbes told reporters Tuesday some IMF experts were like doctors who still practised medicine as it was 200 years ago.

"I think this sort of unfounded comment should not go unanswered. We want to go on record that some of these allegations are not true," Mr. Handy said.

He said recent studies of IMF-supported programmes worldwide showed countries that had consistently implemented reforms had improved their growth rates, lowered inflation, and built up their inter-

national reserves. Mr. Forbes had said the Philippines should learn from Mexico and Argentina, which rebuilt their economies after shunning IMF advice to devalue their currencies.

The assertion that Mexico and Argentina rebuilt their economies after shunning IMF advice is the exact opposite of the truth." Mr. Handy said in a

He said Mexico's success since the dark days of the economy in 1982 was a result of a long and arduous effort in which the LMF had an impor-

Europe's fashion industry seeks boost from Gulf Arabs

DUBAI (R) - European clothes makers, struggling through recession at home, put their goods on display in Dubai Wednesday, hoping that buoyant Gulf Arab markets can help boost their flagging

More than 500 firms are represented at the exhibition this week, looking for orders estimated last year to be worth \$300 million.

The companies, mainly from Italy, Spain, Germany and France, are displaying their summer 1994 ranges. Children's clothes and shoes especially sandals — are their clothes especially designed for

strongest sellers in the Gulf.

they said.
"People have big families, and they like to spend money on their children," said Mariateresa Maiakos, representing 128 Italian companies at the show.

She said women's and men's clothes were more difficult to sell, as local Gulf Arabs and many of the expatriate workforce — predominantly Indians and Pakistanis - prefer their own traditional clothes.

Exhibition organiser Rawi Jreissati said few of the European companies were making the Gulf market. But their exhibits did take account of the steamy Gulf climate, he added. "We have some Finnish exhibitors - I don't think they

will be bringing their fur coats," he pointed out. There is no catwalk at the show - exhibitors instead will display their wares from stalls in a cavernous exhibition hall. Mr. Jreissati said the show was aimed at medium-sized firms without their own publicity machines.

Firms from the United States, Africa and the Far East are also taking part.

Russian central bank glum on IMF cash prospects

MOSCOW (R) - Russian inflation could be as much as 1,300 per cent this year, well below last year's rate but too high to free additional funds from the International Monetary Fund (IMF), the head of the central bank said Tuesday.

"By nature I am an optimist but not when it comes to the IMF." Viktor Gerashchenko told Renters at a banking con-

"Recently when I was in Washington it was made clear that, with the present rate of inflation, the second tranche (of a big IMF loan) will not come this year. I do not think that a miracle will take place and this money will come as a present from God," he said.

Russian has already received IMF loans of \$2.5 billion, including \$1.5 billion from a special fund designed to help speed the transition from communism to capitalism. Extra cash depends on the country meeting monetary and economic targets.

Consumer prices rose 2,500 per cent from December 1991 to December 1992 after the removal of most price controls in an attempt to build a market economic system modelled on

Monthly inflation rates have been around 20 per cent for most of this year, peaking at 26 per cent in August. Finance Minister Boris Fyodorov has said he expects monthly inflation to slow to 10 per cent by early next year.

Mr. Gerashchenko said a high budget deficit and economic disintegration in the countries of the former Soviet Union were the main problems facing Russia.

"Inflation in 1993 will be in the range of 1,000 to 1,300 per cent," he said.

"I am afraid we will be incapable of achieving the promised result that monthly inflation will go below 10 per cent by the end of the year. This is an impossible mission,"

Earlier this year Mr. Fyodorov accused the central bank of sabotaging economic reforms by printing too much money, keeping interest rates too low and refusing to release facts and figures about its operations.

But Mr. Gerashchenko indicated that he had no intention of leaving the central bank.

"Legally nowadays, I am in a situation that nobody could remove me against my will but in my country everything is possible." he said

Under Russia's constitution, the central bank reports to parliament, but president Boris Yeltsin dissolved parliament and placed the central bank under government con-

Mr. Gerashchenko said the bank would respect the terms of a May agreement under which the government promised to keep spending down and the central bank agreed to raise interest rates.

The discount rate has more than doubled since then and now stands at 210 per cent. But Mr. Gerashchenko, in

comments certain to alarm Western advisers who urge Russia to keep monetary policy tight to rein in inflation, said Russia could not sustain high interest rates. "I am not in favour of a very

tough monetary policy," Mr. Gerashchenko said. "Russian inflation is cost driven. Our economy could not sustain high interest rates because this would add to cost inflation."

Taiwan to use convicts to ease labour shortage

TAIPEI (R) — Taiwan will use convicts to work on public construction projects because of the island's labour shortage. Justice Minister Ma Ying-Jeou said Wednesday.

"We plan to choose prisoners who are strong and give them training in construction when the number of inmates at open prisons exceeds 3,200 ... to help solve the labour shortage problem," Mr. Ma told parliament.

Open prisons, which do not have walls, house inmates who are serving time for minor offences and those who are transferred from conventional prisons for good behaviour. A justice ministry spokesman said details of the plan were still being drafted and it was not known whether the inmates

would be allowed to refuse work or if they would be paid. Currently Taiwan has three open prisons, housing a total of 741 inmates. Parliament is reviewing legislation which would allow more inmates to be transferred to such institutions.

Taiwan, struggling with a severe labour shortage, lifted a ban on foreign workers in 1991. The private and state sectors received approval to hire tens of thousands of foreign workers, mostly from South East Asian countries.

Turkish privatisation revenue flows slowly

ANKARA (R) — Turkish Prime Minister Tansu Ciller is in a rush to sell state enterprises for badly needed cash, but officials said she would have to wait until the second half of 1994 to harvest substantial revenues.

She faces opposition from Social Democrats in her coalition government and criticism from economists who want her to shrink public deficits and curb inflation running at 68 per cent a vear.

Privatisation officials said Ms. Ciller had asked them to speed up work on selling big state firms such as oil refinery Tupras, auto-maker Tofas, iron and steel maker Erdemir, petroleum distributer Petrol Ofisi, Netas Telecommunications, Sumerbank's banking and textiles units and petrochemicals firm Petkim.

The privatisation office KOI is drawing up plans to sell electricity utility Tek and telephone monopoly Turk Tele-

Ms. Ciller, a U.S.-trained economist, has said selling at least part of the \$18-billion telecommunications company is vital to her drive to put the economy on its feet.

Officials said Turkey could

partial sales of these companies, equivalent to nearly half its annual exports, but the cash would not flow in immediately. "The bulk of the money will

earn more than \$7 billion from

begin to come after 10 months," a KOI official told Reuters. "The firms we are trying to sell are juicy for buyers but very complex for us to put on sale.

Economists and businessmen are urging the government to enact an economic stabilisation package with privatisation as its centrepiece, but Ms. Ciller seems wary of taking austerity measures before nationwide municipal elections due in March.

"Turkey must urgently implement a medium-term stability programme and privatisation must be the key part of this." Halis Komili, chairman of the Turkish businessmen and industrialists' association Tusiad, told a seminar in Istanbul last week.

Tusiad and Turkey's union of chambers and bourses, two influential lobbying groups have launched a campaign to mobilise support for privatisation among a wavering public.

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR THURSDAY OCTOBER 21, 1993 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

Orionids Meteor Showers occur in a well aspected framework of five Moon aspects that last until early evening when the Moon squares Jupiter, reducing our financial judgement and providing us with a tendency towards extravagance.

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Confusion about one connected with home or career can bring an odd days start but you soon find you can uncover real facts and handle intelligence.

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) You don't see how a new idea can work in daily routines early but a friend of good judgment can later show you exactly how best to have this occur. GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21)

Think about how you can gain more of this worlds good sand then get a man of influence and experience to give you a boost in this direction. MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to

July 21) A prominent person from afar is the best one to aid you to gain the personal exten-sion of your activities that you LEO: (July 22 to August 21)

Private arrangements with mem-bers of your family for getting you baic structure at home on a better foundation will be easy if you consult an expert in this field.

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Think about friends and acquaintances of well rounded

GENERAL TENDENCIES: experience who are able to introduce you to someone in the outside world who can be helpful to your most comprehensive per-

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) You can get suggestions from those in power of knowhow as to the best means by which to add to your efficiency and operative skill in doing your

SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) You now are able to see how to go after your most desirable ends and to see and bewith charmers and to have a good time while doing so.

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Consider how to handle whatever your obligations in such a way that it pleases th emost influential and important members of your family. CAPRICORN: (December 22 to

January 20) An emotional associate needs to be approached with tact where joint agreements are concerned and an outsider of best judgment can be very help-

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) There are a number of activities that require you study and consider them from the angle of just how much they, will cost before you commit vourself.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Your judgment is very good and you have the advice and help also of an influential friend is gaining the specific things that mean the most to you.

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR FRIDAY OCTOBER 22, 1993 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: This last day of Libra finds your evening to be the best time to put across your ideas or products as you aquire a well rounded understanding of exactly what it is that the general public wants.

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Now your home should certainly be the centre of your activities so even though you are obligated to spend part of the day outside, think of basic interests.

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Your own personal aims now have a good chance to come to fruition and especially where seeing the persons of whom you like recreational outlets are con-

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) You are today interested in doing whatever will bring you more articles of value or beauty into your life as well as improve appearance of properety.

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) You exude so much charm and magnetism now that you can get almost anything you want by approaching potential benefactors with a smile.

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Put aside that extravert quality that is so a part of your character and withdraw within yourself, considering what you can do to have more of lifes goodies.

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Whatever loyal friends are available are the once now who will give you a very helpful

hand in gaining some highly de-sirable desire that you have.

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) The world is your oyster today if you get dolled up in your best bib and tucker and venture forth into the world, letting your SCORPIO: (October 23 to

November 21) Make as many now and exciting contacts with fascinating persons as you can and get them to release to you some knowledge that can smooth your pathway.

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) You are not apt to be as emotional as your attachment would like you to be but today is one of those times when you can, would benefit from a romantic attitude.

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) An overly sensitive associate is the best one to help you to get a better awareness of how to bring a benefit that is important into your life.

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) Whatever you activities are today be sure you do not hasten through them but organise a sensible schedule by which to perform and to do

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) You want to have a good time but you also want it to have some special meaning in your life so choose the recreations you decide upon to extract the greatest

reforms India to maintain bold

NEW DELHI (R) — The Congress Party of Indian Prime Minister P. V. Narasimha Rao pledged Tuesday to continue its programme of bold economic reforms, saying isolation

would hurt the country. "In this reforms programme, we have to take full advantage of whatever the world has to offer. Isolation is injurious to the health of the nation's economy." Congress said in a manifesto for November elections to be held in five states

and Delhi. The manifesto blamed the rightwing Hindu Bharatiya Janata Party (BJP) for political and economic setbacks in Uttar Pradesh, Madhya Pradesh, Rajasthan and Himachal Pradesh, Mr. Rao told a news conference that religious strife would not divert his government from promises

to develop the country. "The single-minded attention to development should never get blurred;" he said.

He said the government might not be able to revive economic development if it were slowed down by issues such as the Hindu-Muslim dispute over the Ayodhya mos-

forms to the state-dominated economy in July 1991, paving the way for foreign investment and encouraging private indus-Listing its achievements, the

India had enjoyed a steady return to communal peace and economic revival.

The government has projected 5.0 per cent growth in gross domestic product for the 1993/94 financial year, ending

(Answers Monday)

HONEY ACHING PURPLE

Answer This could save a high-up from a painful comedown —A PARACHUTE

It said inflation had been

India launched radical recurbed and foreign exchange

party said in its manifesto that

March 31. It says the economy grew by 4.0 per cent last year, the second year of the liberalisation programme.

Over 90 per cent of foreign investment was entering infrastructural areas such as power, oil, telecommunications and steel, the Congress manifesto

reserves, needed to import essential commodities, had increased nearly tenfold to a safe India said early this month its trade deficit had declined sharply in the first five months of the 1993/94 financial year, to

in the same period of the previous year. Exports rose more than 24 per cent in dollar terms.

Peanuts

about \$264.6 million, com-pared to just over \$2.3 billioin

Report: EC car components industry facing shakeup

BRUSSELS (R) — The European Community's (EC) car components industry is likely to be radically restructured with massive job losses as it strives to close the competitive gap with Japan, a report prepared for the executive Euro pean Commission said

The industry could lose more than 400,000 jobs up to 1999 and sharply cut the number of direct suppliers to car manufacturers, said the report by the Boston Consulting

Group. A commission spokesman said the job loss figure may be exaggerated since it did not take into account possible new products in areas such as en-

ARE YOU

READY?

in the car components industry, as with the car manufacturchange."

He said the commission will draw from the document to prepare a report on the competitiveness of the European car industry in the light of the EC's plans to give Japanese car manufacturers free access to its

market in the year 2000.

The consultants' report said productivity in the EC components industry was only onethird that of Japan's and that it

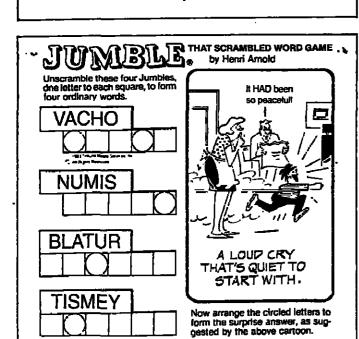
per cent for the industry to remain viable after 1999. It said that would represent'

at least a 40 per cent decline in jobs. The commission spokesman said other studies have suggested the gap with Japan is not that wide and that the report did not take into account the value of the yen. He said industry was being

asked to comment The report said demand for parts would become more concentrated as carmakers merged or share component production. The components industry was likely to move to a "tiered" supply structure similar to Japan's, slashing the number of direct suppliers to

THE BETTER HALF By Harris

"Can't you take a hint? I'm fishing for compliments!"



Print answer here:

Jumbles: TACKY

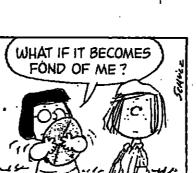
electronics or the anticipated upsurge in car demand by the end of the decade. "It's true nevertheless there has to be a major restructuring

vironmental protection and would have to increase to 50

I'M READY, MARCIE, BUT BEFORE

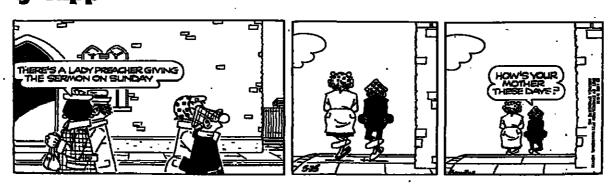
YOU KICK THE BALL SQUEEZE

IT A FEW TIMES.



around 500.

Andy Capp

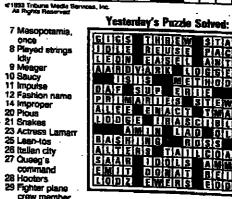


Mutt'n'Jeff









60 Doctrines 61 US labor

1 Sound qu 2 Declare 3 Hitchcock

times 4 Thesaurus

entry: abbr.
 5 isolated

e.g. 43 Some Africans 45 Huntley and Atkins

EXCHAI

Iran moves to protect local industry, curb luxury imports

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NICOSIA (R) — Iran's parliament, responding to industry pleas for protection against cheap imports, authorised the government Tuesday to raise

import tariffs, The bill allows the government to "revise import tariffs in a way to protect domestic production and curb imports of unnecessary and luxury goods." Tehran radio said. But it says the import tax on primary materials for industries and machinery and spare parts that cannot be manufactured locally should not be

raised. The problem started in March when the government devalued the rival by up to 95 per cent as part of its freemarket reforms, but continued appraising import values for tax purposes according to the old official rate, except for

This in effect slashed import taxes, eliminating the protec-tion Iran's inefficient industries

relied on to survive. The tariff problem, together in the insufficient bank credits to meet cash needs that have risen sharply because of the devaluation, sparked warnings

about widespread bankrupt-

Parliament speaker Ali Akbar Nateq-Nouri said last week while imports on a "logical scale" were good for competition an improving the quality of Iranian products, they should not be allowed to reach a volume that would ruin domestic producers."

Iranian imports in the year ended March 20 dropped 40 per cent from the previous year's peak to \$17 billion, but its market is still glutted with foreign products such as textiles and rice, according to Iranian media.

The director of a Chinaware factory said Iranian China producers had to contend with 50,000 tonnes of imports from China last year.

"If this trend continues all the 13 domestic Chinaware factoreis will go bankrupt," he said in an Iranian television

programme this month. A 15 per cent tax, calculated according to the old exchange rate, amounted to less than one per cent of the value of the import. "This means nothing but an open-door policy," he

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The complaints led the gov-ernment to launch an overhaul of its outdated tariff system leading to a new export-import law which is likely to take

months to complete. Tuesday's bill allows interim revisions until next July.

The break on luxury imports should ease pressure on Iran's

delayed foreign payments accumulated since last year and boost the rival which has

been slipping lately.

The dollar has risen in the past two weeks to around 1.640 riyals in the open market in Iran, gaining 45-50 riyals after closely shadowing the central bank rate of 1,584 for months.

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First session starts Second session starts 10:30 a.m. 4:00 p.m.

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Currency	New York Close 19/10/93	Tokyo Close Itaar 20/10/93
Sterling Pound	1.4890	1.4915
Deutsche Mark	1.6410	1.6393
Swiss Franc	1.4480	1.4444
French Franc	5.8045	5.7812**
Japanese Yen	107.15	107.38
European Curreny Cali	1_1558	1.1593**

USD Per STG. Faropean Opening

urocurrency Interest Ra	Date: 20/10/1993			
Currency	1 MTH	3 MTHS	6 MTHS	12 MTHS
U.S. Dollar	3.03	3.25	3.51	3.37
Sterling Pound	5.81	5.69	5.56	5.44
Deutsche Mark	6.62	6.50	6.18	5.75
Suiss Franc	4.43	4.43	4.51	4.00
French Franc	6.67	6.75	6.50	6.07
Japanese Yen	2.43	2.40	2.37	2.37
European Currency Unit	7.37	7.31	7.00	6.37

				Date: 20'	10:1993
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-	5.7825/25
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·	107.20/30
	7.8620/82
	7.1740/94
-	6.6400/60

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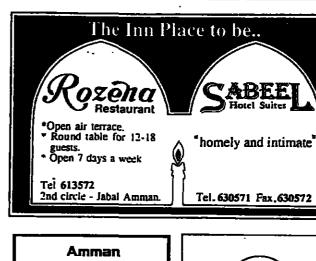
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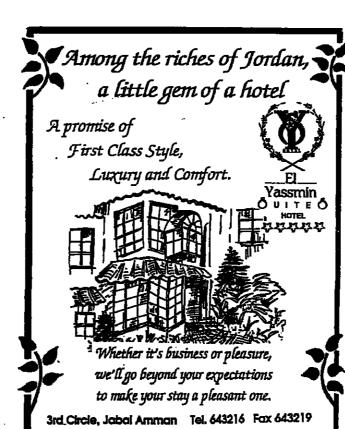
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Indian army says storming of Kashmir mosque not ruled out

troops encircling the Hazratbal Mosque have not ruled out storming the complex to flush out Muslim militants holed up inside, the general commanding the siege said here Wednesday.

Lieutenant-General S. Padmanabhan told reporters he was "optimistic" the 50 armed Kashmiri Muslim separatists would surrender by Friday at the latest.

"We are also not ruling out the possibility of storming Hazratbal... but we pray that should not happen," said Gen. Padmanabhan, commander of 60,000 soldiers in Kashmir. Some 10.000 of his troops have surrounded

The general said he had not line for the militants to give up, but he would accept

of the Indian state of Kashmir (AFP photo)

TRAVEMUENDE, Germany

(Agencies) — NATO Secretary-General Manfred

Woerner bluntly told allies Wednesday the alliance would

be damaged if they did not stop

blaming each other for failing

to stop the war in former Yugoslavia, diplomats said.

issued the warning during a

meeting of NATO defence

ministers in this German coas-

tal resort.

They said Mr. Woerner

"Woerner said the finger-

pointing should stop, other-

wise NATO would be in se-

rious trouble," said one diplo-

mat, who asked not to be

nothing less than a surrender. Gen. Padmanabhan said, "There are no ifs and buts," he warned.

Infantrymen backed by light artillery, elite "Black Cat' commandos and members of the shadowy Special Frontiers Force have ringed the lakeside Hazratbal Mosque, the holiest Islamic shrine in Kashmir.

About 70 civilians, including women and children, are also believed to be trapped inside the complex for the past five

Troops have cut off power and water to Hazratbal in an operation reminiscent of a 10day siege of the Golden Temple in Punjab in May 1988 to flush out Sikh militants from the holiest shrine in Sikhdom. They will have to surren-

Border Security Force personnel beat protesters during a demonstration in Srinagar, the capital

NATO chief blasts allies on Yugoslav

The United States has

attacked its European allies

over policy in Bosnia because

Washington cannot get them to

agree to lift an arms embargo

and allow the Muslims to de-

European allies have criti-

Meanwhile, thousands of

Croats fled hostile territory

Wednesday, and hundreds

more were to be set free under

a prisoner exchange with the

Muslim-led government. But a

similar Serb-Muslim tradeoff

cised the United States for

failing to send peacekeeping troops to Bosnia as part of

fend themselves better.

United Nations forces.

was postponed.

der... the sooner the better.

spearheading a campaign for Kashmir's separation from In-dia. Some 7,000 people have adding that he was hopeful of ending the siege before Fridied since the drive turned day's weekly prayers. violent in 1989.

The general also said he suspected top Kashmiri militant leaders may be holed up inside the mosque, which has been ringed with barbed wire. Late Tuesday the militants

allowed two women inside the mosque, but rejected their appeals to free women and children, some of whom are sick, he asserted.

The militants have been frequently accused of using mosques as sanctuaries and the action on the Hazratbal Shrine, where a holy relic of Prophet Mohammad is on display, is the second since 1991. Muslim separatists are

More than 700 Muslims and

300 Croats were released and

transported to safe territory

Tuesday, at the start of a long-

delayed prisoner exchange

organised by the Red Cross.

war are expected to be re-

leased under an "all-for-all"

exchange agreed upon last

month by separatist Bosnian

Croats and the Muslim-led

A similar deal between the

government and rebel Bosnian Serbs was to begin Wednesday — but a Red Cross spokesman

said it had been postponed at

least until the weekend be-

cause of logistical problems.

government.

About 6,000 prisoners of

but he declined to reveal any details of the discussions. A protest strike paralysed the Muslim-majority valley Wednesday and anti-Indian demonstrations rocked Srinagar and other Kashmir towns.

Meanwhile dozens of Kash-

miri Muslims were injured

here Wednesday as Indian troops fired warning shots and used tear gas and clubs to

prevent thousands of protes-

tors from marching on Hazrat-

Kashmir administration

spokesman Mehboob Ur Reh-

man also indicated that the

siege could be brought to an early conclusion. "I think this

drama will end on a happy note

soon and people will not have

to wait until Friday. " he said.

ment negotiators held two

rounds of talks with the

masked, gun-toting guerrillas inside the shrine Wednesday

Mr. Rehman said govern-

bal Mosque.

itnesses and officials said. **Border Security Force (BSF)** troops rushed from the neighbourhood of Srinagar to another through the day to break up scattered protests against the siege and attempts to march on the shrine 10 kilometres (six miles) from the city centre.

Several dozen demonstrators were injured as the club-wielding BSF troops sought to enforce a curfew, the witnesses

"We hope it's only post-poned and not cancelled," said

spokesman Pierre Gauthier in

He said logistics accounted

for the delay. But other Red

Cross officials blamed new

conditions set by both sides.

The Serb-Muslim agreement

covered an estimated 600 pris-

More Muslim-Croat ex-

changes were planned for

Wednesday in the hotly con-

tested city of Mostar. About

100 Croats were to be freed

from a Muslim military prison,

and 40 Muslims needing medic-

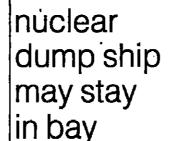
al attention were to be evacu-

ated from a Croat hospital.

oners for each side.

row

Geneva.



Russian

MOSCOW (R) - A Russian tanker being loaded with nuclear waste may stay in a Far East bay rather than head for the open sea because of international protests about an earlier dumping mission, the Ecology Ministry said Wednesday.

A ministry spokesman told Reuters that workers had begun loading the tanker with 800 cubic metres (28,000 cubic feet) of liquid nuclear waste, but no date had been set for the dumping. The previous operation Saturday sparked international protests, although Moscow has insisted the waste is not dangerous.

There is the possibility that it (the tanker) will stay in the bay because of complaints from Japan. South Korea and New Zealand," the spokesman

Japanese Foreign Minister Tsutomu Hata telephoned Russian Foreign Minister Andrei Kozryev Tuesday to complain about the radioactive waste, which comes from coolants and cleaning fluids from nuclear submarines refitted at the Bolshoi Kamyen Base near Vladivostok on the Sea of Japan.

"It started loading today," the Ecology Ministry spokesman said.

Russia has said it has to dump waste at sea because it does not have the capacity on land and the amount is growing as submarines and other navy vessels are decommissioned.

Japan warned Russia Wednesday to cancel plans to dump a second load of nuclear waste into the Sea of Japan or risk a possible souring of recently improved bilateral ties.

"Prime Minister Morihiro Hosokawa and I are both concerned about this problem of dumping radioactive waste into the sea because it has become a Japanese problem," Mr. Hata told Mr. Kozyrev, according to

a ministry statement. Mr. Hata, who is also deputy premier, held out the possibility of a new rift in Russo-Japanese relations just one week after a fence-mending visit to Tokyo by President

"I ask that you relay Japan's position to President Yeltsin and have the people in charge (of the dumping) call off their operations," Mr. Hata was quoted as telling Mr. Kozyrev. "This is in order to preserve the new base in Japan-Russian

relations that was created as a result of President Yeltsin's visit to Japan," he said. Mr. Kozyrev promised to take up the issue with Mr. Yeltsin and urged Japan to

help Russia find a means of dealing with its nuclear waste. Russia faced a storm of protest in South Korea Wednesday from political, environ-mental and religious groups over its dumping of nuclear waste into the sea of Japanto go to the banquet, would remain at the Akasaka Palace to be at her mother's side. The next indication of her condition will come tomorrow.

who had also been scheduled

couple," the official said. The empress collapsed at

ment said. "She had a brisk stroll in the

and the princess," it said. Empress Michiko, common-

not to be identified. "Anyone

would be taken to hospital." A spokesman at the Imperial Household Agency's own hos-pital denied Empress Michiko was receiving medical treat-

any notification that she may require hospital care," he said. A palace official handling general affairs said Empress Michiko would not attend a banquet Wednesday night to

be held by visiting Portuguese President Mario Soares. "It's an important event, a return banquet for Emperor Akihito and Empress Michiko after the palace had given one for the president," said the

"We don't know how serious

when the palace will announce whether the empress will meet the Portuguese president and his wife when they make a farewell call on the imperial

10:25 a.m., about haif an hour before the start of official ceremonies commemorating her birthday, the palace announce-

palace garden with the emperor and the princess after breakfast ...and later collapsed in the palace lounge while she was talking with the emperor

der daughter of a rich flour miller, has been under strain over press criticism of her supposed high-handed management of the imperial household.

In a birthday interivew published in newspapers Wednesday, the empress - whose husband became emperor in January 1989 on the death of his father Emperor Hirohito reflected on the media criticism of herself:

"I have to lend an ear to any criticism to reflect upon myself ...but I feel a deep sorrow and bewilderment towards reports

which are not true," she said. Chief government spokes-Masayoshi lakemura broke the news that Empress Michiko had fallen ill after visiting the palace, where he had intended to pay his respects to the empress on her birthday.

He said the palace grand chamberlain, Shoichi Fuimori, informed him Empress Michiko had collapsed due to fatigue and anaemia.

Prime Minister Morihiro Hosokawa also went to the palace and then told Japanese reporters: "I've heard she's

Japanese Empress Michiko stands with Emperor Akihito in this palace photograph taken on Oct. 1 on her 59th birthday (AFP

Japan empress collapses

TOKYO (R) — Japanese Empress Michiko collapsed Wednesday, her 59th birthday, and had trouble speaking after regaining consciousness. prompting fears for her long-term health.

One physician said the symptoms could denote a mild stroke.

A palace health bulletin issued in late afternoon said the empress, perhaps Japan's most popular royal, fainted or partially lost consciousness earlier in the day but added: "Her condition is not serious."

After examining Empress Michiko, her chief physician said he had found no signs of paralysis in her limbs but noted she had so far seen unable to

"She has fully regained consciousness and is recovering ...but she has trouble speaking despite making efforts at speech," he told reporters.

The head of a clinic in central Tokyo said such symptoms were regularly associated with a mild stroke.

"It matches the symptoms of a mild stroke," he said, asking suffering from these symptoms

ment there. "The empress has not been

here and we've not received

official in a telephone interher condition is, but the fact that she will not be attending this evening's event is not a

He added that Princess Nori.

Harley-Davidson Cafe opens for business

now up and about. What a relief."

NATO discusses new U.S. plan on East Europe, nuclear threat

TRAVEMUENDE, Germany (R) — The United States Wednesday unveiled major new proposals on the admis-sion of Eastern European nations to NATO and the potential spread of mass destruction weapons to renegade states.

It made the suggestions to NATO defence ministers who opened a two-day meeting in this German Baltic resort in the face of growing chaos in Europe and strains in vital transatlantic ties. The ministers plan to discuss ways in which the alliance might be used to return a fractious continent to stability.

With North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) summit approaching in January, U.S. Defence Secretary Les Aspin said he would discuss the possibility of admitting East European states which are clamouring to join NATO.

Speaking to reporters aboard his aircraft on the way to the Travemuende meeting, Mr. Aspin declined to give details but said the U.S. proposal would go beyond a vague commitment that such nations might be able to join at some point in the future.

NATO diplomats said it was the first time the United States, the senior member of the 16-nation alliance, had indicated a clear position on the issue of expansion.

Mr. Aspin said the proposals would form the basis of Washington's position at the NATO summit in January.

Many U.S. allies are reluctant to take on new NATO

members soon, partly because of concern that it might upset an already unstable Russia. But countries such as Poland, Hungary and the Czech Republic remain keen to join.

Mr. Aspin also said he would discuss U.S. plans for NATO to deal with a new threat — the spread of nuclear and chemical weapons and the missiles and technology used to deliver them. NATO is concerned that

such weapons or technology might fall into the hands of renegade states, particularly since the collapse of the Soviet Union two years ago. Russia now holds the world's biggest arsenal of weapons of mass destruction. "It's a brand new world out

there," Mr. Aspin said. "What we face now is a handful of nuclear weapons in the hands of terrorists, terrorist groups. terrorist states."

Underlining the instability in post-cold war Europe, Ukraine said Tuesday, it intended to keep some of the former Soviet nuclear weapons left on its soil despite an earlier pledge that it would give them

But European allies are also concerned about the threat posed by missiles around the southern fringes of NATO, especially from the Middle East and North Africa.

"The thing that the Europeans are most worried about is the development and spread of missile technology," Mr. Aspin said.

Defence ministers will dis-

cuss the alliance's new role in peacekeeping, including the prospect of joint training exercises and manoeuvres with for-mer Warsaw Pact foes.

But they must also tackle problems within NATO, including disagreements between Washington and its allies over Bosnia and over the cost and responsibilities for defending Western Europe.

The West's failure to end the war in Bosnia has strained the transatlantic ties at the heart of NATO and brought sharp attacks on European policy from Washington, which is facing a foreign policy crisis over Somalia and Haiti.

Defence ministers will discuss organisation plans to deploy about 50,000 troops to enforce any peace plan in Bos-

Problems with a Bosnia plan include financing because of shrinking defence budgets. how it would work under a U.N. mandate and a lack of force contributions from many allies. There is also a question mark over the key U.S. contribution.

The summit in January will be the first since Mr. Clinton was elected president last November.

France, which left NATO's military structure in 1966 in protest at what it saw as U.S. domination of European security affairs and does not attend meetings of defence ministers. was invited to come to the Travemuende meeting but de-

Dublin-based --designer wins top fashion award

LONDON (R) - Dublinbased fashion designer John Rocha was named British Designer of the Year at a glittering ceremony of London's Natural History Museum. The award was the climax of London fashion week, a showcase for British designer talent but shrunk this year to little more than a weekend tacked no the end of Paris's lengthy fashion fiesta. Supermodel Naomi Campbell, towering above Rocha in platformed shoes, purple tights and a hot pink feather boa, presented the British fashion industry's most coveted prize after a catwalk show in a marquee in the grounds of the museum. There's going to be a party in Dublin tonight," the Hong Kong-born designer said as he accepted the award before London's fashion glitterati. This is one of the happiest moments of my life." With his flowing fabrics and Celticinspired designs that suit ordinary women as well as super models, Rocha was hotly tipped to take the top prize over previous winners Vivenne Westwood and Rifat Ozbek. Born to a Chinese mother and a Portuguese father, Rocha moved to Ireland in 1978. Now 40 years old, he went bankrupt twice during the 1980s before re-establishing himself in 1987.

Archaeologists call potato field sword find sensational

COPENHAGEN (AP) - Two children harvesting potatoes led archaeologists to eight 3.600-year-old bronze age swords, a find hailed as "und que in Northern Europe." "It's a rare discovery because there are so many and they are so well-preserved." said Niets Axel Boas, head of the team examining the swords found near Grenaa on the Jutland peninsula. Many areas of the metal aree uncorroded, and seven have carvings. The swords, wrapped in skin, were buried 10 centimetres (4 inches) below ground. They are 45 centimetres (18 inches) long. Line Hougaard, 14, and her brother Torben, 11, found a sword handle and a blade while harvesting pulling potatoes last week. Archaeologists started digging late Monday and found seven more swords. They believe the weapons were cast in Denmark, where the bronze age lasted from 1700 B.C. to 500 B.C. Boas said the children would get a reward for covery to the Grenaa Museum. 'I think we would like to buy a computer with the money. Line Hougaard said in a television interview.

NEW YORK (R) -- Motorcy cle fanatics roared into midtown Manhattan Tuesday .to help kick-start the Harley-Davidson Cafe, a new threestorey restaurant replete with snarling engines, make-believe exhaust fumes, and catwalks brimming with "Harley hogs" dating back 90 years. The three-storey cafe is an homage to the manufacturer that made its first motorcycles in 1903 and was made infamous by biker gangs like the one led by Marlon Brando in his 1954 film. The Wild One. The restaurant is swimming with references to movie stars and rock'n'roll singers who have owned Harley-Davidsons. "There's nothing more American than a Harley," U.S. football great O, J. Simpson, who attended the party, said. "As a Harley is to America, a Swiss army knife is to the Swiss," he said. Other guests at the opening night gala were actor Peter Fonda, comic Bobcat Goldthwaite, Manhattan real estate magnate Donald Trump and talk show host Joa

Disney to cut film scene tled to teen's death

LOS ANGELES (R) - The Walt Disney Co. said it would delete a scene from the film The Program showing college football players lying in the middle of a highway after one teenager was killed and two injured while imitating the stunt. In a virtually unprecedented action. Disney said the brief sequence would be removed from the copies of the film already showing in theatres nationwide by Friday. The film about the rough-and tumble world of college football shows drunken players, trying to prove their manhood by lying end-to-end in the road while cars whizzed by. "While the scene in the movie in no way advocates this irresponsible activity.



مازا من لأص

Iraqis resolved to win despite odds against them

DOHA (AP) — Iraq's head coach appeared confident Wednesday that his team would qualify for the 1994 soccer championship in the United States, despite the odds against it halfway into the final round of the Asia World Cup qualifying.

"We can make it," the coach, Amanoiel Baba Dawood, popularly known Ammu Baba, said. "Now that one single defeat means out of the tournament, we will go flat

Baba was flown in earlier this week after the Iraqi Football Association, which is headed by President Saddam Hussein's son, Udai, fired head coach Adnan Dirjel.

Dirjel was sacked after the team's 3-2 defeat against North Korea in the tournament's opening match Friday. He embarrassed the Iraqis by throwing a tantrum after the game, prompting a stern warning from FIFA, the world soccer body.

I lraq, staking its prestige on

qualifying for the World Cup, drew with South Korea 2-2 Tuesday, keeping a flickering hope of making it to the finals iraq has made a political issue out of the games. It hopes to break its international isolation and revamp the nation's eroded morale by sending its players to the United States. which led the coalition forces

2010gis in the 1991 Gulf War. Two stors are amount of the Asia in the finals. South Korea Salige and Saudi Arabia now top the table at this six-nation qualification round, with three points each.

They are followed by North Korea and Iran who have col-Lected two points each, then



South Korea's Hwang Sun Hong (right) attempts an acrobatic kick in front of Iraq's Hassan Samir during their Asian World Cup qualifying group match Tuesday (AFP photo)

Iraq and Japan with one point

But Iraq could still make it to the finals if it wins the remaining games against Iran Friday, Saudi Arabia Sunday

and Japan on Oct. 28. "If you don't have hope, you may as well go home," said chief Japanese coach Marius

Ooft of his team's prospect. "We jut cant afford to drop my more points," said Ooft, a Dutchman whose team is in the same position as Iraq's.

In addition to its game with

Iraq, Iran meets North Korea Monday and Saudi Arabia on Oct. 28. It has surprised the soccer world with a 2-1 victory over Japan last Monday.

"The match with Iraq ill be very crucial," said Parwin Ali. the chief coach for Iran which fought an eight-year war between 1980 and 1988 against

"The Iraqis will surely do everything for victory, but we are prepared." Ali said. In the remaining matches of the round-robin tournament,

North Korea meets Japan Thursday, Iran Monday and arch-rival South Korea on Oct.

"I have no doubt that we are going to qualify," said Saudi Arabia's chief coach Jose Candido, whose team's battle against South Korea Friday,

could be decisive. "It is fantastic, real soccer, where you can't say who will make it even at halfway," said Peter Velappan, general secretary of the FIFA's Asian Football Confederation.

Kasparov reigns for 2 more years

LONDON (R) — World chess champion Garry Kasparov can look forward to at least two more years as the world's top player after clinching his title defence against British challenger Nigel Short in London's

Savoy Theatre. Kasparov, 30, played a safe draw in the 19th game of the match Tuesday to reach the magic score of 12-7 in the 24-game contest, after six wins,

one loss and 12 draws. A 12-12 tie is enough to retain his title. But the match continues to decide the split of the £1.7 million (\$2.6 million) purse sponsored by the Times of London newspaper, with just over £1 million (\$1.5 mil-

lion) going to the winner.

Although Kasparov is widely regarded as the strongest player in the history of the game, his victory has been slightly tainted by the controversial rift in the chess world.

Early this year the world chess body FIDE disqualified Kasparov and Short after a bitter dispute over the conditions of the title match.

The two struck back by forming the Professional Chess Association (PCA), and organising the lucrative London

FIDE have staged a rival official match between Kasparov's Russian arch-rival Anatoly Karpov and Dutchman Jan

PARIS (R) — The Tour De

France returns to Britain for

the first time in 20 years in

1994, taking the unconvention-

al route fo the new Channel

Tunnel, organisers announced

Leblanc told a news confer-

ence they wanted to mark the

historic opening of the tunnel

between Britain and France a

few weeks before the world's

Tour Director Jean-Marie

Timman, but that encounter has been plagued by financial problems linked to the lack of credibility of a title event without Kasparov.

Critics feared that the rift could lead to chaos, where the champion could hand-pick opponents and sidestep dangerous challengers.

Others worried that Kasparov could become a paper champion, like former American world champion Bobby Fischer who was stripped of his title by FIDE after refusing to defend it in 1975.

But for now, chess experts and business sponsors clearly agree that Kasparov is simply the best.

Short, 28, became a convinc ing challenger this year, having eliminated both of the current FIDE title candidates Karpov and Timman in qualifying

The Briton's title challenge against Kasparov began dis-astrously with five losses in the first nine games, but he recovered to hold the champion even over the last 10.

impressed by Short's ability to adapt to the rigours of title play to tip him as the favourite to emerge from the PCA cycle for a rematch in 1995. The London match con-

with a celebration of the 50th

anniversary of the Normandy D-Day landings in the port of

To complete the tour's

embrace of past and future, the

race will begin its final stage at

the Eurodisney theme park

Kasparov was sufficiently

Garry Kasparov

having the advantage of the white pieces and first move.

Karpov wins 15th game

JAKARTA (R) — Anatoly Karpov of Russia beat Jan Timman of the Netherlands in the 15th game of the official World Chess Championship Monday after 34 moves and

Karpov now holds a neardecisive lead in the match, 9.5 points to 5.5 for Timman.

The next game will be played Friday with Karpov having the advantage of the white pieces and the first move. The winner off the 24-game match will be the first player to score 12.5 points.

changed a series of dramatic moves in the 15th game.

Blue Jays take 2-1 World Series lead

PHILADELPHIA (R) — Paul Molitor homered and tripled, scored three times and drove in three runs as the Toronto Blue Jays routed the Philadelphia Phillies 10-3 Tuesday to lead the World Series two games to

. Roberto Alomar went 4-for-5 with two RBI and Tony Fernandez had two hits, two RBI and a run scored to lead the defending champion Blue ... Jays" 13-hit attack.

Molitor made a winner of Toronto manager Cito Gas-....ton's agonising decision to bench American League batting champion John Olerud and make a first baseman of Molitor, normally his desig-

nated hitter. "Looks to me like Cito made the right choice today." said Philadelphia manager Jim Fre-

Molitor, second in the A.L. only to Olerud's .363 batting Davids average at .332 during the regshowed his speed by beating out an infield single and even started a double play at his unaccustomed position.

"It was an awkward feeling being back out there," said Molitor, who came over to -Toronto this year from Mil-

WITH OMAR SHARIF & TANNAH HIRSCH

NORTH

+ K 93

⊽J9 ≎J62

AKQ108409753

A 8 6 5 4 EAST

* Void SOUTH

↑754 ○AKQ10

Why? Because as the cards lie, 11

tricks will never be made—the hand

produces either 10 or 12 tricks!

East was rather timid in the auc-

tion. We would probably have bid five diamonds with the Fast cards at

our first turn, and would certainly

+QJ10973

vulnerable. South

4 A Q 10 6

GOREN BRIDGE

AGAINST THE ODDS

"Getting off to a good start offensively made it a little bit easier to play defence," said the 37-year-old Molitor, who tripled in his first at-bat.

Rookie starter Pat Hentgen went six innings, allowing just one run on five hits, and Danny Cox and Duane Ward finished up for Toronto.

Philadelphia lefty starter Danny Jackson was racked for four runs on six hits in five mnings and his reliever Ben Rivera gave up four more runs in just 1-1/3 innings. In game four of the best-of-

seven series Wednesday. weather permitting, Todd Stottlemyre is expected to start tor foroute Greene for Philadelphia.

Hentgen, 19-9 in the regular season, led the Jays in victories and set a club record with 12

road wins.
"I don't know why I do so much better on the road but maybe if you go back and check the games, the offence seems to give me the lead more often on the road," the 24year-old righthander said.

The start of the game was delayed by rain for one hour and 12 minutes. The rain neve came back, but Fregosi felt the delay might have hampered Jackson's readiness "a little

not have sold out to five clubs in the

pass-out seat. Note that only a heart lead by North, rather unlikely in

view of the suction, would defeat

five diamonds—a third round of the suit promotes North's jack of dis-

monds to the setting trick.
Against five clubs West led the king of diamonds. How would you play the hand?
Declarer ruffed the first trick and led the output of the land.

Declarer ruffed the first trick and led the queen of clubs. Despite odds that favor the drop over the finesse by 52 percent to 48 percent, when East followed with a low trump de-

clarer played low from dummy.

clarer played low from dummy.
Why?
The safety of the contract was more important than taking the best shot at bringing in the trump suit without loss. Even if the finesse. lost, 11 tricks were guaranteed. The king of spades would be safe from attack and declarer would be able to discard two of the table's spades on hearts.

Note that going up with the ace of clubs at trick two will blow the con-tract. When the king doesn't drop.

declarer must go after hearts. West will alertly ruff the third heart and shift to a spade, netting the defend-

ers a total of three tricks.

Jackson was in trouble from the start as leadoff man Rickey Henderson singled to right and Devon White walked on five pitches. Then Molitor tripled, bringing both in, and Joe Car-

fice fly to right. Hentgen got in some first-inning trouble of his own when, after Lenny Dykstra struck out, Mariano Duncan and John Kruk both singled. Both took an extra base on Joe Carter's error in right. But Hentgen struck out Dave Hollins and Darren Daulton, both

ter brought him in with a sacri-

the threat. Said Hentgen: "In the first inning my stomach was bubbling and I reached back and threw fast balls." Fregosi called the Phils' fai-

swinging at fast balls, to end

lure to score in the first "a big turning point in the game." The Jays added a run in the third on Molitor's two-out, first-pitch homer to left, then loaded the bases on successive singles by Carter, Alomar and Tony Fernandez, but Jackson struck out Ed Sprague swinging to keep the the score 4-0,

PEKING (R) — Soccer weaklings China, booted out of four

World Cups by countries a fraction of their size, said they

were planning to introduce professional football to

help develop the game in time for the 2002 competition.

The long-range target is part

of a 10-year reform strategy

devised at an official soccer

summit which ended this week

in the northern port of Dalian,

the state-run Xinhua News

Agency said.
"China's men's soccer team

shall try to qualify for the finals of the 2002 World Cup soccer

tournament and to enter the top 16 in the tournament."

The world's most populous country vowed to dominate Asian soccer by the same year.
The scheme is to be boosted by the establishment of 20 pro-

fessional soccer clubs with up to 500 players, and youth

teams at 40 per cent of primary

schools and 25 per cent of high

China failed miserably in

their first World Cup effort for

the 1982 tournament. And fans

rioted in 1985 after China were

Xinhua said.

Hapless China eye 2002

World Cup finals

Toronto.

The Jays added another run in the sixth when Alomar hit a bloop single to left, stole second and third, and scored on Fernandez's sacrifice fly to

"Paul and I did the job offensively," said Alomar, "and I'm sure that makes Cito feel good."

The Phillies got on the board in the sixth when Jim Eisenreich hit a two-out single plat-ing Kruk, who had walked, and sending Daulton, who also had walked, to second. But Hentgen then struck out Pete Incaviglia swinging to leave the score at 5-1.

The Jays made it 8-1 in the seventh. Henderson led off with a double, White trippled him home, Molitor walked and Alomar hit an RBI single. Then Fernandez walked to load the bases and Ed Sprague hit a sacrifice fly, the Jays' third of the game to set a World Series record,

Cox came on in relief of Hentgen to start the seventh and the Phillies scored a run off him when Duncan singled in Milt Thompson to MKE 8-2.

denied a Mexico World Cup

final 16 spot by tiny Hong Kong, a loss made doubly painful by the Chinese terri-

tory's status as a British col-

Long-suffering supporters still wince over China's humi-

liating 2-1 elimination before

the 1990 finals by Qatar, whose

population of 300,000 is one

four-thousandth that of Chi-

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Karpov and Timman extinues Thursday with Short four hours' play. **Tour De France returns to Britain after 20 years** outside Paris before the tradidominates so easily, there is tional Champs Elysees finish on July 24. History will also be respected on the return to France after The sporting interest of the two stages in southern England

tour is heavily confined to the final week, with a succession of daunting mountain stages in the Alps, including a time trial two days from the finish which could well prove decisive.

Route tracers have designed a race to keep up the suspense as long as possible to avoid the prospect of Spain's Miguel Indurain wrapping up a fourth successive victory much too

time trials which Indurain

only one individual raceagainst-the-clock on the flat. The second time trial, be-

tween Cluses and Morzine in the Alps, is a tough 45kilometre struggle over three passes, one likely to be more suited to Indurain's great rival. Swiss Tony Rominger.

Indurain's immediate reaction was cautious. "There are a lot of high mountains this time in the Alps," he said. "There are four finishes too on climbs and the mountain time trial.

"It's different from other Instead of the two long, flat years and it will be more diffi-

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Accidental Hero

"Crystal"

Bashir names military men to new government

KHARTOUM (AP) — Sudanese leader Lieutenant-General Omar Hassan Al Bashir has named men with strong links to the dissolved military unta as the first two members of what was supposed to be a new civilian cabinet. Gen. Bashir on Tuesday appointed Major-General Al Zubair Mohammad Saleh, the junta's former deputy leader, as vice president. He also named Gen. Hassan Abdul Rahman Alai, former army chief of staff, as defence minister. On Saturday, the ninemember ruling Revolution Command council dissolved itself, named Gen. Bashir president and increased the power of the appointed parliament in an apparent effort to move towards civilian rule. In Cairo, Mustafa Osman, a Sudanese minister of state, told reporters the changes were part of a programme "to end up finally with a parliament elected by the people of Sudan" as well as an elected president and vice president. Mr. Osman said no decision has been made on when to hold elections but the aim was to establish civilian rule by next June 30. That would be five years after Gen. Bashir took power in a bloodless coup.

Iraqi pilot 'defects' to Saudi Arabia

DHAHRAN (AP) — An Iraqi fighter pilot has defected with his warplane from Iraq to Saudi Arabia. Saudi and Western sources reported Wednesday. Insisting on not being further identified, the sources said the defector landed in the kingdom on Tuesday. They refused to provide the name or rank of the defector or give details of the aircraft, beyond saying it was a military plane. Also, it was not immediately clear what route the defector took to reach the kingdom. Normally, such a flight would involve using Iraq's southern airspace, below the 32nd Parallel, which is patrolled by U.S.-led allied planes. Dick McNally, spokesman for the joint task force command in Riyadh, declined comment on Tuesday's reported defection. "I have nothing on that," he said. There were several Iraqi defections to Saudi Arabia during the 1990-91 gulf crisis. but Tuesday's was the first known incident since the end of the U.S.-led operation Desert Storm which liberated Kuwait from a seven-month Iraqi occupation on Feb. 26, 1991.

Feud in courtroom leaves four dead

ISTANBUL (AFP) - A shootout in a courtroom left four members of one family dead and another wounded, police said Wednesday. Two families, the Kacars and the Saglams, had taken their feud to the court to be settled when two of the Kacars allegedly produced shotguns and fired on their adversaries in the courtroom in the Zeytinburnu district. Police said those who fired the shots plus other members of the Kacar family had been arrested.

Coptic Christian killed in Egypt

ASSIUT (AFP) - Islamic militants killed one Coptic Christian and wounded another when they sprayed an Egyptian pharmacy with bullets Wednesday, police said. The attack took place in the Muslim fundamentalist heartland of Assiut province. some 400 kilometres south of Cairo. Police said the attackers burst into a pharmacy in Dairut, near Assiut, and shot down a 35-year-old doctor. Nashaat Fawzi Alzokm, and shot and seriously injured the owner, Edward Magar, 48. Alzorkm died of his injuried in hospital. Islamic militants, waging a violent campaign against the Egyptian government for the past 18 months, have targetted Copts, accusing them of collaborating with the police. Some 36 Copts, 75 militants and 64 policemen have been killed in the campaign.

German contacts with Iran upset Israel

TEL AVIV (AFP) - Israel voiced concern Wednesday over the renewed dialogue and trade ties between Germany and Iran. Deputy Foreign Minister Yossi Bellin told parliament that the government "is following very closely and with great concern" relations between Bonn and Tehran. "Increasing cooperation between German companies and Iran and Bonn's stance on the matter is one of the most complex questions our ministry has to deal with today." Mr. Beilin said. Talks between Iran's Intelligence and Security Minister Alai Falhis German counterpart is voked protests from the United States and Britain. Bonn hit back saying it would continue to talk to Iranian officials when necessary on humanitarian matters.

UAE seizes 62 illegal emigrants

ABU DHABI (AFP) - United Arab Emirates (UAE) coast guard have seized 62 Iranians and Afghans for entering the country illegally. Al Khaleej newspaper reported Wednesday. It said 37 Iranians and Afghans were seized in the northern town of Dibba Al Husn close to the Omani border after they sneaked in by sea. Another 25 Iranians were captured Monday night as they tried to leave Dubai by sea after illegally entering the emirate, police said. Nearly 1,000 people, mostly Asians, were reported seized this year as they tried to enter the oil-rich Gulf country in search for jobs.

Clerides denounces anti-royal demonstration

LIMASSOL (AP) - President Glafcos Clerides on Wednesday denounced demonstrations afgainst Britain's Queen Elizabeth II. whose visit here has revived memories of colonial rule. Mr. Clerides was commenting on a protest that took place at Famagusta Gate in downtown Nicosia. where the queen was being honoured with the ceremonial golden key to the city. A statement from Mr. Clerides' office said that the president "unreservedly condemns the isolated incident in which a small number of people expressed disapproval." About 300 demonstrators protested during the ceremony. shouting slogans against the execution by British authorities of nine natinalist guerrillas before independence in 1961. The queen is visiting Cyprus for the biennial summit of the 50-nation Commonwealth, the association of Britain and ex-colonies, which starts Thursday. She was beginning a series of individual audiences with Commonwealth leaders abroad the royal yacht. Britannia, later Wednesday.

Mohtashemi wants Palestinians change tactics

TEHRAN (R) - Iran's most militant public figure Ali Akbar Mohtashemi says Palestinians should step up attacks on Israel outside the Gaza Strip and Jericho to pit Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) against each other and scuttle the peace pact. "What is recommended to Islamic forces like Hamas. Islamic Jihad and others is to do exactly the opposite of what Israel wants them to do." the former interior minister told Jahan-e-Eslam newspaper in an interview this week. "This means that any kind of intra-Palestinian clashes must be strictly avoided.... no excuses should be given to (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat and his supporters." he said. Mr. Mohtashemi, a Muslim cleric, has been sidelined since he lost his cabinet job when President Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani took office in 1989. But he carries weight because of his links with Arab groups built up when he was Iran's ambassador to Damascus in the early 1980s.

3 on trial for helping Iraqi rockets

MEUNSTER (AP) — Three industrialists went on trial Tuesday on charges of helping Iraq extend the range of Scud B rockets used by Iraq in the 1991 Gulf war. Prosecutors also accuse the three of assisting Libya with its own arms programme by selling Libya machines that can make rocket components. Dietrich Hinze, 55, Peter Huetten, 62, and Helmut Beumer, 51, are on trial in Muenster state court for allegedly breaking Germany's weapons control law. The men, former employees of the now bankrupt H and H Metallform company of Drensteinfurt near Munster, are accused of selling to Iraq parts used in the construction of medium-range Scud B rockets for artillery systems. Iraq fired Scud B rockets at Israel several times during the Gulf war.

Haiti premier threatens to quit

PORT-AU-PRINCE (AP) — Haiti's embattled civilian prime minister threatened Wednesday to quit in 10 days if Haiti's army and police chiefs refuse to leave as required by a U.N.-brokered peace plan.

Prime Minister Robert Malval's comments added even more pressure to international mediators trying to push through the plan to return exiled Jean-Bertrand Aristide on Oct. 30.

Earlier Wednesday, a leading parliamentarian said lawmakers could not complete work on the plan in time, but a U.S. spokesman insisted the plan was "still not dead."

Mr. Malval, in an interview with private radio Tropic FM. said he had spoken with Mr. Aristide on Tuesday night, and the exiled president said he could not come back Oct. 30 with coup leaders Lieutenant-General Raoul Cedras and the chief of the army's police division, Lieutenant-Colonel Joseph Michel Francois, in

The radio said Mr. Malval would quit if Mr. Aristide was not back by then and Gen. Cedras and Col. François had not stepped down. An aide to Mr. Malval, speaking on condition of anonymity, confirmed

that report. "Morally, I don't want to be an accomplice of these man-oeuvres," Mr. Malval said in the radio broadcast. The aide said Mr. Malval would only consider staying on if Mr. Aristide himself extended the Oct. 30 deadline

Mr. Malval's departure could cripple international efforts to restore democracy here. He has been under considerable pressure to push Mr. Aristide for further concessions to the restive military, including a general amnesty

law instead of an Aristidedecreed amnesty for political crimes after the 1991 coup.

U.S. spokesman Stanley Schrager said Gen. Cedras and Col. Francois have also demanded Mr. Malvala change his cabinet to include four coup supporters.

President Bill Clinton called Mr. Malval a "good citizen" on Thursday, hours before Mr. Malval's justice minister was assassinated by gunmen in the latest attack on supporters of democracy. Mr. Schrager said Wednesday that a U.S. military plane was flying in armoured vehicles to help with Mr. Malval's security.

Only oil and weapons are banned to Haiti, but the architect of the U.N. effort to restore democracy here says the two-day-old international blockade will effectively shut down this nation's commerce. The United States, with six

navy warships and at least 10 coast guard vessels off Haiti, stopped and searched a ship carrying cement to the Haitian port of Miragoane on Tuesday. The freighter was allowed to pass but the ship's captain chose to bypass Haiti.

The embargo, which was reinstated Tuesday is intended to pressure Gen. Cedras to rield power to Mr. Aristide, Haiti's first democratically elected leadeт.

Haiti, the poorest country in the Western hemisphere, has lost an estimated 150,000 jobs since the 1991 military coup ousted Mr. Aristide and U.N. sanctions were imposed. Exports dropped and gross domestic product shrank.

The embargo was lifted in July when Gen. Cedras signed the U.N.-brokered accord to reinstate Mr. Aristide, but reimposed Tuesday when Gen. Cedras again balked.

World Bank sets up trust funds for Gaza

WASHINGTON (R) - The World Bank has established two trust funds totalling \$85 million to assist critically needed development in the West Bank and Gaza.

The bank action, which had been anticipated, is the latest move following the historic agreement between Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO).

programmes, which the trust. funds will finance, have the potential to quickly improve conditions of life in the occupied territories, thereby fostering world peace and prosper-World Bank Vice President Caio Koch-Weser said in a statement.

The bank said a \$50 million trust fund drawn from bank surplus and administered by the International Development Association (IDA), the affiliate that helps the poorest countries, is aimed at supporting an emergency rehabilitation programme for Gaza.

The objective of a separate \$35 million trust fund will be to provide technical assistance and to finance studies in the occupied territories. The bank said approval of the IDA funding has opened the way for it to hold discussions with officials in Gaza on assistance programmes which must then be approved by the executive board.

The \$35 million fund, for which bilateral, multilateral and other donor contributions has been mobilised, is to finance feasibility studies for technical assistance and the establishment of basic institutions in the territories.

About \$30 million from international donors have been committed to date, while the bank's own contribution makes up the rest, it said.

Assistance for the territories, aimed at backing the political agreement with financial muscle, was a focus last month of the annual meeting of the International Monetary Fund and World Bank. The financial needs of the

region is open to some dispute with some economists arguing that public and private investment would need to amount to \$20 billion over the longer

Palestinian majority would vote pro-peace

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (R) - A poil released Tuesday said a plurality of Palestinians in the occupied territories would vote for groups that support an Israeli-Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) peace accord in elections for an administrative council.

The survey by the Indepen-dent Centre for Palestine Research and Studies (CPRS) based in the West Bank also found almost 70 per cent of those questioned ranked hopes for jobs and fears of violence as their chief concerns during transition to self-rule. Conducted in early October.

the poll was the first to explore Palestinian voting patterns since the signing of the peace accord in Washington on Sept.

The accord outlined limited self-rule for the two million Palestinians in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip and mandated elections by July 13. 1994 for a council to run the five-year interim period.

The poll found that if the

elections were held today, 48.9 per cent would vote for PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat's Fateh faction or other groups that support the peace deal. It said 24.4 per cent would

vote for the Islamic Resistance

Movement Hamas, chief oppo-

nent of the peace accord, or

other rejectionist groups. But 11.8 per cent said they would vote for independent candidates and 14.9 per cent for "others."

Fateh alone would garner 44.7 per cent of the vote and Hamas 13.3 per cent. The poll showed 35.5 per cent of respondents rated iob

availability and higher standards of living as their top concerns and 33.5 per cent said they worried most about internal Palestinian violence during transition to self-rule. It said 13.6 per cent rated as

their highest concern repression of opposition groups by a future Palestinian authority and 10.3 per cent worried most about erosion of religion and morality.

Despite Hamas opposition to the accord, there has been talk recently that it might run in the elections.

The survey found 68.4 per cent of those questioned would actually vote in the elections. almost 20 per cent more than those who said they would vote for pro-peace groups.

CPRS said a random sample of 1,259 Palestinians over the age of 18 were questioned in face-to-face interviews throughout the territories and the survey had a three per cent margin of error.

Palestinians will not push for Course lifting of boycott of Israel

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (AP) - Palestinians will not prod Arab states to end their trade boycott of Israel unless Israel lifts its closure of the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip, a Palestinian peace

negotiator said Wednesday. The delegate, Samir Abdullah, a top Palestinian economist, suggested that the Palestinians would also use the boycott as a bargaining chip to win Israeli concessions on other issues. He did not specify which ones.

Leading Israeli industrialist Dan Proper, meanwhile, said that with the Middle East peace talks in high gear, the boycott has become an anachronism, and that he expected several of the Gulf states to begin open trade with Israel "very soon.

Mr. Proper said the Arab boycott costs Israeli industry several hundred million dollars a year in lost business. He said several Israeli business people are "looking for opportunities in the Gulf states, and although these things are still done behind closed doors, I believe these doors will open

very soon."
Mr. Proper said that the

peace process has opened new markets for Israel and was largely responsible for an economic growth of 3.5 per cent and export growth of 17 per cent this year.

Mr. Proper said Israeli companies should be allowed to participate in large regional projects expected to be launched in the Middle East with the signing of peace treaties. such as new highways.

Dr. Abdullah and Mr. Proper, head of the Israeli manufacturers association, spoke at a rare joint news conference in Jerusalem. Dr. Abdullah said Israel

should raise its quota for Palestinian workers to 120,000. or about one-third of the Palestinian labour force. Israel had slashed the number of work permits to 50,000 when it ciosed the territories in march following a wave of attacks on

He said the Palestinian economy needed more than five years to find jobs in the occupied lands, where unemployment ranges between 30 and 50 per cent.

Dτ. Abdullah said Palestinians can not be expected to side with Israel on the Arab

boycott issue until the closure is lifted. "Since we are facing a boycott from our neighbour (Israel) at the moment, we can't fight against the Arab boycott," he said.

An Arab League boycott committee meeting is scheduled for Damascus Oct. 24. and Israeli officials suggested it will discuss tightening the

"The boycott is one of the most tangible symbols of the Arab World's refusal to recognise Israel's right to exist," said Harry Wall, head of the Israel office of the anti-Defamation League, a U.S.-based Jewish lobbying group.

He said at least two U.S. companies had been added to the boycott list recently despite the peace process.

He said this was unfair because Israel was actively campaigning for foreign investment and economic aid to help the Palestinians establish selfrule in the occupied lands.
"Israel is helping to promote

investments for the Palestinians. It's absurb that this happens while the boycott is still being conducted." he said.

Prince Abdullah Bridge under study

By John Halaby The Associated Press

AMMAN - Jordanians and Palestinians are studying a plan to reopen a bridge across the River Jordan to serve as the key link between a Palestinian autonomous area and the outside world, officials said Wednesday.

The Prince Abdullah Bridge, built in 1960, is the southernmost crossing before the river pours into the Dead Sea. It was closed when Israel seized the West Bank from Jordan in the 1967 Middle East

The bridge, suitable for vehicle traffic, is part of a major highway between Amman and the West Bank town of Jericho, which is expected to be the headquarters for Palestinian autonomy envisaged under the Sept. 13 Israel-Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) accord.

A Jordanian official said a final decision was expected after Israeli and PLO negotiators reached agreement in talks in the Egyptian resort of Taba on the precise area that the Jewish

"It is premature to discuss the project before the Israelis and PLO reach agreement on how much territory around Jericho that the Israelis will hand over to the PLO," said the official, who requested

A senior PLO official. also requesting anonymity, said Israel was offering only 27 square kilometres around Jericho while the Palestinians were seeking 340 square

kilometres of territory.

The issue was expected to be on the table at Taba, where Israel and PLO officials were meeting Wednesday to discuss the implementation of the autonomy agreement, which went effect Oct. 13.

Under the accord, Israel is expected to begin withdrawal from the occupied Gaza Strip and Jericho on Dec. 13. The PLO official said Israel

had made improvements on a stretch of the Amman-Jericho road on the western side of the river and linked it with the main Jericho-Bethlehem high-

The bridge is located near Jesus Christ was hantised.

They admitted to being

members of the Hezb Al

Tahrir Al Islami and that the

party did advocate the estab-

caliphate-style state, but be-

lieved that Jordan was not the

ideal country to launch the

They also denied that Hezb

Al Tahrir Al Islami, which was

established in 1951 in the West

Bank and opened a Jordan

chapter in 1952 before being outlawed by a 1957 ban on all

political parties, supported vio-

lence as a means to achieve its

Instead, they said, the party

believed in "persuasion and

preaching."
Mr. Khawaldeh and Mr.

Abu Rishteh were called as

witnesses by the defence in the

seven-week-old trial of the assassination plot. Ten people are being tried, two in absen-

tia, on charges of "plotting against the life of the King,"

and conspiring to rewrite the

Constitution and seize power

Five of the accused are stu-

dents of the Muta University in

the south, another is an ex-

student and a lieutenant in the

Armed Forces. The other four.

including the two fugitives, are

described as Hezb Al Tahrir Al

Islami activists who recruited

the others to execute the plot.

some of the five students were

supposed to have opened fire on the King when he was in-

specting a guard of honour at

Muta on June 26. The prosecu-

tion says the accused were

arrested in April when an in-

formant tipped off the author-

When the arrest of Mr. Kha-

waldeh and Mr. Abu Rishteh

came to light, it was believed

that they were also held in

connection with the Muta plot,

but the two Hezb Al Tahrir Al

Islami leaders told the court

Wednesday that they were

being held for membership in

According to the indictment,

through "violent means."

scheme.

lishment of an Islamic

said: "The Amman-Jericho road does away with the need for anyone to pass through anywhere else in the West Bank, including Jerusalem. and serves the Israeli purpose of separating the autonomous area from other territories."

Furthermore, he said, it would help Israeli plans to build a major highway from its Mediterranean port of Haifa to the River Jordan to serve as the main conduit into the Arab heartland through Jordan.

The upstream King Hussein Bridge currently serves as the only passenger crossing be-tween the West and East Banks of the River Jordan. The Prince Mohammad bridge, further north, is used

only for vehicular traffic. The 50-kilometre Jordanian side of the Amman-Jericho road has been rebuilt at a cost of \$37 million, partly funded by the American government. U.S. diplomats have nick-

named it "the peace road." It is now mostly used by tourists visiting the Dead Sea. and a three-kilometre stretch towards the Prince Abdullah Officials say that the area is

the spot where tradition says - bridge is off-limits for civilians. A senior European diplomat heavily sown with mines.

Hezb Al Tahrir leaders say they unaware of Muta plot them in detention.

By Dina Zorba Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN -- Two leaders of a party which is accused of masterminding a plot to assassinate His Majesty King Hussein told the State Security Court Wednesday that they had no knowledge of the affair and were being detained for belonging to an illegal political

organisation. Also on Wednesday, the three-member military tribunal presided over by Colonel Hafiz Amin rejected a defence motion to have the eight defendants in the case reexamined by independent doctors for what the defence claimed were

signs of torture. Col. Amin said the court was satisfied with the medical examination conducted on the defendants by Ministry of Health doctors and the physi-

cians could be called to testify if the defence wanted to. The court also rejected a prosecution motion against hearing the two witnesses who testified Wednesday.

The prosecution had argued that one of the witnesses, Bakr Khawaldeh was chairman of the cultural committee of the Hezb Al Tahrir Al Islami (Islamic Liberation Party), and the other Ata Abu Rishteh, was the spokesman for the party. and as such their testimonies could not be considered valid since party members were among the accused.

The court ruled that it would assess the validity of the witnesses' testimonies after hearing them.
Mr. Khawaldeh and Mr.

Abu Rishteh testified that they were detained since the third week of May because they were members of Hezb Al Tahrir Al Islami, which is not a registered political party in Jordan.

Both testified that they were not tortured in detention and Red Cross representatives were paying regular visits to

an illegal organisation.
They told the court that their party did not apply for recognition as a political group in Jordan since the 1992 law on political parties did not allow any Jordanian political party to. have external links.

They said Hezb Al Tahrir Al Islami was linked with parties of the same name "all over the world."

The objective of the defence in the case appeared to be prove that Hezb Al Tahrir Al Islami did not advocate violence as a means to serve its goals. On Tuesday, the defence called three Islamic scholars who were members of the party in the 50s to testify that the group did not espouse vio-

The three, two former ministers — Sheikh Abdul Aziz Al Khayyat and Sheikh Izzeddine Tamimi (who is the serving chief Islamic justice) - and Sheikh Assad Bayyoud Al Tamimi, leader of the Islamic Jihad-Beit Al Maqdis - told the court they quit the party in the late 50s and had not kept track of the group's activities and ideology since then.

Prosecution witnesses have testified that the five Muta students accused in the case were devout Muslims who resented the policies of the regime and that they admired Khaled Islambouli, who assussinated Egyptian President Anwar Sadat during a Cairo military parade in October

They also testified that the ex-student/army officer had recruited the five students to carry out the plot upon the instigation of the four Hezb Al Tahrir Al Islami activists accused in the case.

Evidence produced in court include Hezb Al Tahrir Al Islami books and leaflets. All defendants have pleaded

not guilty. The court continues the hearing today.

Mitterrand's dog found through TV appeal

PARIS (AP) - President François Mitterrand's black Labrador, missing for more than a month, is back home thanks to a nationally televised appeal. Atchoum, the French equivalent of the sneezing sound "achoo," bolted past central Paris several weeks ago. He was found by a tour guards at the Elysee Palace in animal association and placed in a pound. But Atchoum didn't stay there for long. Smitten by his good breeding and refined demeanor, a woman quickly adopted him and took him to her apartment in northern Paris. After several attempts to locate him failed. the Mitterrands contacted "30" Million Friends," a prime-time animal show broadcast every Saturday by TF1, France's No. 1 channel. The woman, who was not identified, immediately recognised her new dog as the lost presidential pet and alerted the channel after the show last weekend. According to French radio reports Danielle Mitterrandi herself went to get Atchoum. The. dog's would-be adopted ಕ್ಷಣ ಸಿನಿ ೮ ್ ನ mother has since been rewarded with a new dog.

Top students admit they cheat in school

WASHINGTON (AP) -Cheating is pervasive among the nation's top high school students, according to a survey of juniors and seniors with least A B average. Nearly 80: per cent admitted some dishonesty, such as copying someone else's homework or cheating on an exam. The survey by Sees 50 112 11 Who's Who Among American : 122 High School Students covered a wide range of topics and found that principals have a lot more to worry about than providing students a good education. "High school is a very dangerous place today," Paul Krouse, the Who's Who publisher, said. The 24th annual survey of high achievers, completed during the 1992-93 academic year found that among the 1,975 students questioned: One in five of the females had been a victim of a sexual assault, in most instances by someone she knew. In one-third of the cases, the assailant was another students one in three knows someone who has brought a weapon to school; forty-two per cent of the males have access to one or more firearms; more than half reported frequent fights between students. Five per cent said there had been a shooting on school grounds, and 7.3 per cent 'reported a knife fight; one-third considered suicide. The survey also found the. teens had a "startling lack of responsibility about their

physical welfare. Child abuse cases States on rise in U.S.

CHICAGO (R) — Child abuse is rising in the United State with the latest statistics showing 2.5 million abuse cases: reported to family service agencies in 1991, a report published Tuesday by the American Medical Association occurred at a rate of 42 per 1,000 children, reflecting an increase in reported cases since: 1980, the AMA's Council of Scientific Affairs said. Onequarter of those child-abuse victim were adolescents between the ages of 12 and 17. years old, according to the report entitled "adolescents as victims of family violence."
The AMA urged doctors to screen their child patients forsigns of violence or maltreat-

Seoul envoy carless in Moscow:

SEOUL (R) — South Korea's the embassy in Moscow is stepping up security after the ambassador had two cars stolen within five days, Yonhap News Agency reported Wednesday. Ambassador Kim Suk-Kyu's Mercedes 300 was stolen last Wednesday while he was having lunch at home. The Russian driver had left the car unattended for only five minutes. Yonhap said. Mr. Kim started using a second embassy Mercedes which was stolen : Sunday while parked for five sunday white a fast-foot resminutes outside a fast-foot restaurant, the agency reported. official as saying there was a strong possibility the thefts were carried out to embarrage and harm South Korea. He did not elaborate.

